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Analogue Panel Meters

Shunts

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Clamp Meters

Insulation Testers

ND40 POWER NETWORK ANALYZER

User Manual - Issue 1.0

SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

This manual superseded all previous versions – please keep for future reference

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1. General Specification

ND40 Analyzer is designed for the measurement and analysis of three-phase, 3- or 4-wire power network parameters in balanced or unbalanced systems.

Complete set of the Analyzer includes:

- | | |
|--|-------|
| • ND40 Meter | 1 pc |
| • User's Manual - Quick Start | 1 pc |
| • mounting brackets to fix the device in the panel | 4 pcs |
| • key | 1 pc |
| • warranty card | 1 pc |
| • CD with software | 1 pc |

1.1. Features of the Device

- measurement and recording of energy quality parameters according to EN 50160 standard.
- intuitive operation of the device using a touch screen and graphical user interface based on Linux.
- color touch screen LCD TFT 5,6", 640x480 pixels
- communication interfaces : Ethernet 10/100 Base-T, Modbus TCP/IP Slave, RS-485 Modbus Slave
- all phases are separated
- IP65 casing protection on the user's side
- selection of the time zone, automatic adjustment for Daylight Saving Time, synchronization with time server
- data archiving on an SD card
- WWW server, FTP server
- logs of decays, dips, swells, alarms and audits
- Firmware update option
- language choice Polish/English
- Dedicated visualization in the form of the following displays, among others: digital, analog, harmonics, vector diagrams, trends, waveform records

Measured parameters :

Voltage measurements	Parameters measured with aggregation of 200 ms	
	RMS:	Urms L1, Urms L2, Urms L3, Uavg L123.
	Basic RMS:	Ufund L1, Ufund L2, Ufund L3, Ufavg L123.
	Phase-to-phase:	Umf L1-2, Umf L2-3, Umf L3-1, Umf avg L123.
	Asymmetry:	Vunb.
	Half wave	Uhalf1 L1 ... Uhalf24 L1, Uhalf1 L2 ... Uhalf24 L2, Uhalf1 L3 ... Uhalf24 L3.
	Parameters measured with aggregation of 1 s	
	RMS:	Urms L1, Urms L2, Urms L3, Uavg L123.
	Basic RMS:	Ufund L1, Ufund L2, Ufund L3, Ufavg L123.
	Phase-to-phase:	Umf L1-2, Umf L2-3, Umf L3-1, Umf avg L123.
	Asymmetry:	Vunb.
	Harmonics:	Har1 UL1 ... Har51 UL1, Har1 UL2 ... Har51 UL2, Har1 UL3 ... Har51 UL3.
	Distortion factor:	THD U L1, THD U L2, THD U L3, THD Uavg L123.
	Distortion factor of Harmonic Groups:	THDS U L1, THDS U L2, THDS U L3, THDS Uavg L123.
	Distortion factor of Harmonic Sub-groups:	THDG U L1, THDG U L2, THDG U L3, THDG Uavg L123.
	Partially weighted distortion factor:	PWHD U L1, PWHD U L2, PWHD U L3, PWHD Uavg L123.
	Parameters measured with aggregation of 3 s	
	RMS:	Urms L1, Urms L2, Urms L3, Uavg L123.
	Basic RMS:	Ufund L1, Ufund L2, Ufund L3, Ufavg L123.
	Phase-to-phase:	Umf L1-2, Umf L2-3, Umf L3-1, Umf avg L123.
	Asymmetry:	Vunb.
	Parameters measured with aggregation of 10 min.	
	RMS:	Urms L1, Urms L2, Urms L3, Uavg L123.
	Basic RMS:	Ufund L1, Ufund L2, Ufund L3, Ufavg L123.
	Phase-to-phase:	Umf L1-2, Umf L2-3, Umf L3-1, Umf avg L123.
	Asymmetry:	Vunb.
	Parameters measured with aggregation of 2 hours	
	RMS:	Urms L1, Urms L2, Urms L3, Uavg L123.
	Basic RMS:	Ufund L1, Ufund L2, Ufund L3, Ufavg L123.
	Phase-to-phase:	Umf L1-2, Umf L2-3, Umf L3-1, Umf avg L123.
	Asymmetry:	Vunb.
	Averaged values for 15 min, 30 min or 1 hour	
	Demand	U Demand
Current measurements	Parameters measured with aggregation of 200 ms	
	RMS:	Irms L1, Irms L2, Irms L3, Iavg L123.
	Neutral:	In.
	Calculated neutral:	INC.

	Parameters measured with aggregation of 1 s	
	RMS:	Irms L1, Irms L2, Irms L3, Iavg L123.
	Neutral:	In.
	Calculated neutral:	INC.
	Harmonics:	Har1 IL1 ... Har51 IL1, Har1 IL2 ... Har51 IL2, Har1 IL3 ... Har51 IL3.
	Distortion factor:	THD I L1, THD I L2, THD I L3, THD Iavg L123.
	Distortion factor of Harmonic Groups:	THDS I L1, THDS I L2, THDS I L3, THDS Iavg L123.
	Distortion factor of Harmonic Sub-groups:	THDG I L1, THDG I L2, THDG I L3, THDG Iavg L123.
	Partially weighted distortion factor:	PWHD I L1, PWHD I L2, PWHD I L3, PWHD Iavg L123.
	Parameters measured with aggregation of 3 s	
	RMS:	Irms L1, Irms L2, Irms L3, Iavg L123.
	Neutral:	IN.
	Calculated neutral:	INC.
	Parameters measured with aggregation of 10 min.	
	RMS:	Irms L1, Irms L2, Irms L3, Iavg L123.
	Neutral:	In.
	Calculated neutral:	INC.
	Parameters measured with aggregation of 2 hours	
	RMS:	Irms L1, Irms L2, Irms L3, Iavg L123.
	Neutral:	In.
	Calculated neutral:	INC.
	Averaged values for 15 min, 30 min or 1 hour	
	Demand	U Demand
Power and energy measurements	Parameters measured with aggregation of 200 ms	
	Active imported energy	EnP+ L1, EnP+ L2, EnP+ L3, $\sum$ EnP+ L123.
	Active exported energy	EnP- L1, EnP- L2, EnP- L3, $\sum$ EnP- L123.
	Reactive inductive energy	EnQ $\times$ L1, EnQ $\times$ L2, EnQ $\times$ L3, $\sum$ EnQ $\times$ L123.
	Reactive capacity energy	EnQ- $\div$ L1, EnQ- $\div$ L2, EnQ- $\div$ L3, $\sum$ EnQ- $\div$ L123.
	Apparent energy	EnS L1, EnS L2, EnS L3, $\sum$ EnS L123.
	Active power	P L1, P L2, P L3, Pavg L123, $\sum$ P L123.
	Reactive power	Q L1, Q L2, Q L3, Qavg L123, $\sum$ Q L123.
	Apparent power	S L1, S L2, S L3, Savg L123, $\sum$ S L123.
	Parameters measured with aggregation of 1 s	
	Active power	P L1, P L2, P L3, Pavg L123, $\sum$ P L123.
	Reactive power	Q L1, Q L2, Q L3, Qavg L123, $\sum$ Q L123.
	Apparent power	S L1, S L2, S L3, Savg L123, $\sum$ S L123.
	Parameters measured with aggregation of 3 s	

	Active power	P L1, P L2, P L3, Pavg L123, $\sum P$ L123.
	Reactive power	Q L1, Q L2, Q L3, Qavg L123, $\sum Q$ L123.
	Apparent power	S L1, S L2, S L3, Savg L123, $\sum S$ L123.
	Parameters measured with aggregation of 10 min.	
	Active power	P L1, P L2, P L3, Pavg L123, $\sum P$ L123.
	Reactive power	Q L1, Q L2, Q L3, Qavg L123, $\sum Q$ L123.
	Apparent power	S L1, S L2, S L3, Savg L123, $\sum S$ L123.
	Parameters measured with aggregation of 2 hours	
	Active power	P L1, P L2, P L3, Pavg L123, $\sum P$ L123.
	Reactive power	Q L1, Q L2, Q L3, Qavg L123, $\sum Q$ L123.
	Apparent power	S L1, S L2, S L3, Savg L123, $\sum S$ L123.
	Averaged values for 15 min, 30 min or 1 hour	
	Demand	P Demand, Q Demand, S Demand.
	Parameters measured with aggregation of 200 ms	
Other parameters	Power distortion factor:	dPF L1, dPF L2, dPF L3, dPFavg L123.
	Active power factor:	PF L1, PF L2, PF L3, PFavg L123.
	tgφ factor:	tgφ L1, tgφ L2, tgφ L3, tgφavg L123.
	The angle between the voltage and current:	φ L1, φ L2, φ L3, φavg L123.
	Voltage phase-to-phase angle:	α U L1-2, α U L2-3, α U L3-1.
	Parameters measured with aggregation of 1 s	
	Power distortion factor:	dPF L1, dPF L2, dPF L3, dPFavg L123.
	Active power factor:	PF L1, PF L2, PF L3, PFavg L123.
	tgφ factor:	tgφ L1, tgφ L2, tgφ L3, tgφavg L123.
	The angle between the voltage and current:	φ L1, φ L2, φ L3, φavg L123.
	Voltage phase-to-phase angle:	α U L1-2, α U L2-3, α U L3-1.
	Frequency	f
	Parameters measured with aggregation of 3 s	
	Power distortion factor:	dPF L1, dPF L2, dPF L3, dPFavg L123.
	Active power factor:	PF L1, PF L2, PF L3, PFavg L123.
	tgφ factor:	tgφ L1, tgφ L2, tgφ L3, tgφavg L123.
	The angle between the voltage and current:	φ L1, φ L2, φ L3, φavg L123.
	Voltage phase-to-phase angle:	α U L1-2, α U L2-3, α U L3-1.
	Parameters measured with aggregation of 10 s	
	Frequency	f
	Parameters measured with aggregation of 10 min.	
	Power distortion factor:	dPF L1, dPF L2, dPF L3, dPFavg L123.
	Active power factor:	PF L1, PF L2, PF L3, PFavg L123.
	tgφ factor:	tgφ L1, tgφ L2, tgφ L3, tgφavg L123.
	The angle between the voltage and current:	φ L1, φ L2, φ L3, φavg L123.

	Voltage phase-to-phase angle:	$\angle U_{L1-2}, \angle U_{L2-3}, \angle U_{L3-1}$.
	Parameters measured with aggregation of 2 hours	
	Power distortion factor:	dPF L1, dPF L2, dPF L3, dPFavg L123.
	Active power factor:	PF L1, PF L2, PF L3, PFavg L123.
	tg ϕ factor:	tg ϕ L1, tg ϕ L2, tg ϕ L3, tg ϕ avg L123.
	The angle between the voltage and current:	ϕ L1, ϕ L2, ϕ L3, ϕ avg L123.
	Voltage phase-to-phase angle:	$\angle U_{L1-2}, \angle U_{L2-3}, \angle U_{L3-1}$.
	Parameters measured with aggregation of 1 s	
	Temperature / Resistance	T1, T2.

1.1.1. Operational safety

Caution! Removal of the meter casing during the warranty period voids the warranty.

- The assembly and the installation of the electrical connections may be carried out only by a duly qualified electrician.
- Always check the connections before turning the meter on.
- Prior to removing the analyzer casing, always turn the supply off and disconnect the measurement circuits.
- The device is intended for installation and use in industrial electromagnetic environments.
- A switch or a circuit-breaker should be installed in the building or facility. It should be located near the device, easily accessible to the operator, and suitably marked.

1.2.1. Connection diagrams

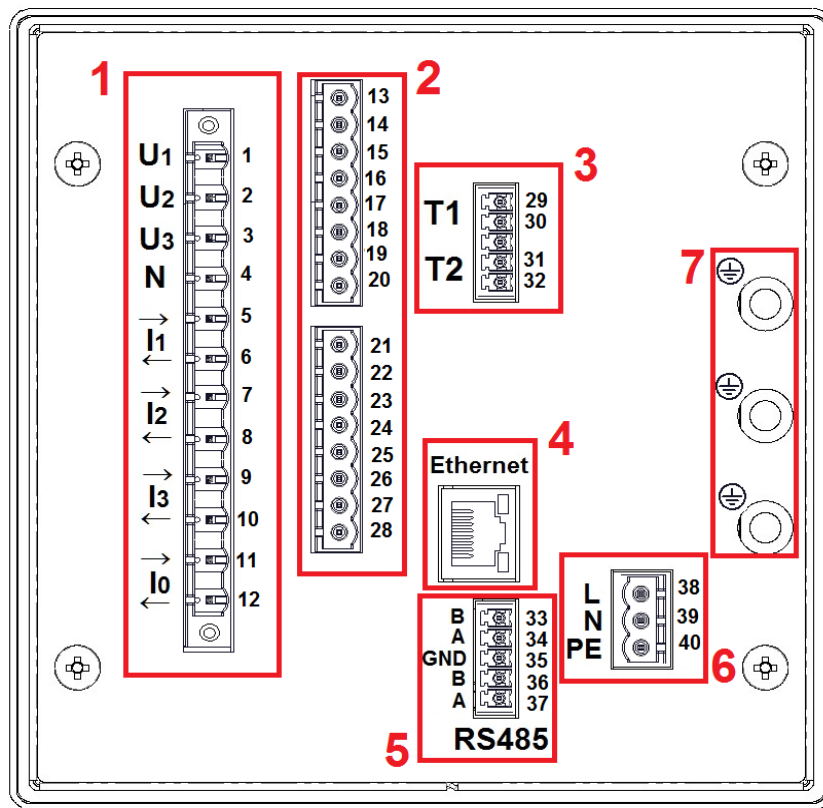


Fig. 1. Terminal plate.

Component	Description
1	Measurement output of electrical parameters.
2	Additional inputs/outputs - optional equipment depending on ND40 execution code. There are relay outputs, binary inputs and analog outputs.
3	Measurement inputs of temperature and resistance.
4	Ethernet communication interface.
5	RS 485 Modbus Slave communication interface.
6	ND40 analyzer power supply.
7	Earth terminals for screens connection.

1.2.1.1. Measurement signals

3-wire network. Direct measurement.

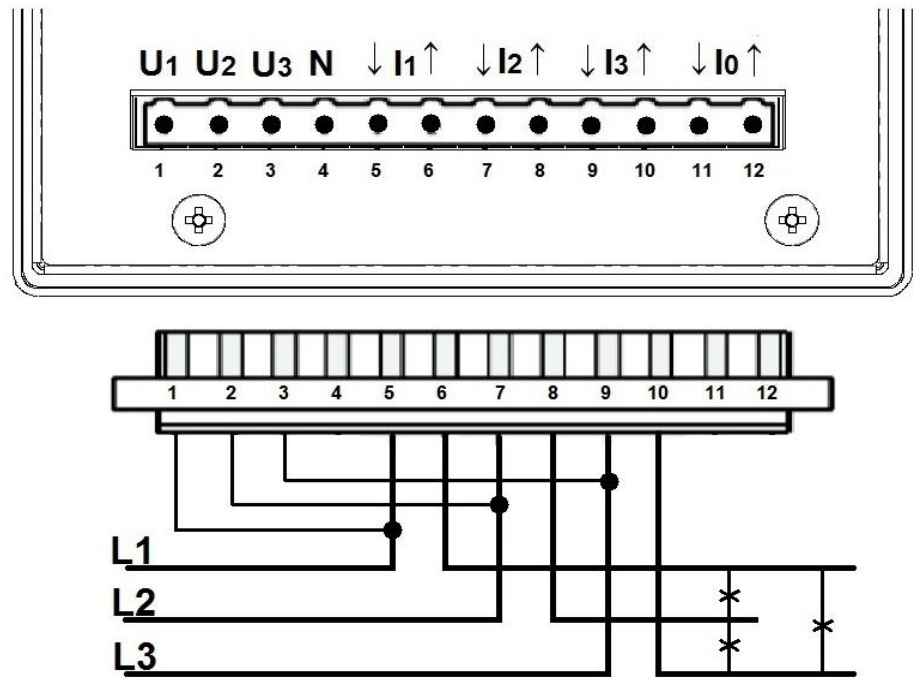


Fig. 2. Diagram - 3-wire network.

3-Wire network. Semi-indirect measurement.

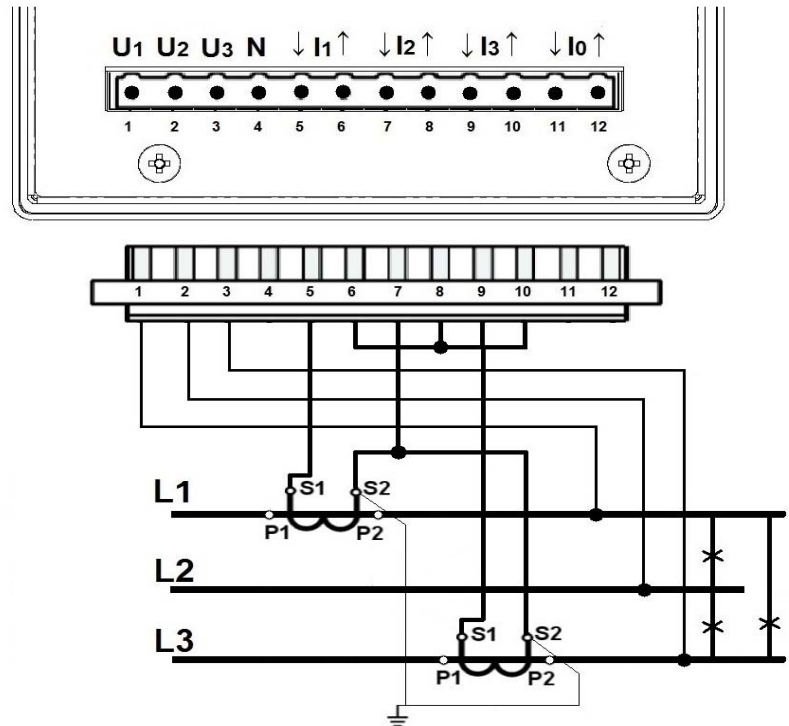


Fig. 3. Diagram - 3-wire network.

3-wire network. Indirect measurement using two current transformers and two or three voltage transformers.

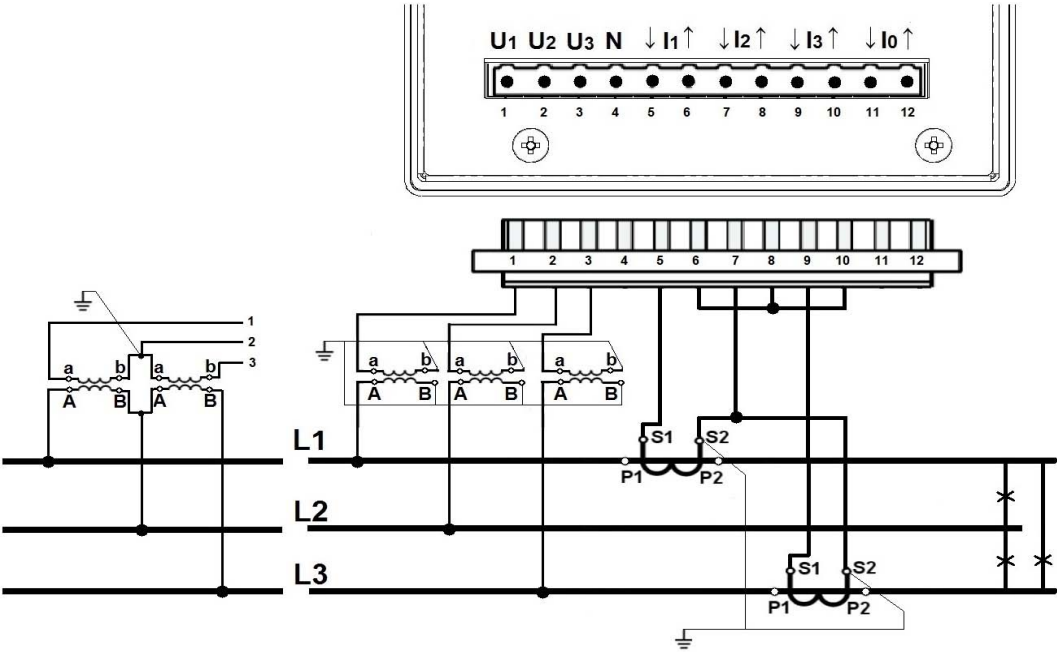


Fig. 4. Diagram - 3-wire network.

4-wire network. Direct measurement.

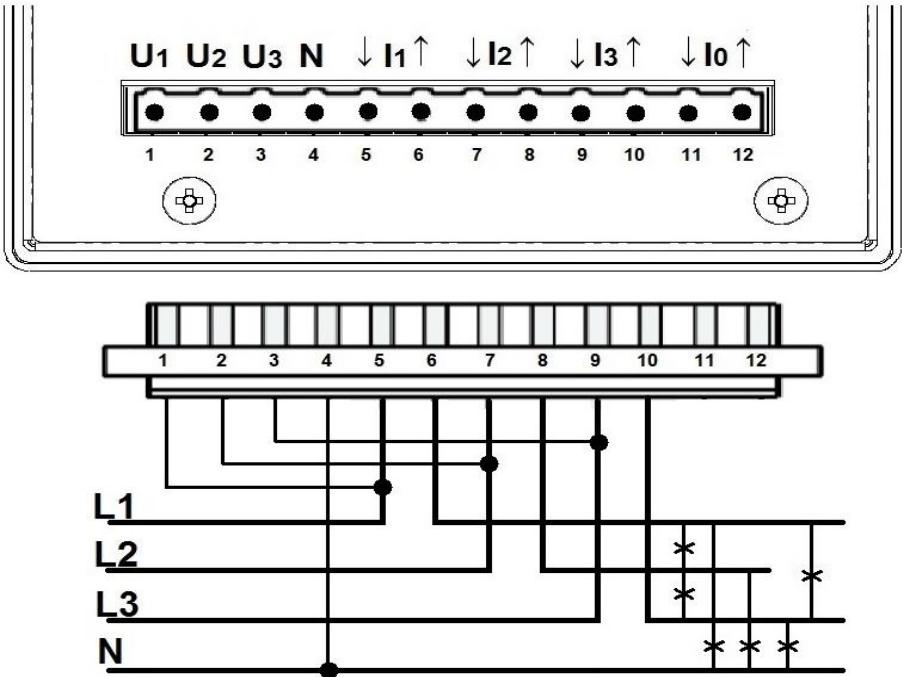


Fig. 5. Diagram - 4-wire network.

4-wire network. Semi-indirect measurement.

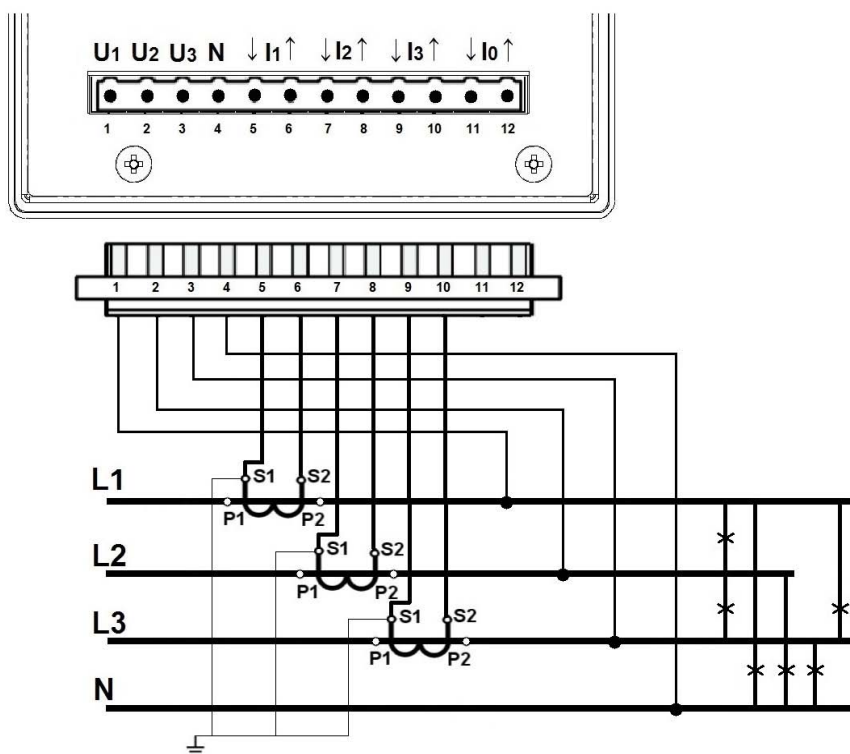


Fig. 6. Diagram - 4-wire network.

4-wire network. Semi-indirect measurement using four current transformers.

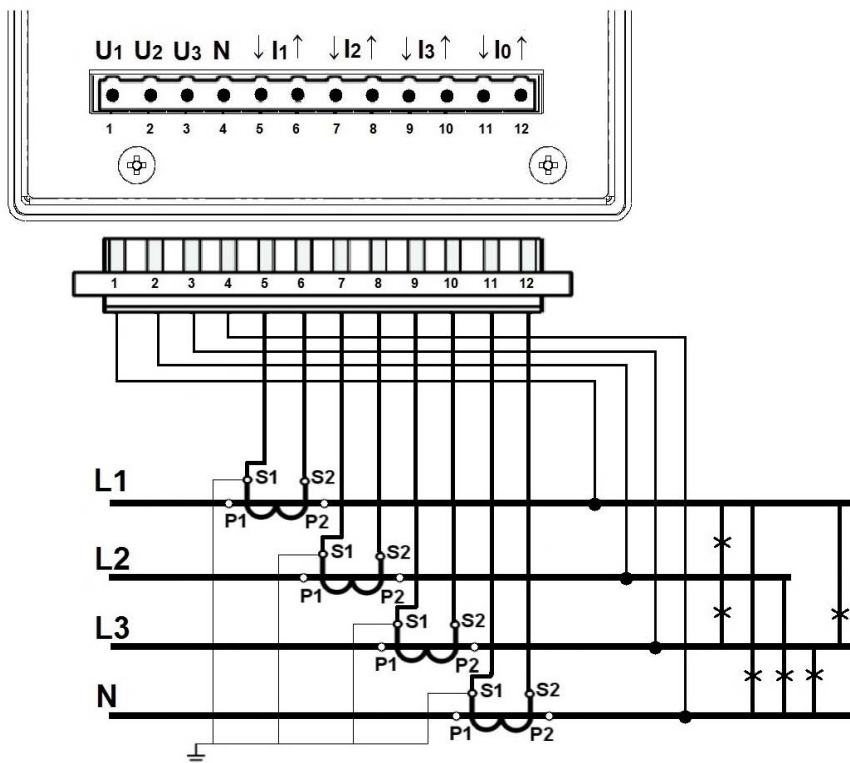


Fig. 7. Diagram - 4-wire network.

4-wire network. Indirect measurement using three current transformers and two or three voltage

transformers.

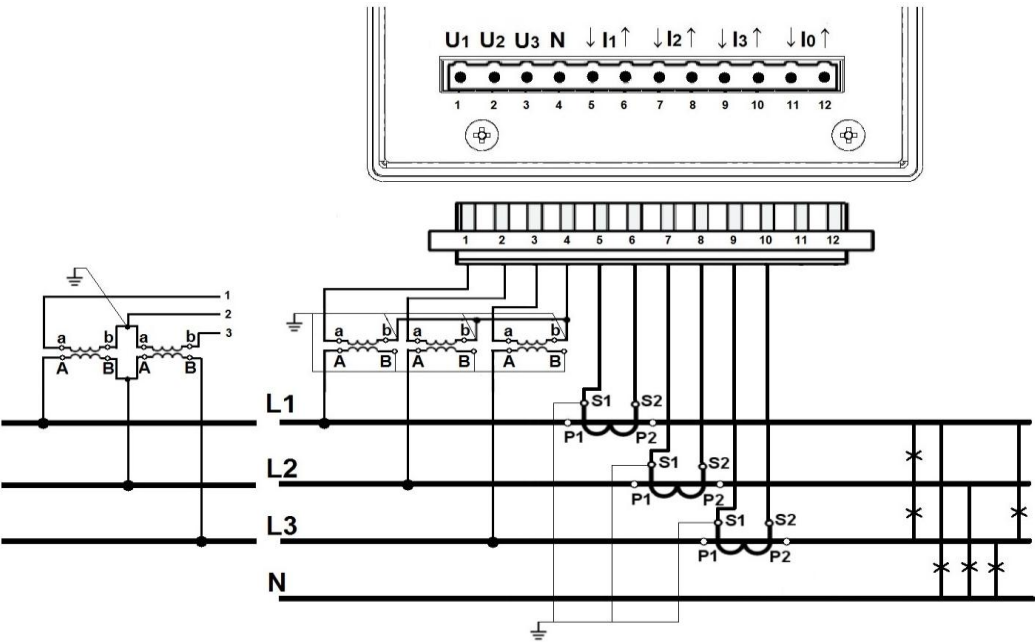


Fig. 8. Diagram - 4-wire network.

4-wire network. Indirect measurement using four current transformers and two or three voltage transformers.

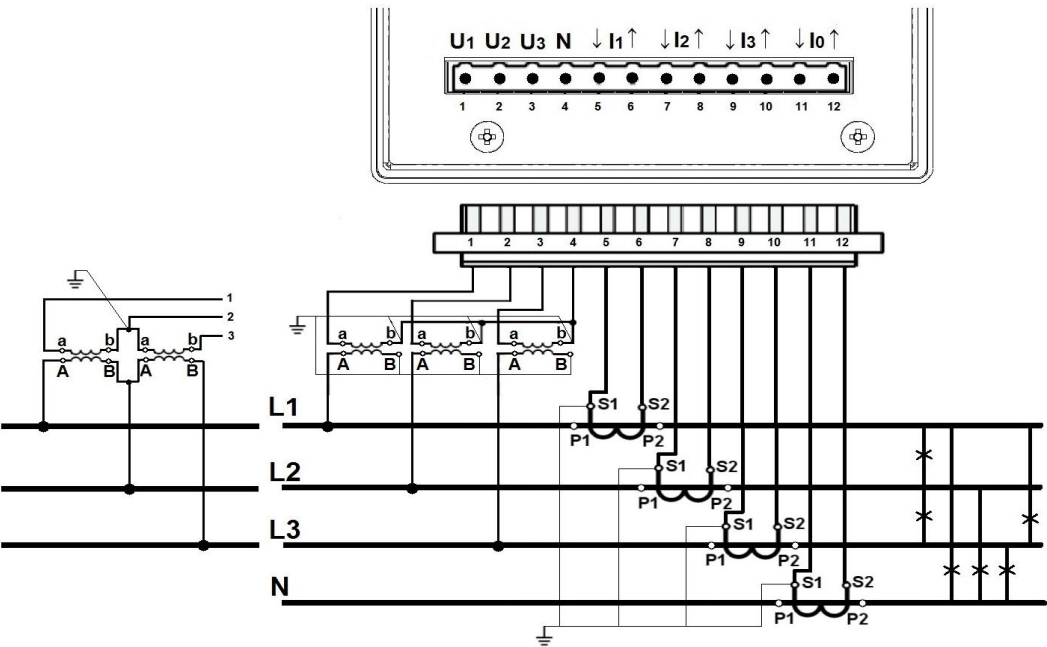


Fig. 9. Diagram - 4-wire network.

1.2.1.2. Communication interfaces

Ethernet (RJ45) socket.

To connect the meter to the hub (concentrator) or the switch, it is necessary to use a cable with 1:1 leads.

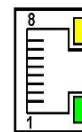
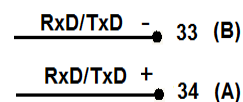


Fig. 10. Ethernet.



RS485 Interface (Slave) is assigned to terminal pairs 33-34 and 36-37.

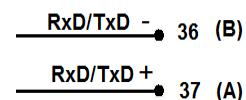


Fig. 11. Com. Interfaces

1.2.1.3. Binary inputs

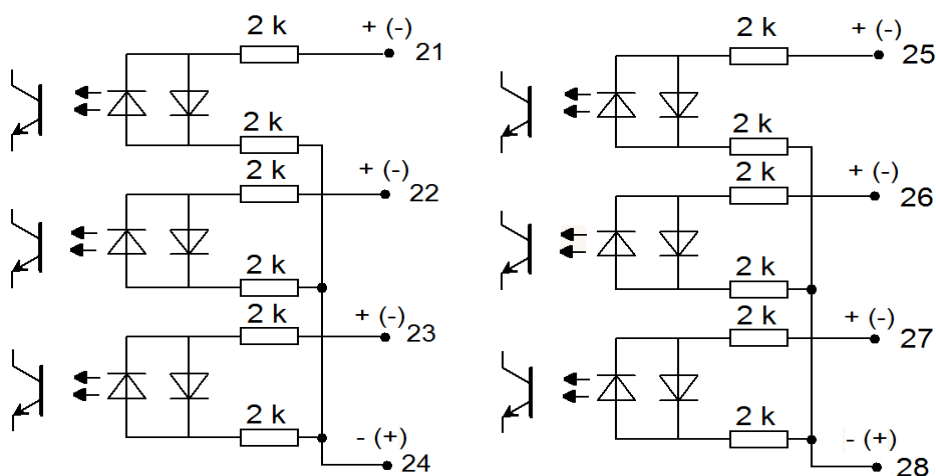


Fig. 12. Binary inputs.

Binary inputs BI 1...BI 6 are controlled by signals:

- 0 V dc – inactive binary input
- +5...24 V dc – active binary input

Where:

terminal 21 : binary input BI 1,
terminal 22 : binary input BI 2,
terminal 23 : binary input BI 3,

terminal 25 : binary input BI 4,
terminal 26 : binary input BI 5,
terminal 27 : binary input BI 6.

1.2.1.4. Relay outputs

Relay outputs configured as normally open (NO). Depending on the ordering code the meter may have 4 or 8 relay outputs.

Where:

terminals 13-14: output 1,	terminals 21-22: output 5,
terminals 15-16: output 2,	terminals 23-24: output 6,
terminals 17-18: output 3,	terminals 25-26: output 7,
terminals 19-20: output 4,	terminals 27-28: output 8.

Version with 4 relays uses the upper part of the expansion card terminal, terminals from 13 to 20.

Version with 8 relays uses the upper and lower part of the expansion card terminal, terminals from 13 to 28.

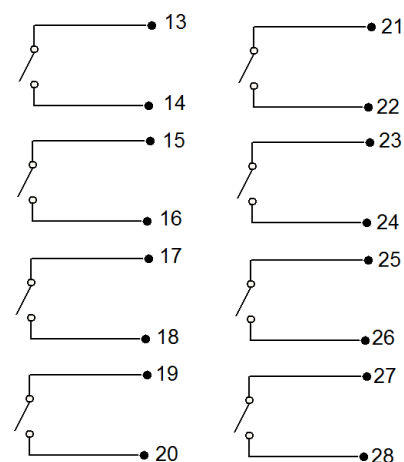


Fig. 13. Relay outputs.

1.2.1.5. Analog outputs

Version with analog inputs uses the upper part of the expansion card terminal and includes 3 pairs of terminals:

13 – 14 : analog output 1 (AO1)
16 – 17 : analog output 2 (AO2)
19 – 20 : analog output 3 (AO3)

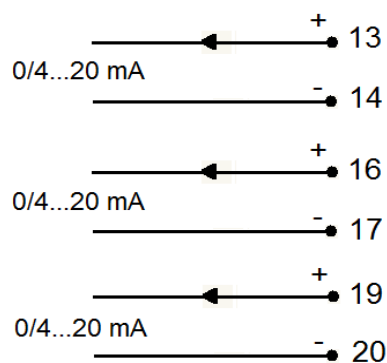


Fig. 14. Analog outputs.

1.2.2. Installation

ND40 analyzer can be fixed to a panel using mounting brackets. Casing dimensions 144 x 144 x 104 mm, mounting hole dimensions 138 x 138 mm.

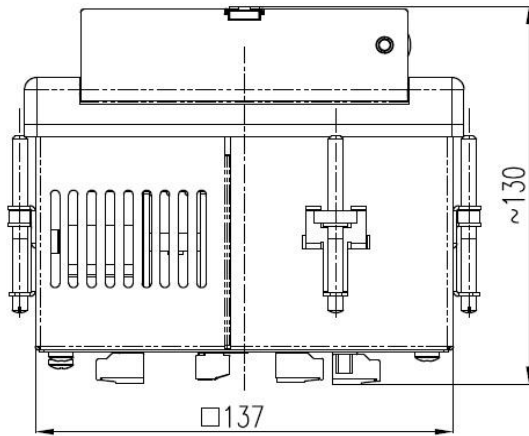


Fig. 15. Dimensions - bottom.

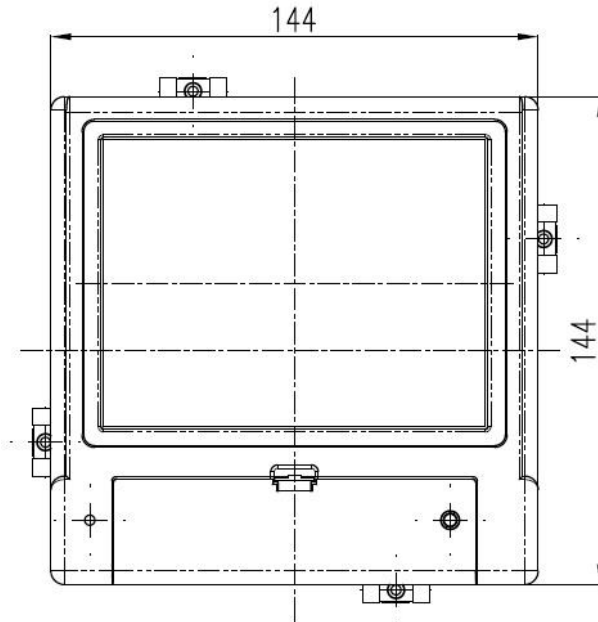


Fig. 16. Dimensions - front.

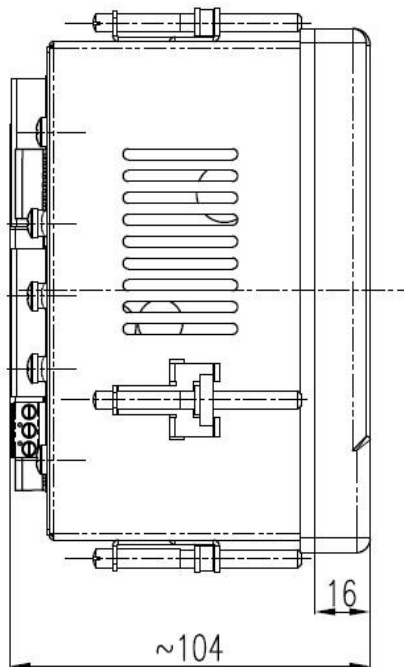


Fig. 17. Dimensions - side.

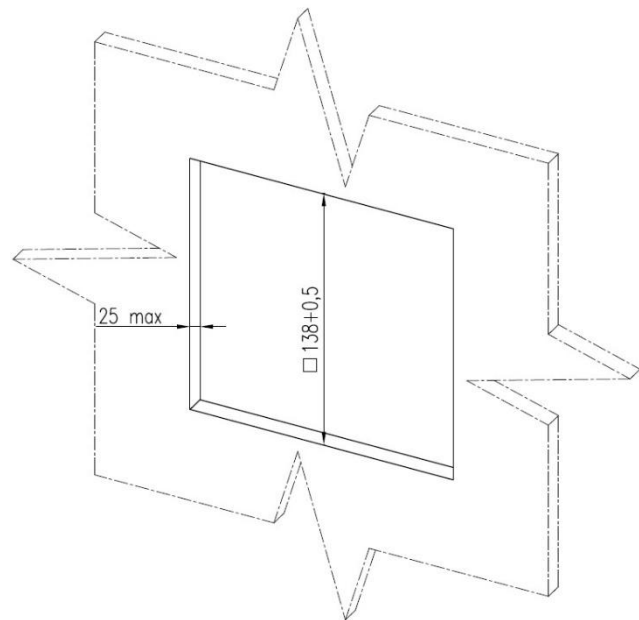
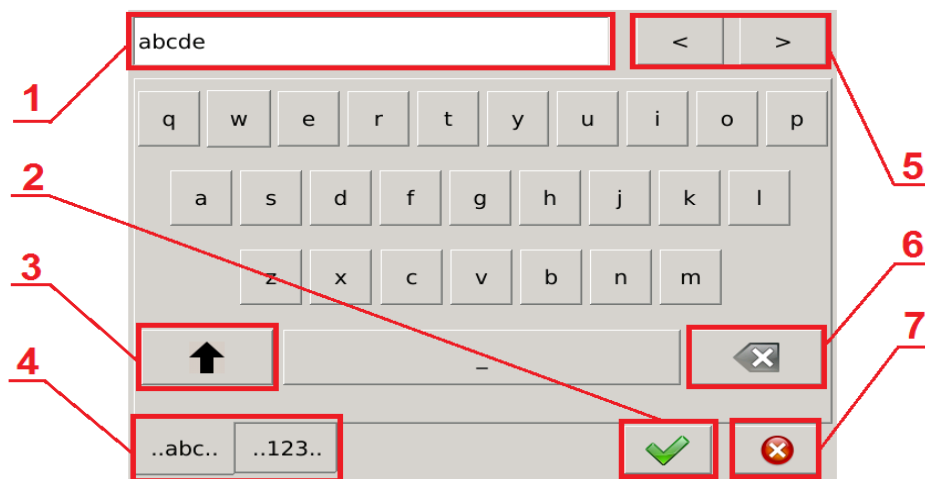


Fig. 18. Dimensions - mounting hole.

2. Operation of the device



View of the main editing dialog box allowing for modification of digits, characters or special characters. The example here allows entering characters (lowercase). Fig. 19. Dialog box - editing, lowercase.

Item	Description
1	Display of the edited item.
2	Confirmation of the entered value and closing the dialog box.
3	Switching the keyboard between lowercase and uppercase.
4	Changing tabs between the lowercase keyboard and the keyboard with digits and special characters.
5	Buttons for moving the cursor to the left or right on the screen displaying the edited item (1).
6	Deleting a single item of the screen (1) located directly behind the cursor.
7	Closing the dialog box without saving the entered value.

View of the dialog box for entering characters (uppercase).

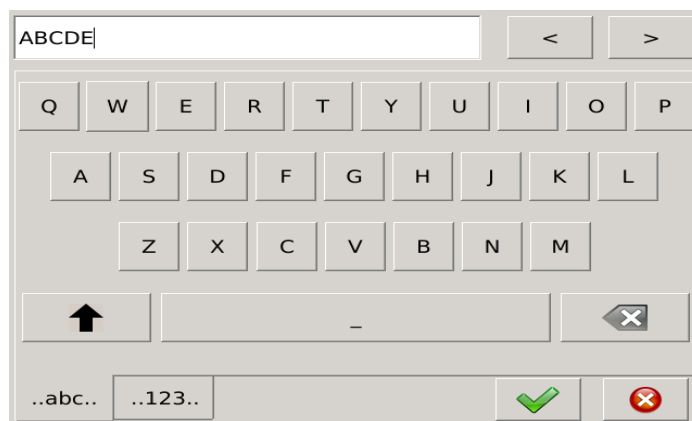


Fig. 20. Dialog box - editing, uppercase.

View of the dialog box for entering numerical values and available special characters.

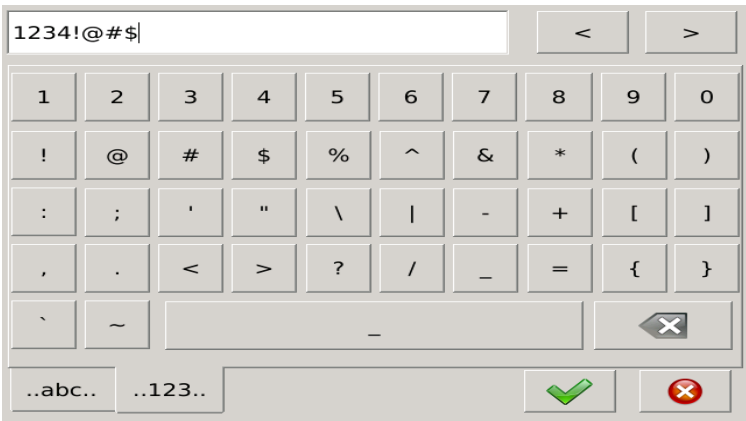


Fig. 21. Dialog box - editing, special characters.

Editor of numerical values *Fig.22*. The upper part contains a range of values which can be saved. This functionality allows users to enter the fixed-point values (example on the left) or floating point values (example on the right), deleting the entire screen displaying the edited value or a single digit.

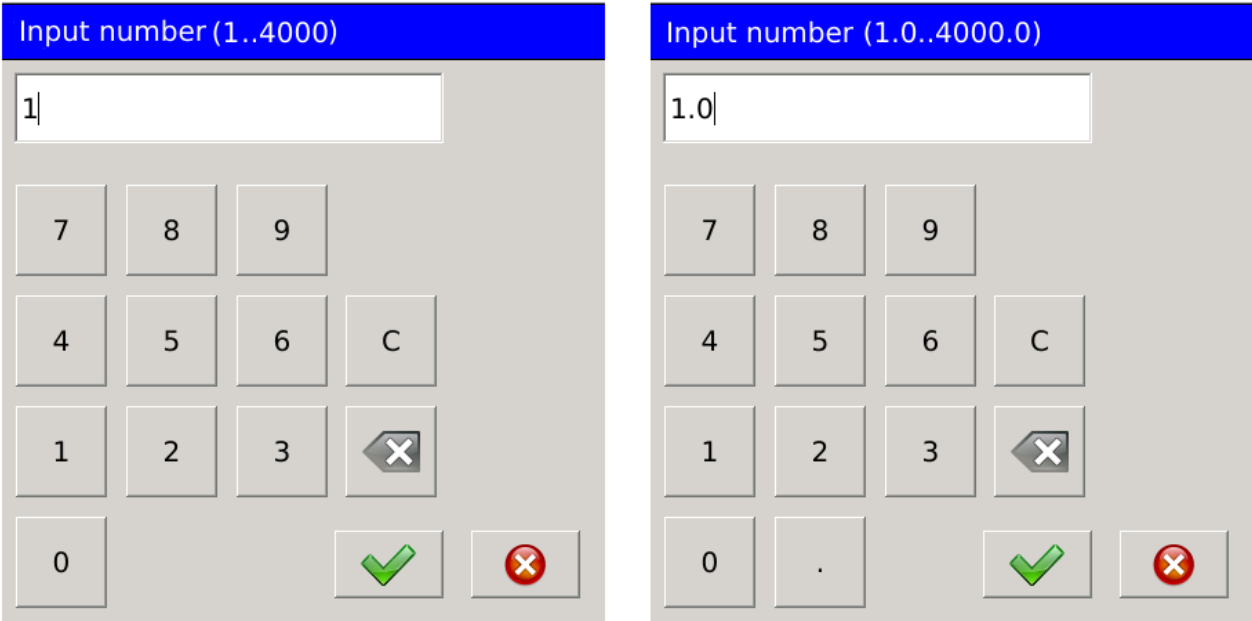


Fig. 22. Dialog box - editing, numerical values.

Multiple selection list *Fig.23* (example on the right), more than one option can be selected. To select an unselected item on the screen touch it. To cancel the selection touch the previously selected item again. Additional buttons provide the functionalities of auto-select or deselect of all the options of the list. The selection list (example on the left) allows for selection of only one of the available options.

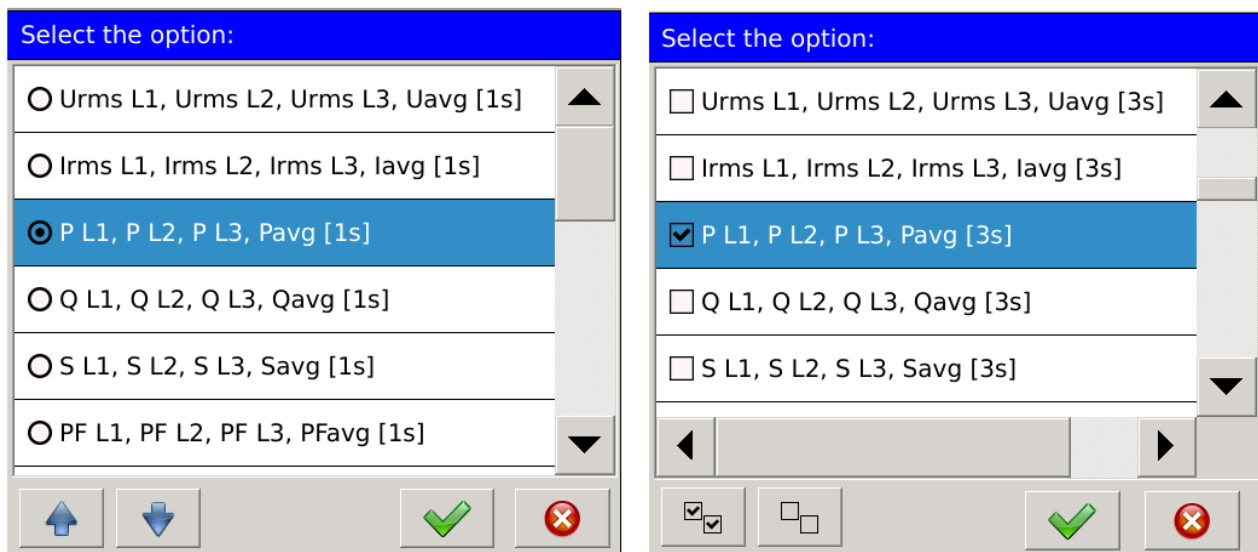


Fig. 23. Dialog box - selection, lists.

2.1. Main Screen

After starting the device the User will be redirected to the main screen Fig.24. At the start-up (for standard configuration) it will be the first screen view of digital displays showing the values aggregated with 1 s. of the individual U RMS phases and the average value.

The main screen contains elements belonging to the three groups. Access to all the elements assigned to the individual groups is possible by touching any point on the screen of the meter.

The first group consists of **navigational elements** which allow the User to change the way the measured values are presented, depending on the current configuration settings.



Fig. 24. Navigational elements.

Another group consists of **functional elements** which let the User change current settings of the meter and provide access to advanced configuration settings.



Fig. 25. Functional elements.

The last group consists of information elements which present the data available to the User.

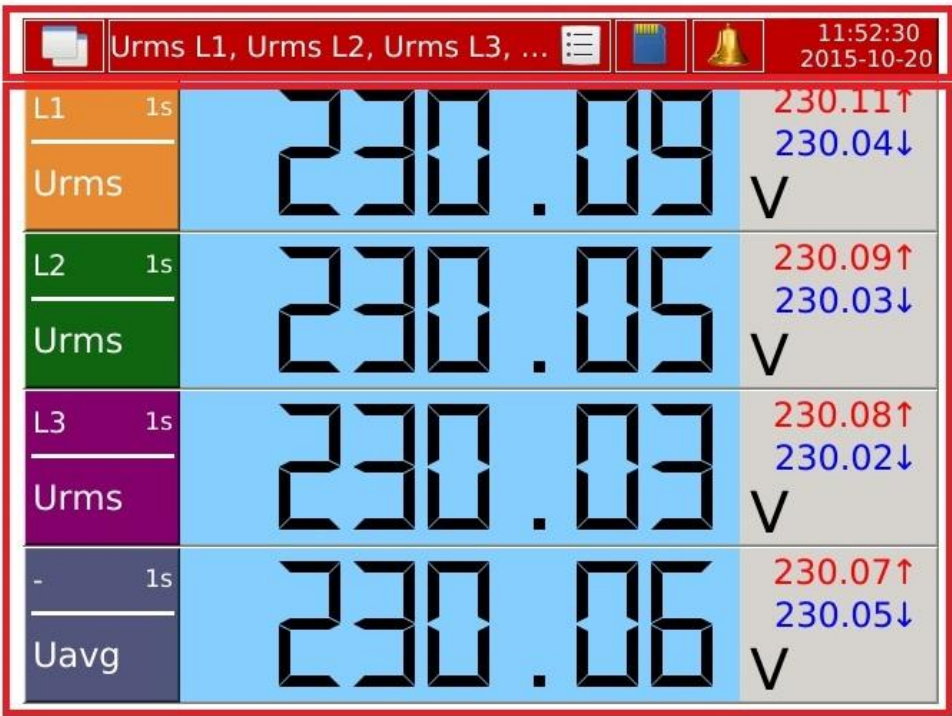


Fig. 26. Information elements.

2.1.1. Navigation

Pressing a finger to the screen area used for presenting the analyzer data displays a window for, among others, editing navigation.

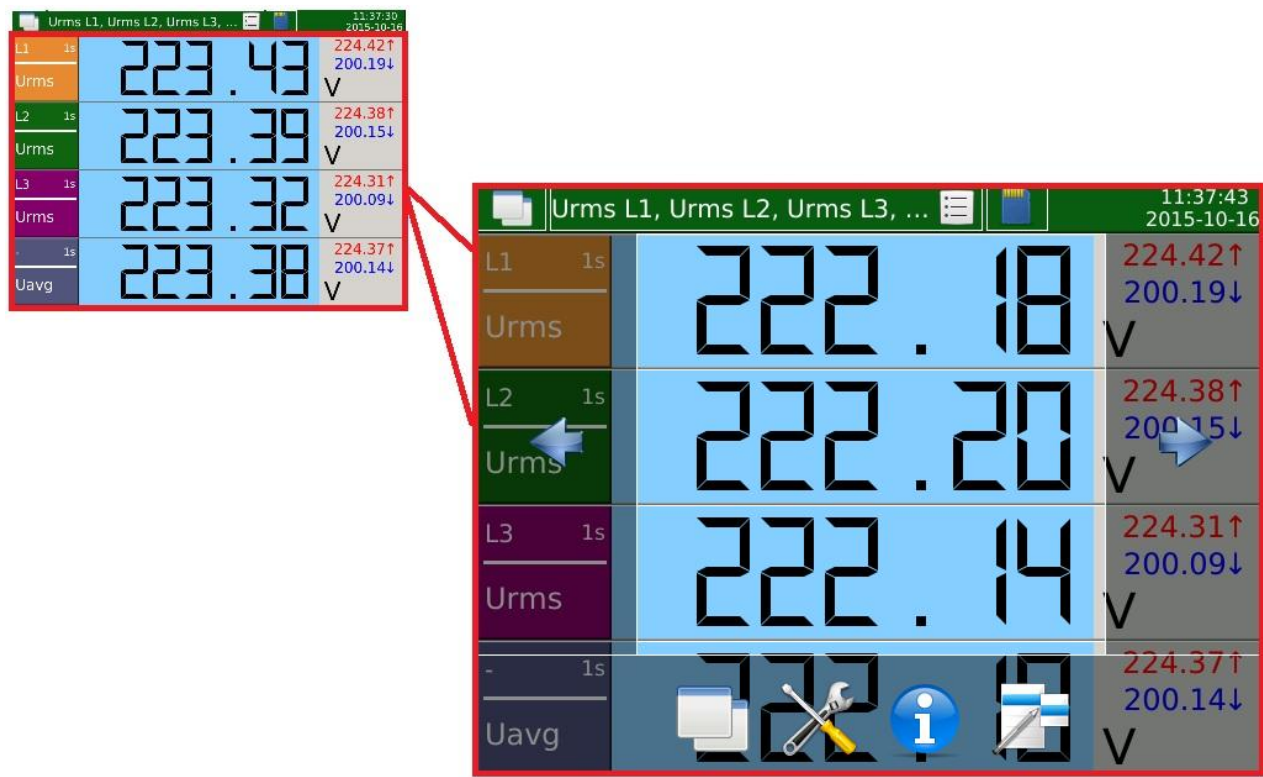


Fig. 27. Navigation - main screen.

Selected navigational elements are presented below.

Symbol	Description
 Fig. 28. Navigation - screens.	Navigation for the currently set screen mode. The screen together with views can be individually defined for each configuration. After the right arrow is selected, the device presents other views of the screen. When the last element is reached, the selection of the option to move to the right will result in return to the first element. The option to move to the left is executed in the same way.
 Fig. 29. Navigation - views	The option to move to the next screen is assigned to the button. When this option is selected, the device displays the next available screen for this configuration and the first defined view.

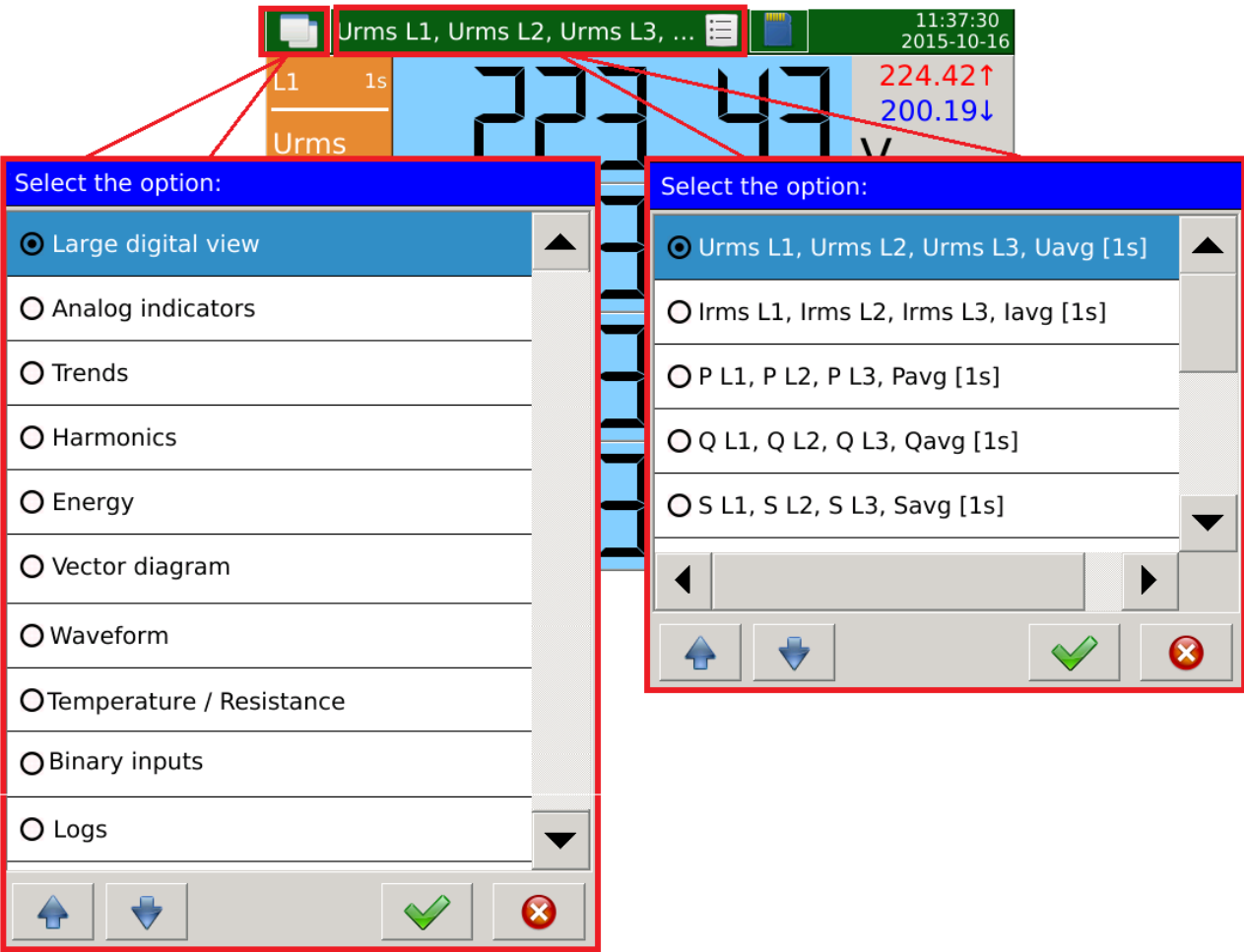


Fig. 30. Navigation - switching views and screen.

Dialog box *Fig.30* (on the left) allows for selecting one of the available screens. By using this dialog box the User can switch directly to the selected mode. The example shows the configuration settings which contain all possible screen views that can be set.

Dialog box *Fig.30* (on the right) shows an example of the selection of the view which is available for the currently selected screen mode. The example shows standard views for the selected screen (Large digital view).

2.1.2. Functionality

The table shows the individual elements of the main screen with the description of their functionality.

Symbol	Description
	Access to the control panel, which manages the configurations, is protected from unauthorized access by the login window.

Fig. 31. Function - control

panel.



Fig. 32. Function - system information.



Fig. 33. Function - context menu.

Switching to the tab with system information.

Switching to the context menu that allows management of the selected parameters of the device. Example of a dialog box is shown below.

Options available in the context menu depend on the selected screen on which the menu was opened. The table below shows all possible options.

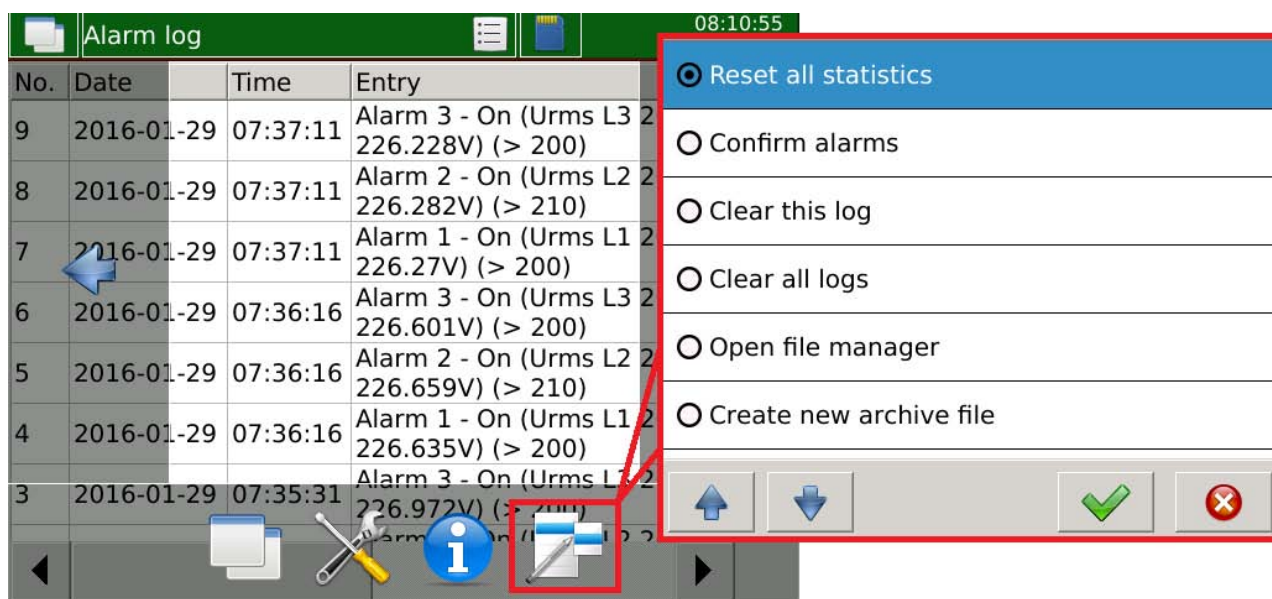


Fig. 34. Navigation - context menu.

Function	Description
Reset all statistics	Deletes minimum and maximum values.
Confirm alarms	Opens the window where alarms can be confirmed.
Clear this log	Deletes selected log.
Clear all logs	Deletes all entries in all logs.
Open file manager	Opens the window of file manager.

Authorization is required to perform the described functions. After selection it is necessary to confirm authorization by entering password in the following dialog box.

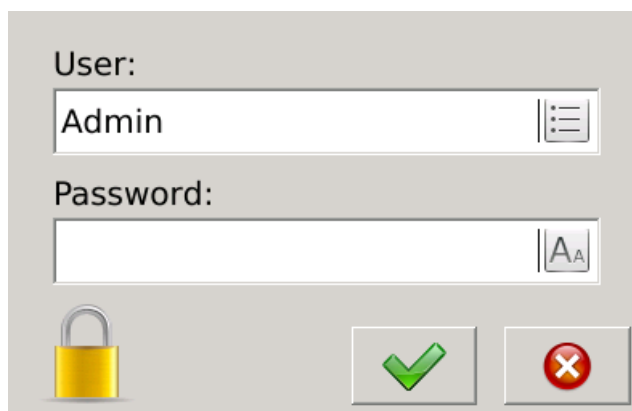
A login dialog box with a light gray background. It contains two text input fields. The first field is labeled "User:" and contains the text "Admin". To the right of this field is a small icon of a list. The second field is labeled "Password:" and is empty. To the right of this field is a small icon of a key. Below the password field is a yellow padlock icon. At the bottom right of the dialog box are two buttons: a green checkmark button and a red button with a white "X".

Fig. 35. Navigation - login screen.

2.2. Control Panel

Operation of the control panel involves selecting one of the available parameter groups. The individual group allows for full configuration of the device, depending on user requirements.



Fig. 36. Control panel - main screen

2.2.1. Navigation

Control Panel is opened with the button located on the main screen



Configurations are edited by selecting the appropriate option on the main screen of the Control Panel. After pressing the selected icon a dialog box with a set of configuration parameters appears.

The first tab in the individual dialog boxes is opened by default, the other tabs are opened according to the rule set forth below.

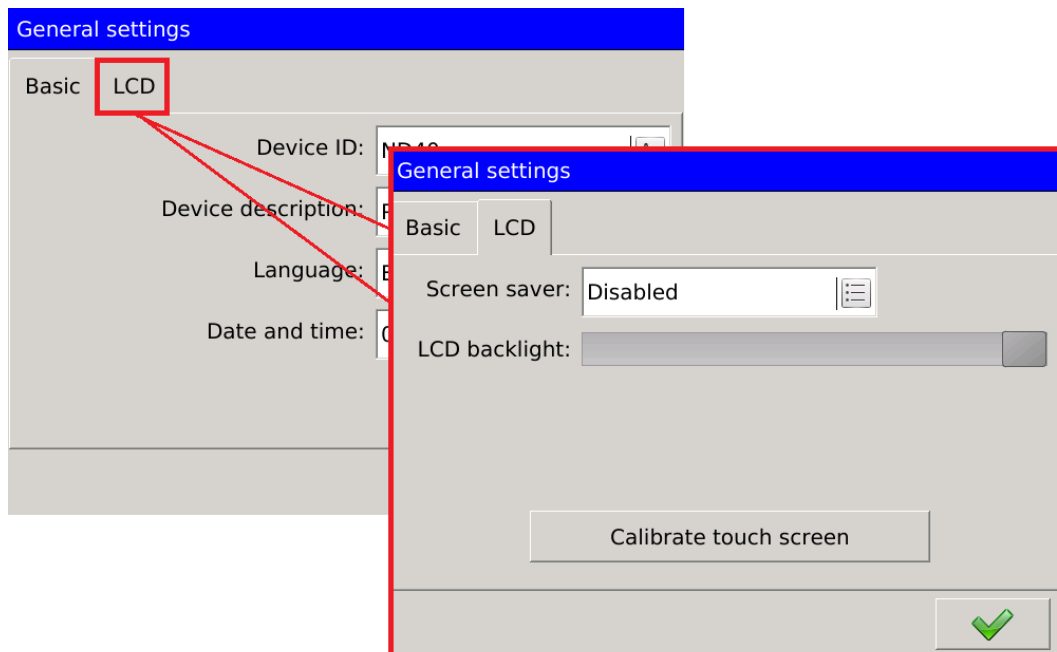


Fig. 37. Navigation - opening tabs

Parameter groups such as Alarms or Security have an additional check box to select the parameter to be configured. Navigation between them is done as shown in Fig. 38.below. By touching the desired field the selection list of available components is generated.

There are also navigation buttons in the main window with



which it is possible to change the options without opening an additional dialog box.

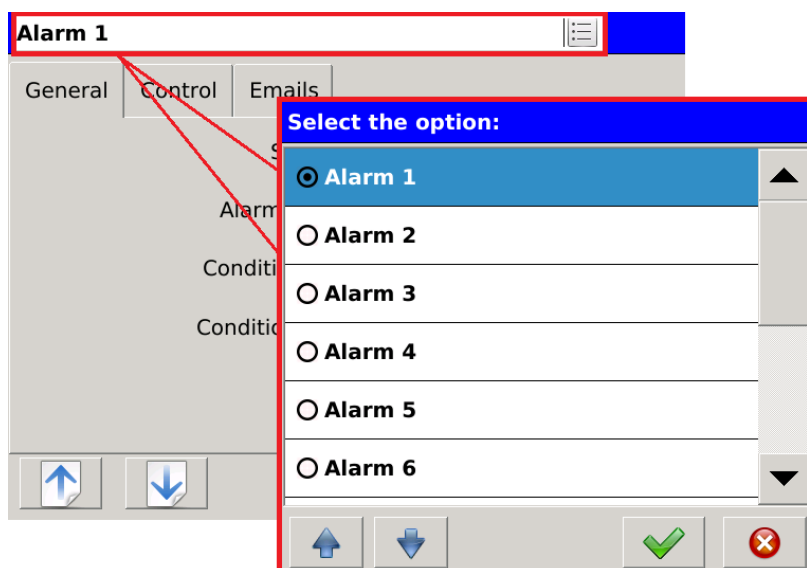


Fig. 38. Navigation - switching configured parameters.

2.2.2. Functionality

Access to the Control Panel is secured with the login window protecting from unauthorized access to the device settings. Users are identified by user name and password assigned to the name.

After login the User can choose one of the three options of configuration changes. Selecting the first option *Fig. 39* redirects to the main window of the Control Panel. Selecting the Close button redirects to the main screen of the device.

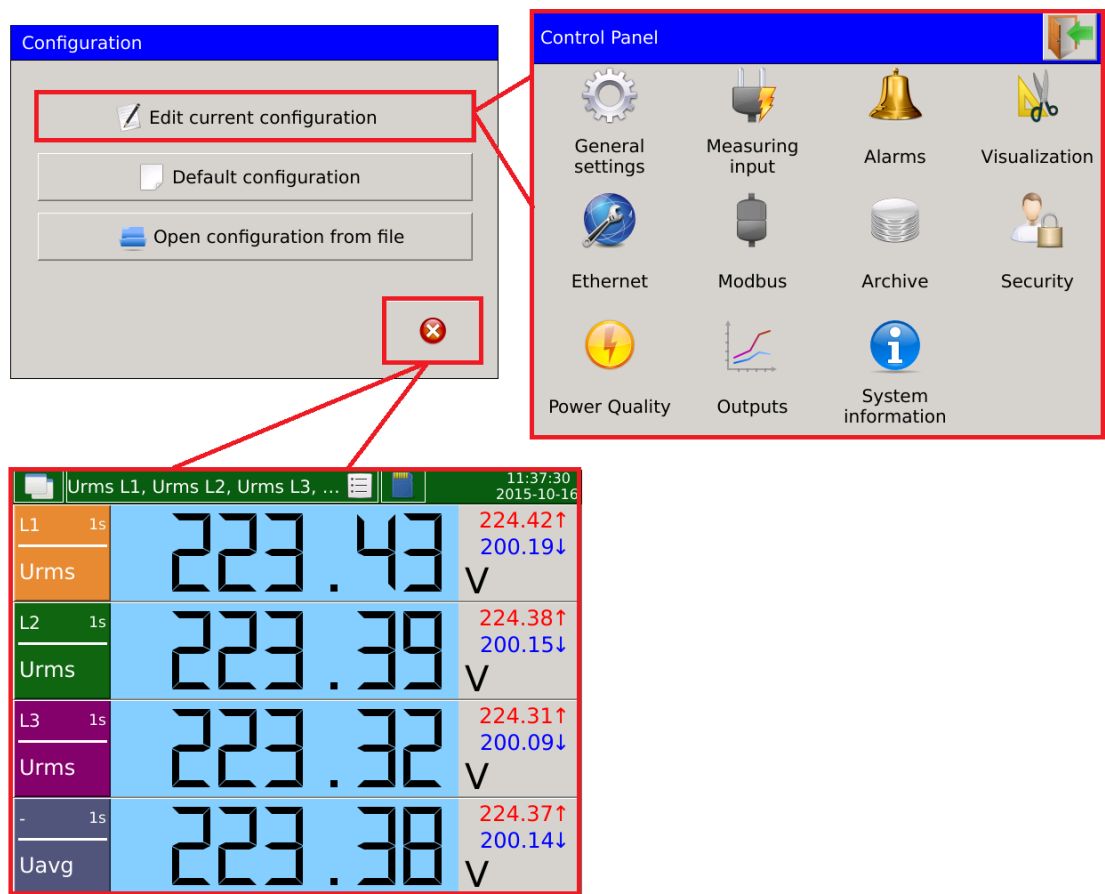


Fig. 39. Navigation - Control Panel.

The individual options of the Control Panel are described in the following list.

Option	Description
 General settings Fig. 40. Option 1.	Selection of the name and ID of the device. Changing the language, setting date and time. Editing parameters of the LCD, such as screen saving, backlight and screen calibration.



Fig. 41. Option 2.

General settings of frequency, connection type, phase synchronization, averaging time. Gear settings, settings of the direction of the current, temperature sensors or resistance measurement.



Fig. 42. Option 3.

The settings for the individual alarms, including the source, type and conditions when the alarms turn on / off. Additional options allow for setting the relays, confirmations, delays, switching and alarm logs.

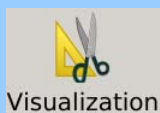


Fig. 43. Option 4.

Settings for screens and trends. The User can turn on or turn off individual screens, select parameters presets or define their own ones that will be displayed on the device. Settings for trends include the selection of parameters sets and the definition of the data presentation field for each set.



Fig. 44. Option 5.

Settings of DHCP, IP address, subnet mask, default gateway and FTP server.



Fig. 45. Option 6.

Settings of Modbus slave protocol allowing the mode and transmission speed setting. Settings of the device ID and parameters related to TCP Module, switching on/off and port number.

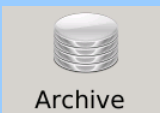


Fig. 46. Option 7.

Settings of archiving parameters. General archiving parameters: the number of records in the file, the time range of archiving, conditional archiving. Management of the individual parameters of archiving: parameter selection, specifying the time interval and the condition of archiving.



Fig. 47. Option 8.

Settings of users rights. Assigning name, password and access rights.



Fig. 48. Option 9.

Settings of parameters related to recording dips, swells and voltage decays.

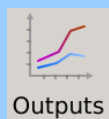
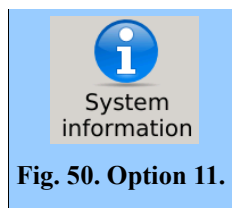


Fig. 49. Option 10.

Configuration of analog outputs and relays operation. Settings of access depending on the version of the analyzer.



General information about the system, memory, hardware, updates and access to the service tab.

2.3. Screens and views of data presentation

Visualization of measurement parameters has been divided into screens and groups of views assigned to them. Depending on the configuration settings, the User can choose selected screens for presentation, along with the group of views assigned to them. For example, large digital view is the first element which belongs to the group of screens. The User can assign the selected measured values that will be available in the subsequent views.

2.3.1. Signs and colors of measurement parameters

The example below *Fig.51* shows an example screen (large digital view) with a view containing U RMS values of the individual phases and their average value.

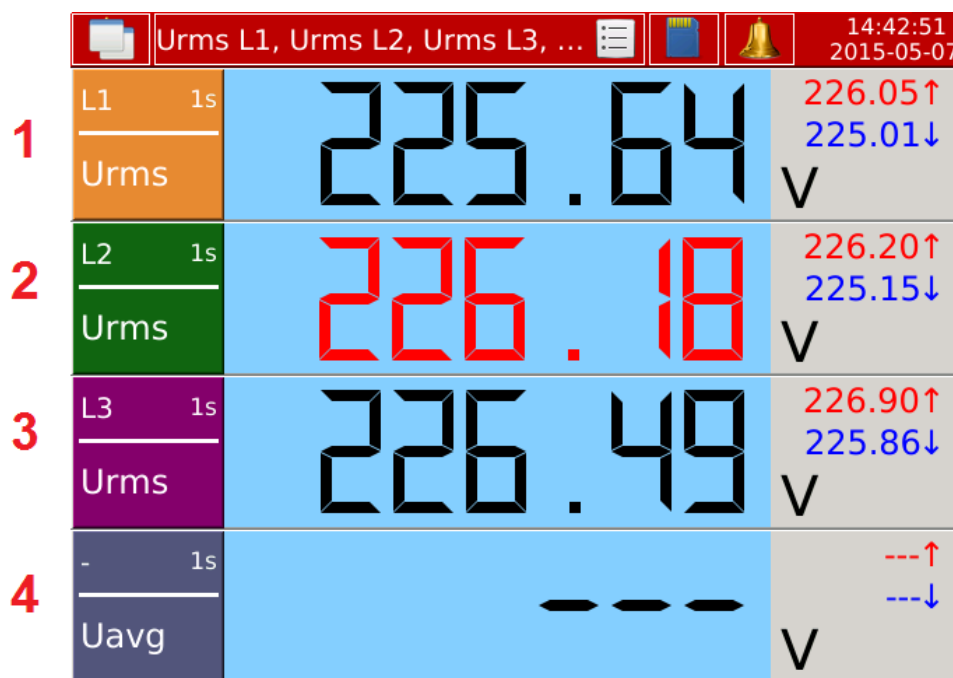


Fig. 51. Presentation of measurement data.

The table below summarizes the various options of the screen from Fig.51 with a description of the basic elements.

Option	Description
1	Example of the correct measured value, which contains all the component measurements necessary for the aggregation of values.

2	Alarm relating to the displayed value.
3	The value was not correctly calculated. The measurement is incomplete for the aggregation.
4	Wrong value or no value.

2.3.2. Navigation

The table below shows the set of navigational elements that allow the User to interact with the individual views or screens.

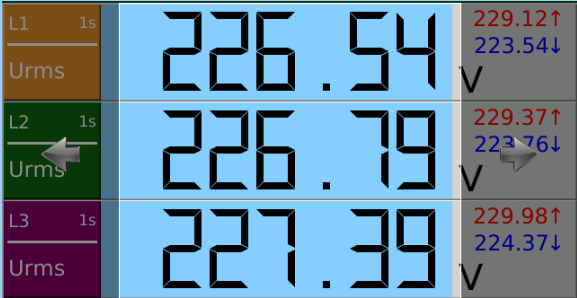
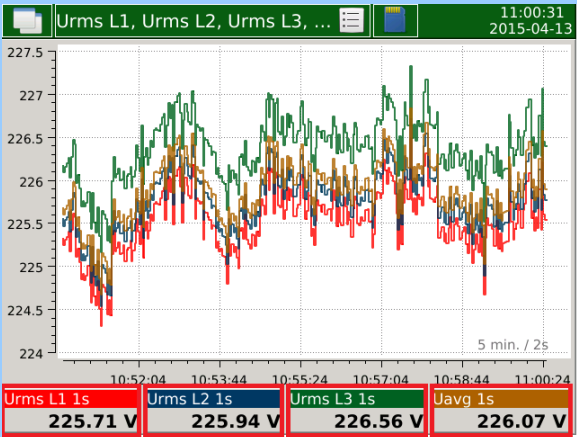
Navigational element	Description
Applies to all screens :	
 Fig. 52. Navigation 1.	Navigation with left / right arrows. It allows the User to switch between the views of individual screens. Navigation arrows are generated by touching the screen of the device.
Trends :	
 Fig. 53. Navigation 2.	Touching selected elements of the presented trends screen, the User can add or remove the selected parameter from the main screen of trends presentation.
Harmonics	



Fig. 54. Navigation 3.

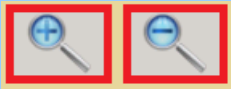


Fig. 55. Navigation 4.

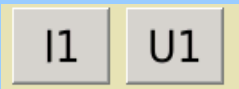


Fig. 56. Navigation 5.



Fig. 57. Navigation 6.

Touching the selected element on the screen, the User can change the harmonic elements displayed on the main screen. The device allows the User to generate harmonics for individual phases or a summary of all three phases.

The presented elements allow the User to increase or decrease the scale of harmonics. The maximum value displayed on the main screen is limited to 100% and the minimum to 2%.

Vector diagram :

Scaling the vectors length to I1 or U1.

Selection of the initial axis of the first phase.

Waveform :

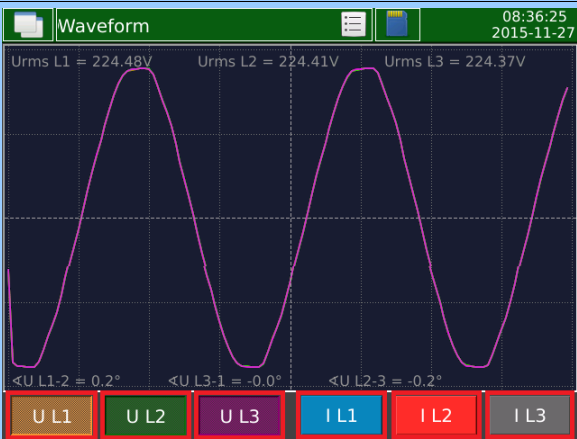


Fig. 58. Navigation 7.

Touching selected elements of the presented waveform view, the User can add or remove the selected parameter from the screen.

2.3.3. Functionality

Each screen has individual features for data presentation. The following sections describe the different types, with a description of the elements available to the User.

2.3.3.1. Large digital view

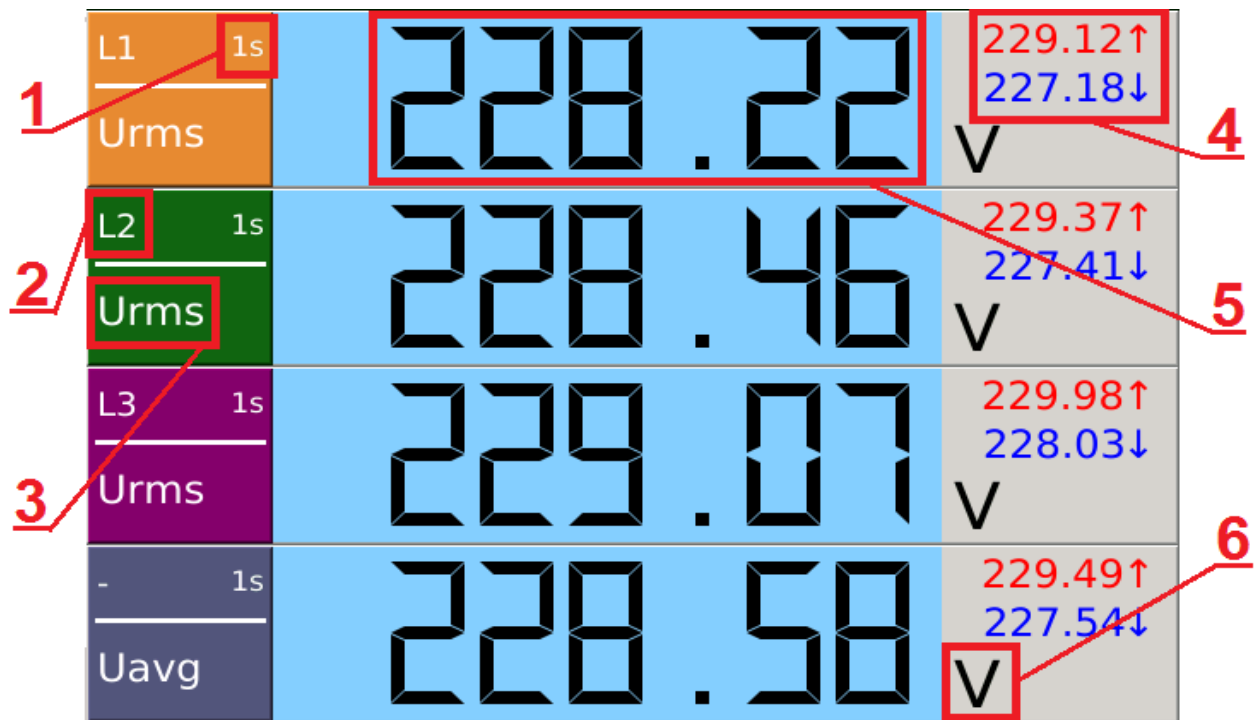


Fig. 59. Large digital view.

Option	Description
1	Aggregation time of the presented value.
2	Additional information describing the phase associated with the presented value.
3	Description of the presented parameter.
4	The minimum and maximum values of the presented value.
5	Main field with the measured value.
6	Unit describing the measured value.

2.3.3.2. Analog indicators

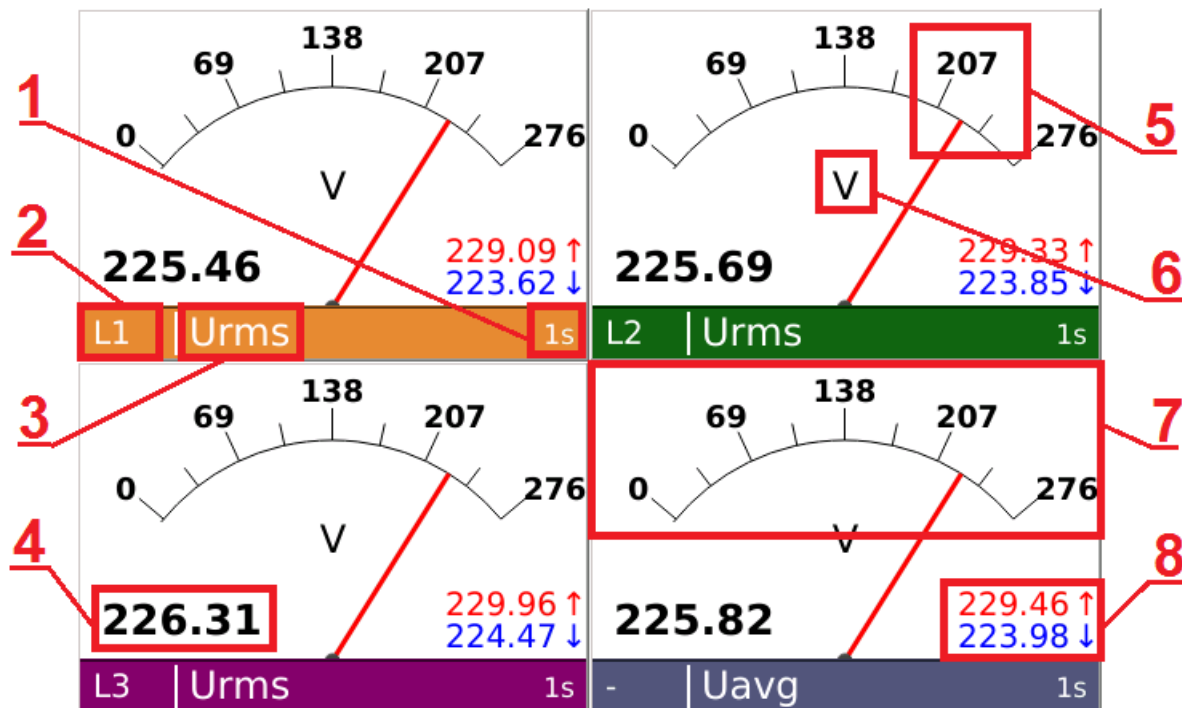
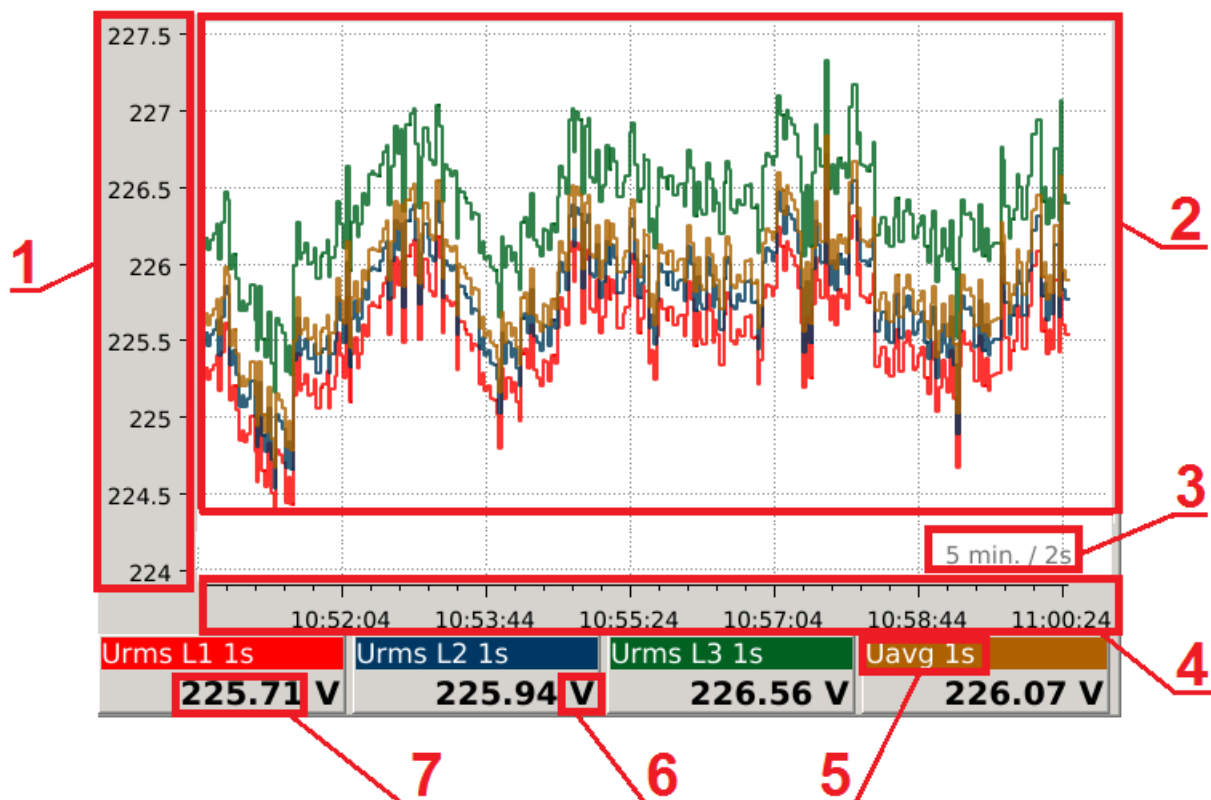


Fig. 60. Analog indicators.

Option	Description
1	Aggregation time of the presented value.
2	Additional information describing the phase associated with the presented value.
3	Description of the presented parameter.
4	Measured value in digital form.
5	Analog indicator presenting the value of the measured parameter.
6	Unit describing the measured value.
7	The scale of the analogue display for the presented measured value.
8	The minimum and maximum values of the presented value.



2.3.3.3. Trends

Fig. 61. Trends:

Option	Description
1	The scale describing the range of values in the presented time. The range is scaled automatically together with the changes of the measured values.
2	Main window of trends presentation.
3	The range of time of the values presentation on the trends with the information about the parameters update frequency. For parameters aggregated every 1 second the presented value is the average value of two measurements.
4	Time axis is updated automatically together with the successive measured values presented on the main screen.
5	Description of the measured parameter. The description includes, among others, the parameter name, the information about the phase and the aggregation time.
6	Unit of the selected measured parameter
7	Value of the measured parameter in digital form.

2.3.3.4. Harmonics

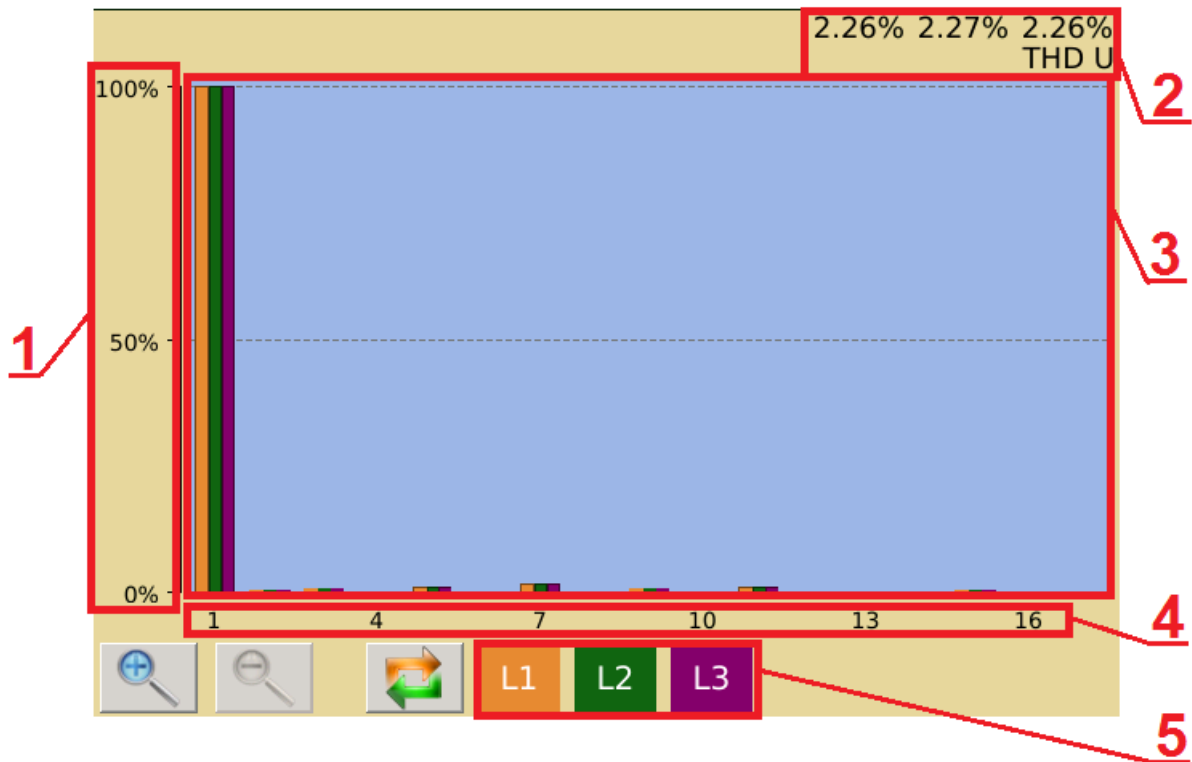


Fig. 62, Harmonics.

Option	Description
1	The scale determining the value of each harmonic, expressed as a percentage.
2	Additional field with information regarding the THD of the selected phases.
3	Main window of harmonics presentation.
4	Values describing the consecutive numbers of the presented harmonics.
5	Colors assigned to the individual phases in accordance with the harmonics presented in the main window.

	L1 [%]	L2 [%]	L3 [%]
THD	2.34	2.35	2.34
THDG	2.34	2.35	2.34
THDS	0.00	0.00	0.00
PWHD	2.34	2.35	2.34
1	100.00	100.00	100.00
2	0.05	0.04	0.05
3	0.78	0.79	0.78
4	0.02	0.02	0.02
5	0.63	0.63	0.63
6	0.02	0.02	0.02
7	1.78	1.79	1.78
8	0.03	0.03	0.03
9	0.66	0.66	0.66
10	0.03	0.03	0.03

Fig. 63. Harmonics - the table.

Option	Description
1	Fields describing the values presented on the main screen.
2	Description of the subsequent harmonics displayed on the main screen.
3	Division into phases for values presented on the main screen.
4	Main screen containing the values for the individual parameters.

2.3.3.5. Energy

Σ EnP+	00013869.2 kWh
L1	00002486.5 kWh
L2	00005382.1 kWh
L3	00006000.6 kWh
Σ EnP-	00107844.0 kWh
L1	00008416.3 kWh
L2	00007054.1 kWh
L3	00092373.6 kWh
Σ EnQ	00291655.7 kvarh
L1	00094848.1 kvarh
L2	00121046.9 kvarh
L3	00075760.7 kvarh

Fig. 64. Energy.

Option	Description
1	The sum of active energy exported to the three phases. The field also describes the assignment of the subsequent three parameters for a given energy.
2	Lists of energy values for individual phases.
3	Displayed value of the measured energy.
4	Window with the list of the sum of the measured imported active energy, along with the values of the individual phases.
5	Unit assigned to the individual value of the measured energy.

2.3.3.6. Vector diagrams

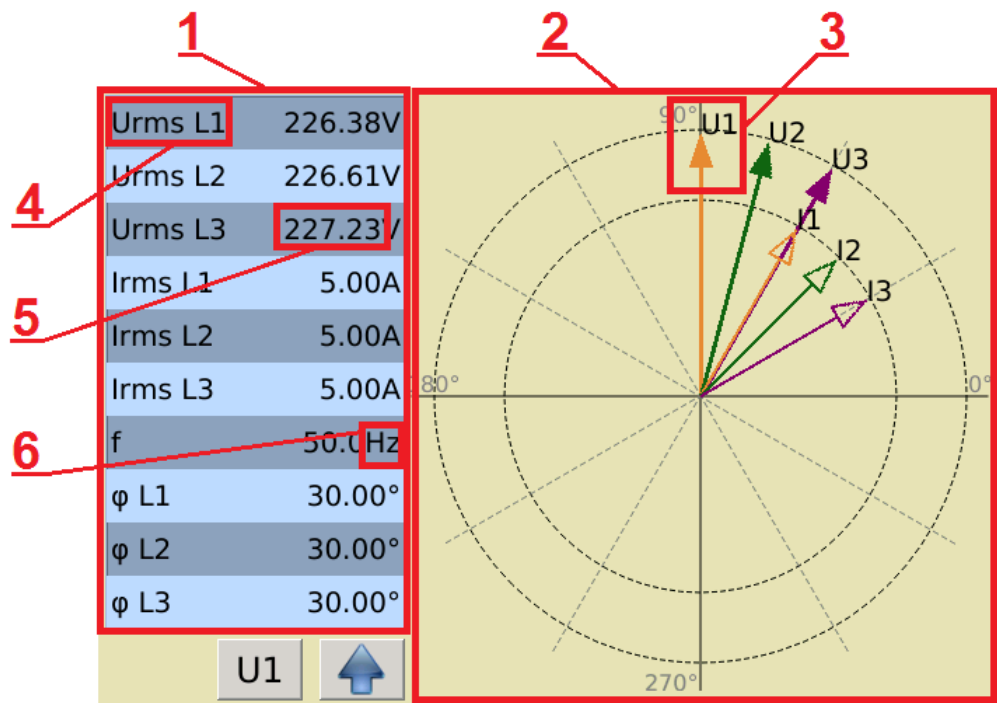


Fig. 65. Vector diagrams.

Option	Description
1	Summary table of values presented in the vector diagram.
2	Main window containing the vector diagram.
3	Measured parameter containing an indication of the angle value and a label with description.
4	Description of the measured parameter with additional information regarding the phase.
5	Value of the measured parameter in digital form.
6	Unit describing the selected measured parameter.

2.3.3.7. Waveform

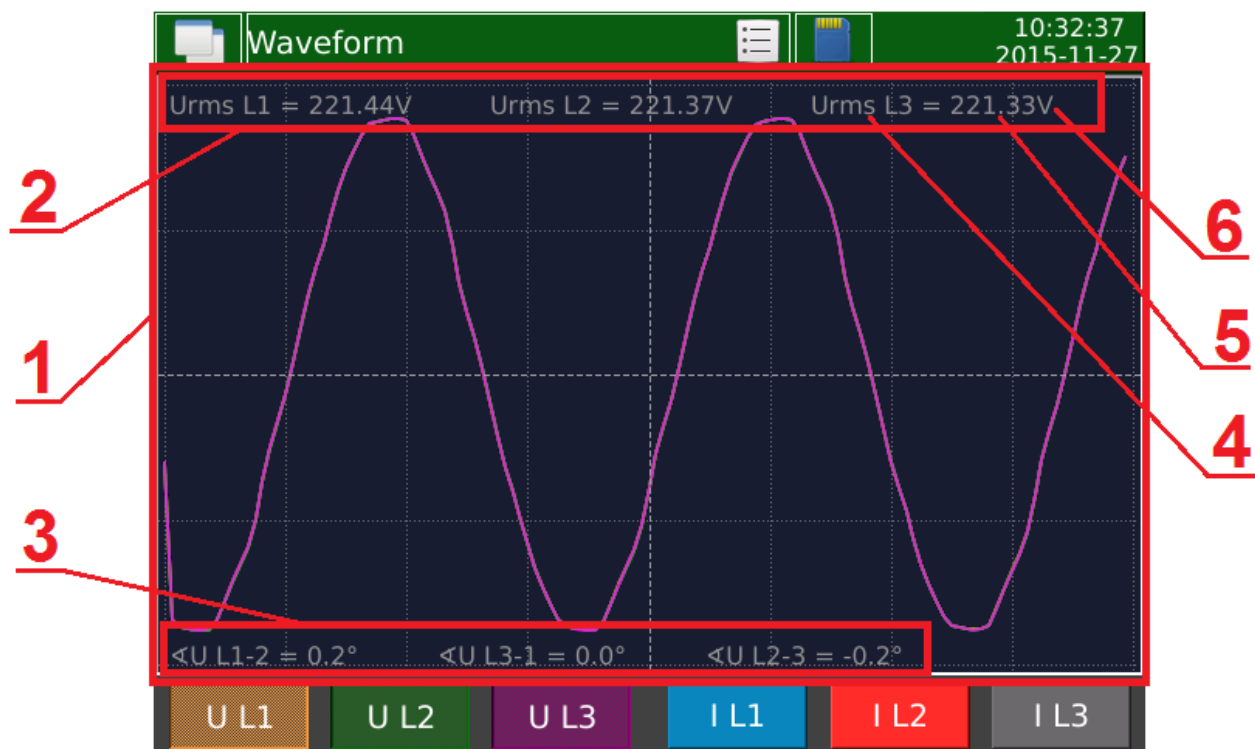


Fig. 66. Waveform.

Option	Description
1	Main window of the waveform screen containing the waveform or waveforms of the selected signals. Other additional information shown in the main window is described in the following paragraphs.
2	Field of presentation of the value of 200ms : Urms L1, Urms L2, Urms L3, Uavg, Irms L1, Irms L2, Irms L3, Iavg – depending on selected signals.
3	Field of presentation of the value of 200ms : $\angle U_{L1-2}$, $\angle U_{L3-1}$, $\angle U_{L2-3}$, $\phi L1$, $\phi L2$, $\phi L3$ – depending on selected signals.
4	Symbol of the presented parameter.
5	Value of the presented parameter.
6	Unit of the presented parameter.

2.3.3.8. Temperature / resistance

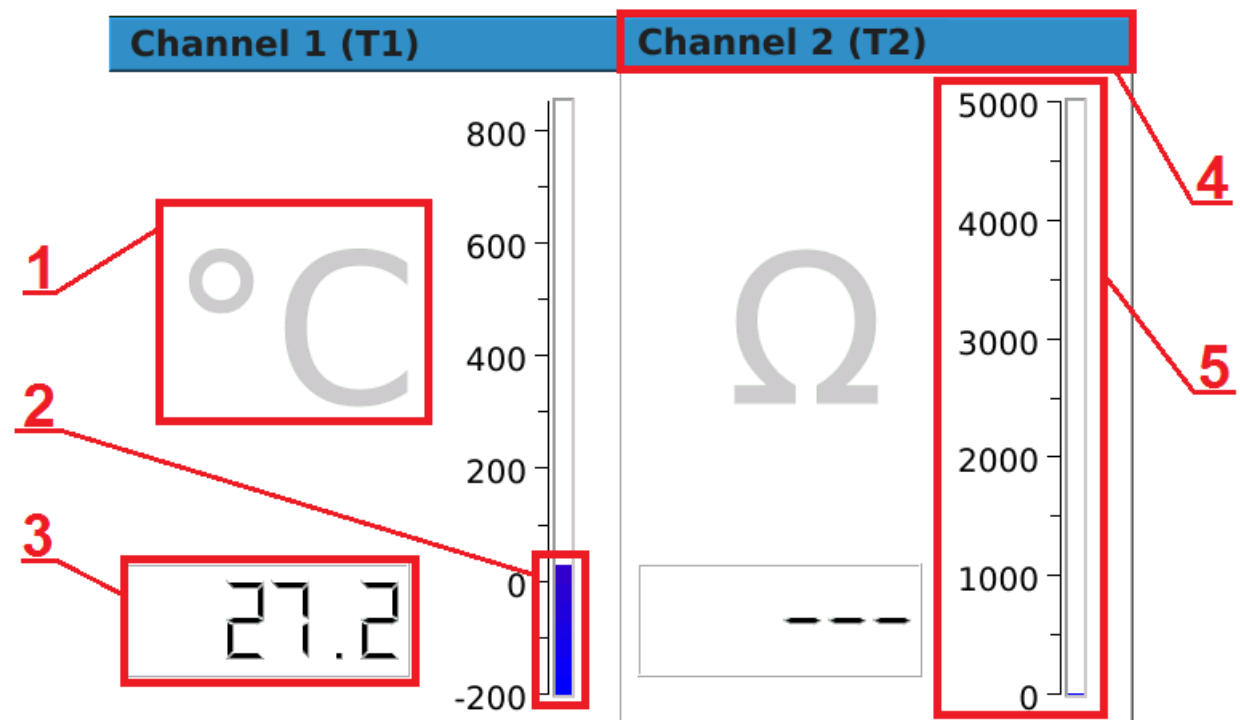


Fig. 67. Temperature / resistance.

Option	Description
1	Description of unit assigned to a given field. Depending on the type of sensor (temperature or resistance)
2	Indicator of the measured value.
3	Measured value in digital form.
4	Description of the channel.
5	Measurement scale, adapted to the type of sensor.

2.3.3.9. Binary inputs

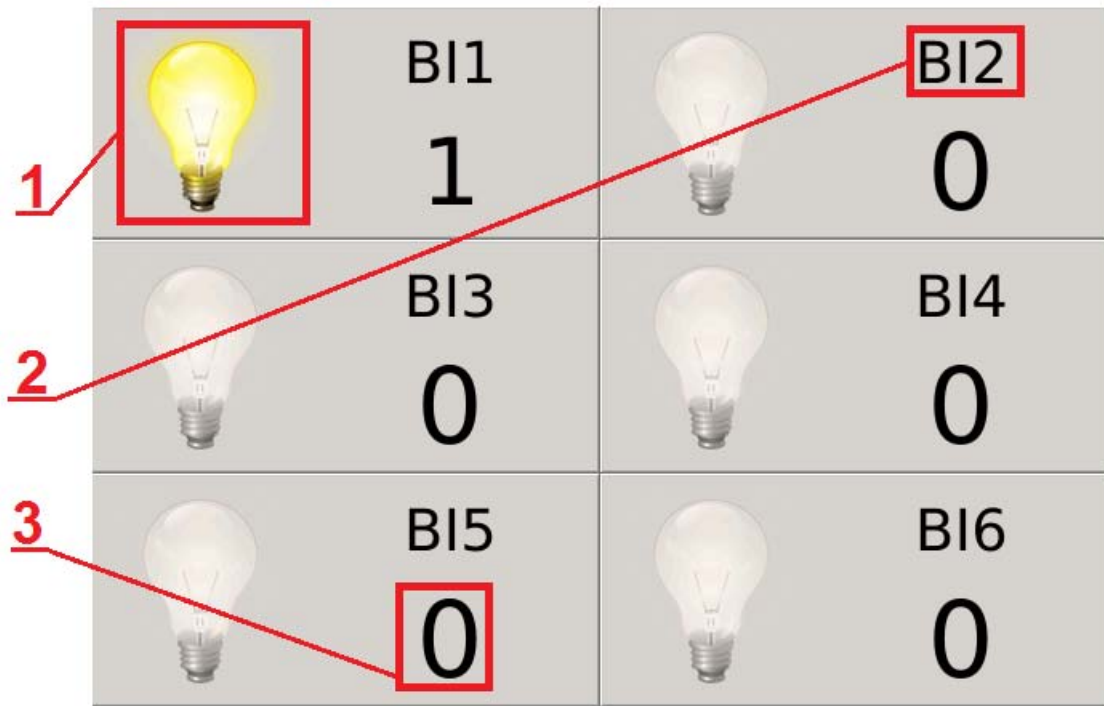


Fig. 68. Binary inputs.

Option	Description
1	Visualization of the state of the binary input: bulb lit - binary input activated, bulb off - binary input deactivated.
2	Status indicator of binary input: 1 – activated, 0 – deactivated.
3	Description of binary output, e.g. : BI2 – binary input number 2.

2.3.3.10. Logs

No.	Date	Time	Entry
2	2015-04-15	14:30:21	Configuration changed (Admin)
1	2015-04-15	14:29:26	Configuration changed (Admin)

Fig. 69. Logs.

Option	Description
1	The order of the message occurrence.
2	The date of the message occurrence.
3	The time of the message occurrence.
4	The content of the message.
5	An example of a log that contains information about configuration changes.

Audit logs are stored on the SD card. The file containing the current log is saved as **audit.log.csv**.

Preview a file stored on the SD card is shown below.

1	2016-01-29	07:35:29	Configuration changed (Admin)
2	2016-01-29	07:36:14	Configuration changed (Admin)
3			
4			

Fig. 70. Audit logs – save to file.

Each audit log file can contain up to 100 records. When all records are full the next file **audit.log.csv** is created and the previously saved file is changed to **audit.log.1.csv**. When records in the next audit logs are full, subsequent ones are created : **audit.log.2.csv**, **audit.log.3.csv** itd.

Caution! Views of Logs screens relating to alarms are described in section 9. *Alarms*.

2.4. Software update

To update the software of the ND40 analyzer the update file should be downloaded from the manufacturer's website. The downloaded file must be copied to the SD card of the analyzer.

In the Control Panel, in System Information tab, select the Update group and then select the update file.

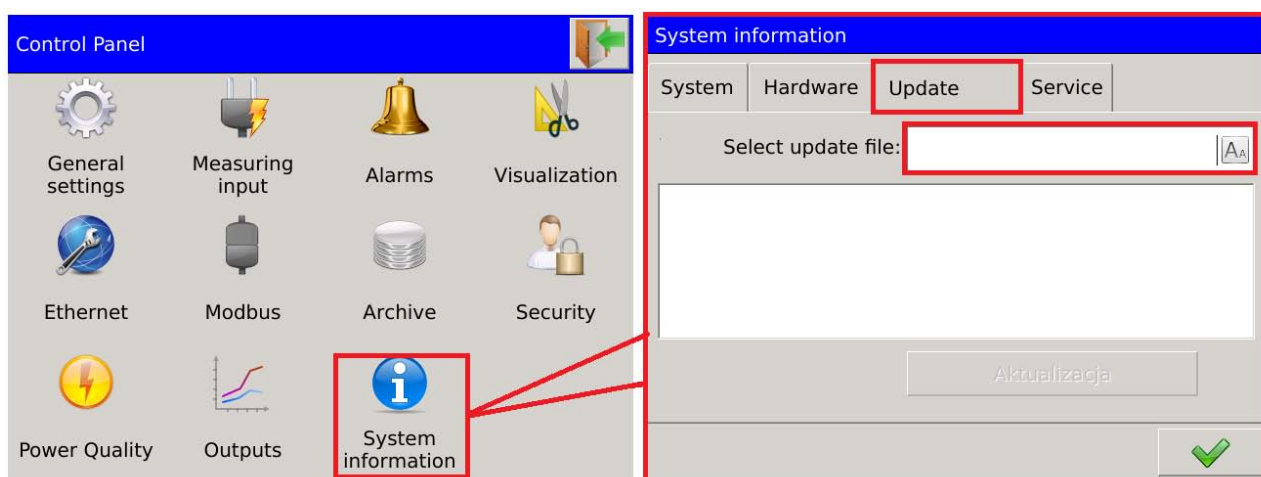


Fig. 71. Selection of update file.

The user confirms the selection from the list of detected files. Information about the update will be displayed in the next window. The process is confirmed by selecting Update.

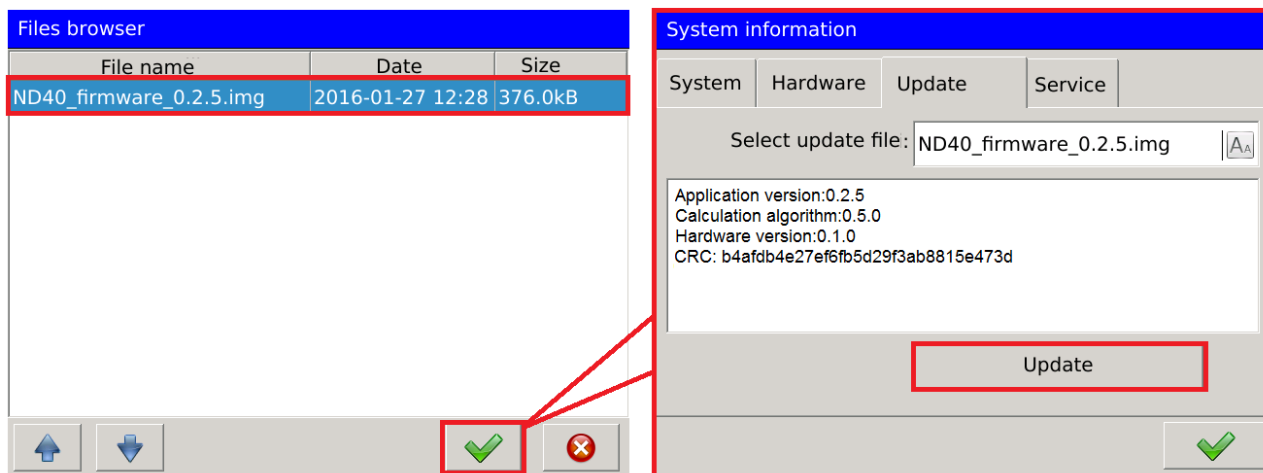


Fig. 72. Update.

3. Web server management

Access to the Web server is obtained by entering the IP address assigned to the particular version of the analyzer in the browser.

Caution! The IP address of the device can be read by selecting Ethernet option on the Control Panel.

The screenshot displays the ND40 Meter web interface in a browser window. The address bar shows the URL `http://10.0.0.198/main.php#` and the IP address `10.0.0.198`. The page title is "ND40 Meter" and the user is logged in as "Admin".

Measurement data

Name	Value
Urms L1 3s	224.91V
Urms L2 3s	224.93V
Urms L3 3s	224.87V
Uavg 3s	224.90V
Irms L1 3s	0.0000A
Irms L2 3s	0.0000A
Irms L3 3s	0.0000A
Iavg 3s	0.0000A
Ufund L1 3s	224.86V
Ufund L2 3s	224.88V
Ufund L3 3s	224.82V
Uavg 3s	224.86V
IN 3s	---
P L1 3s	0.0000kW
P L2 3s	0.0000kW
P L3 3s	0.0000kW
Pavg 3s	0.0000kW
ΣP 3s	0.0000kW
Q L1 3s	0.0000kvar
Q L2 3s	0.0000kvar
Q L3 3s	0.0000kvar
Qavg 3s	0.0000kvar
ΣQ 3s	0.0000kvar
S L1 3s	0.0000kVA
S L2 3s	0.0000kVA

Alarms

- Alarm 1 (Urms L1 200ms = 223.166V) (> 200) 08:45:23
- Alarm 2 (Urms L2 200ms = 223.181V) (> 210) 08:45:23

Files: /ND40

Name	Modified	Size
2016-01-19 08_16_46.ND40Arch	2016-01-19 08:17:26	10.0 kB
2016-01-19 08_21_26.ND40Arch	2016-01-19 08:21:51	7.0 kB
Config_20160112_1727.ND40	2016-01-12 17:27:38	10.7 kB
Config_20160113_1101.ND40	2016-01-13 11:01:54	10.9 kB
alarm.log.csv	2016-01-19 08:54:18	1.3 kB
audit.log.csv	2016-01-19 08:45:22	596B

System information

Device name	ND40
Device description	Power Analyzer
Serial number	16010001
System version	0.2.01
Used space on SD card	65%

Fig. 73. Web server - general view

3.1. Navigation

Depending on the Ethernet configuration settings, two modes of access to the web server are available to the User. The first mode **Users' Access** is preceded by a login window.

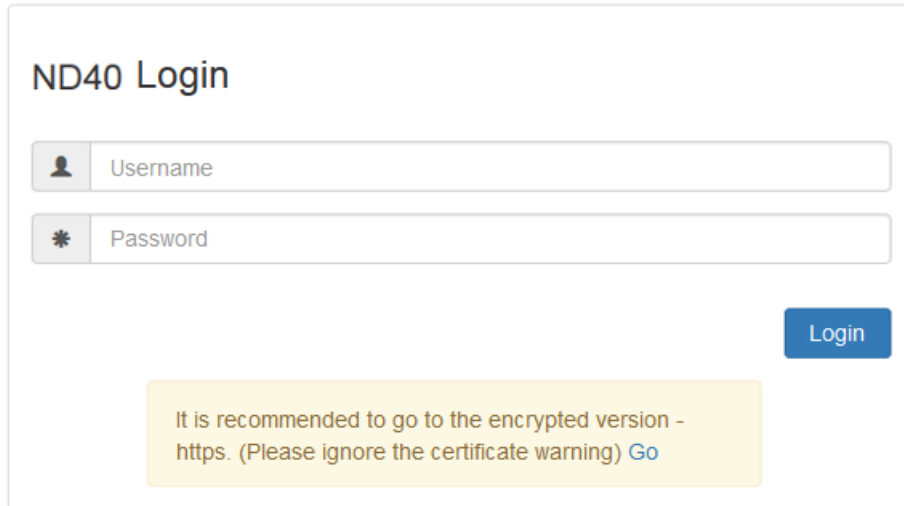
The image shows a web browser window titled "ND40 Login". It contains two input fields: "Username" with a person icon and "Password" with an asterisk icon. A blue "Login" button is positioned to the right of the password field. Below the input fields, there is a yellow rectangular box containing the text: "It is recommended to go to the encrypted version - https. (Please ignore the certificate warning) Go".

Fig. 74. Web server – login.

According to the message in the login window it is recommended to go to the encrypted page. The login window for the encrypted version is shown below.

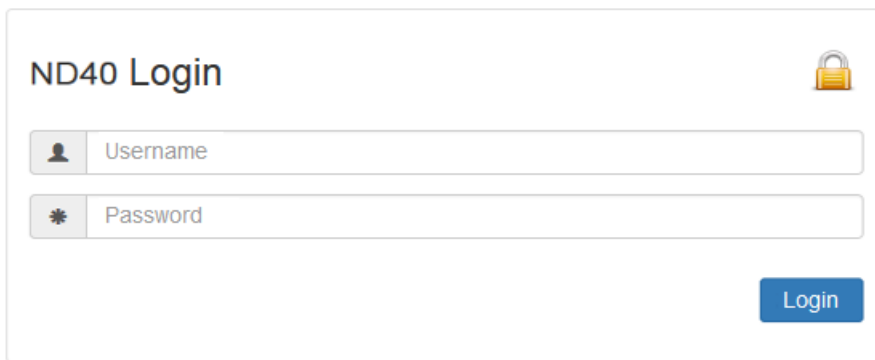
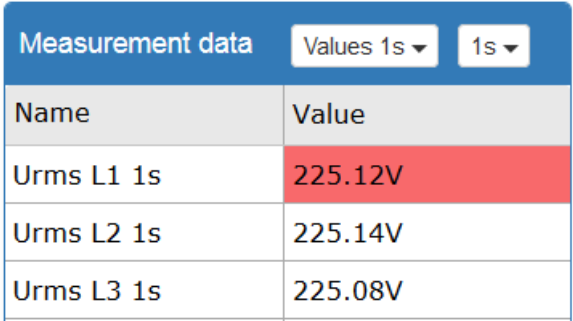
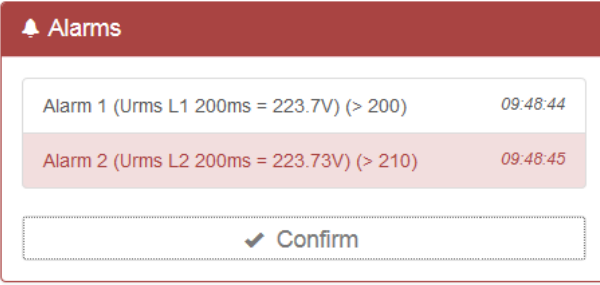
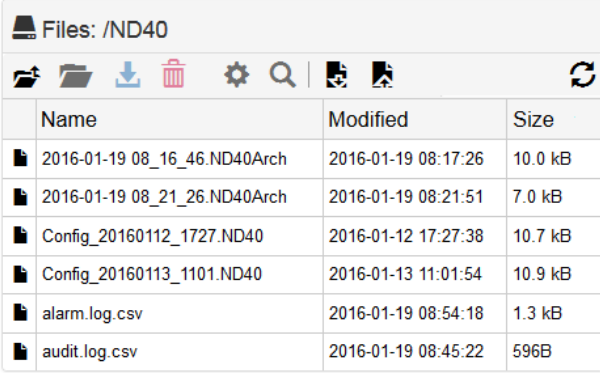
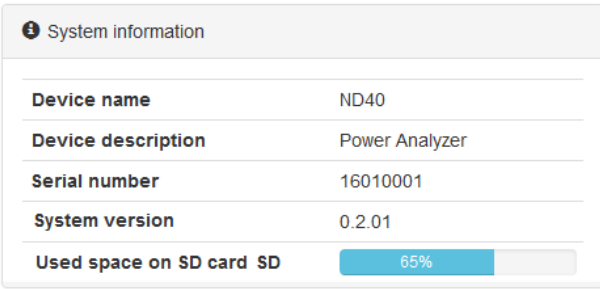
The image shows a web browser window titled "ND40 Login". It contains two input fields: "Username" with a person icon and "Password" with an asterisk icon. A blue "Login" button is positioned to the right of the password field. In the top right corner of the window, there is a yellow padlock icon.

Fig. 75. Web server – encrypted login.

Anonymous access automatically redirects to the website with limited functionality.

The table lists the modules presented on the website.

Module	Description
 Fig. 76. Web server - module 1.	Measurement data. Presentation of current measurements results with an adjustable refresh time. Measurement sets can be individually configured (only in authorized access mode), or presented in the previously defined sets. The values associated with the occurrence of an alarm (not confirmed) change the color of the background.
 Fig. 77. Web server - module 2.	Alarm module. It presents the current state of the alarms, in the authorized access mode the confirmation of alarms is possible. The module contains information about the number of the alarm, the parameter assigned to the alarm, the value initiating the alarm, the time of the alarm occurrence and the condition of activation.
 Fig. 78. Web server - module 3.	Module of log files management, configuration and archiving. Edit and preview of the module can only made in the authorized access mode. Each file is described by name, date of modification and size.
 Fig. 79. Web server - module 4.	Information module, contains basic information about the system.

3.2. Functionality

No.	Option	Users' access		Anonymous access
General				
1	Login / Logout	✓		
2	Reboot device	✓		
3	Configuration of the User measurement data sets.	✓		
Measurement data				
4	Preview of measurement data.	✓		✓
5	Selection of defined sets	✓		✓
6	Selection of User sets	✓		
7	Change of measurement data refresh time	✓		✓
8	Disabling the measurement data refresh	✓		✓
Alarms				
9	Preview of alarms	✓		✓
10	Confirmation of alarms*	✓		
Files				
11	Preview of files*	✓		
12	File list refresh*	✓		
13	Opening and closing directories*	✓		
14	Downloading files*	✓		
15	Deleting files*	✓		
16	Setting configuration from a file*	✓		
17	Preview of archive file*	✓		
System information				
18	Preview of system information	✓		✓

* function availability depends on the user's authorization settings (5.9. *Configuration of safety rules*).

3.2.1 Login / Logout

Login window is shown in section 3.1. *Navigation*. Login and password are consistent with access rights defined in the device in the Security tab (section: 5.9 *Configuration of safety rules*).

The option to log off from the server is located in the upper right corner of the browser. After the

selection of the currently logged on user, select **Logout** from the drop-down list.

3.2.2 Reboot device

Remote reboot device via the website can be performed as shown below.

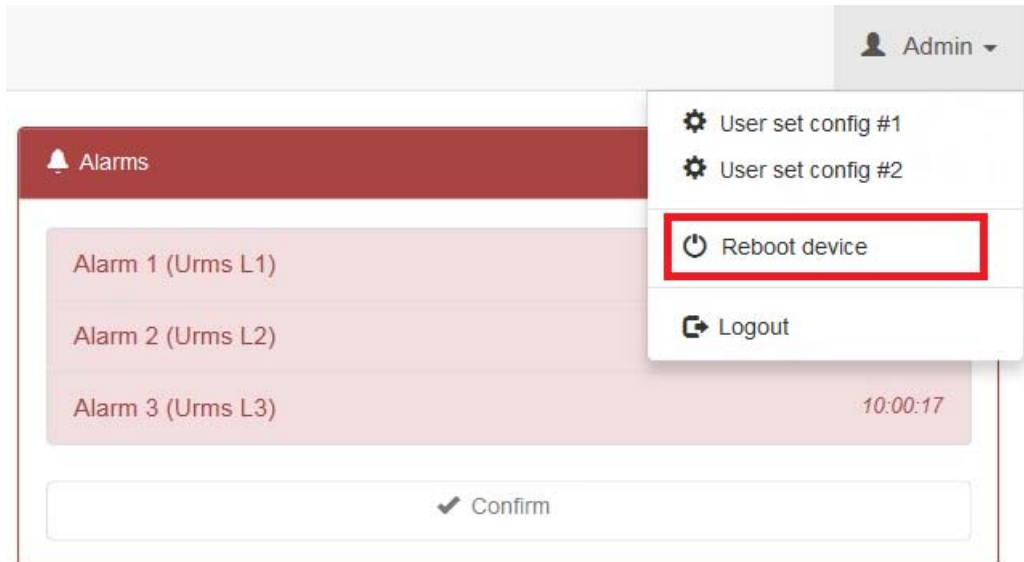
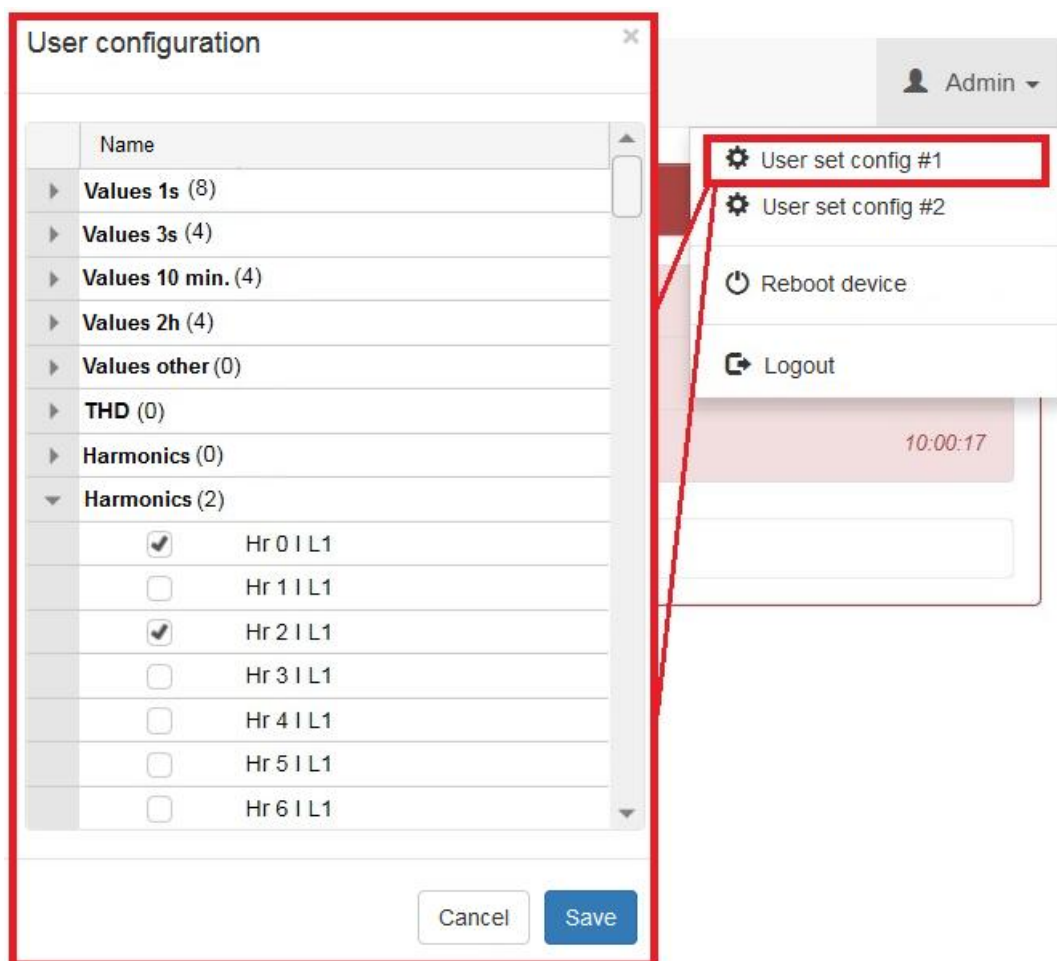


Fig. 80. Web server – reboot.

After the selection of the currently logged on user, select **Reboot device** from the drop-down list. ND40 reboot is confirmed in the next window.

3.2.3 Configuration of the User measurement data sets



Defining the sets of the measurement data may be performed as described below.

Fig. 81. Web server - User sets

After the selection of the currently logged on user, select **Set configuration** from the drop-down list.

In the next window, select the data to be presented in the measurement data window. The User selects a parameters group in which, after opening the drop-down list the parameters can be elected or deselected. After the setup is complete, select **Save** (to save the changes), or **Cancel** (closes the window without making any changes).

3.2.4 Preview of measurement data

View of a sample window with Measurement Data module is presented in section 3. *Web server management*, the module is described in section 3.1 *Navigation*.

3.2.5 Selection of defined sets

An example of changes in the measurement data selected from the default data sets is presented below. The User chooses the option that describes the currently presented data set and then selects one of the suggested sets from the list.

Measurement data		Values 1s	1s
Name		Values 1s Values 3s Values 10 min. Values 2h Values other THD Harmonics U Harmonics I Energy meters Binary inputs User set #1 User set #2	
Urms L1 1s			
Urms L2 1s			
Urms L3 1s			
Uavg 1s			
Irms L1 1s			
Irms L2 1s			
Irms L3 1s			
Iavg 1s			
IN 1s			
P L1 1s			
P L2 1s		0.00kW	
P L3 1s		0.00kW	
Pavg 1s		0.00kW	

Fig. 82. Web server - displaying the contents.

3.2.6 Selection of User sets

An example of changes in the measurement data selected from the individually defined data sets is presented below. The User chooses the option that describes the currently presented data set and then selects one of the suggested sets from the list.

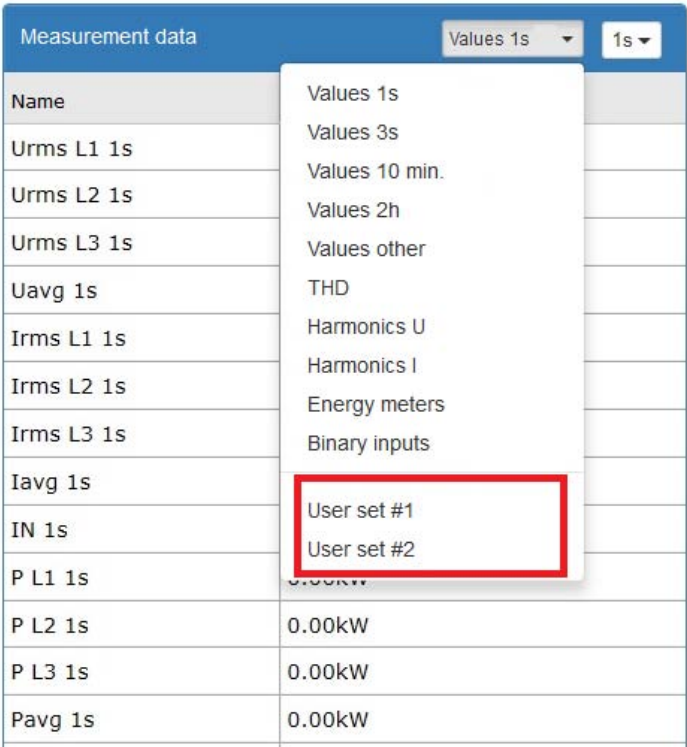


Fig. 83. Web server - selection of User sets

3.2.7 Change of measurement data refresh time

Changing the refresh time allows the User to adjust the update frequency of the measurement data displayed on the page.

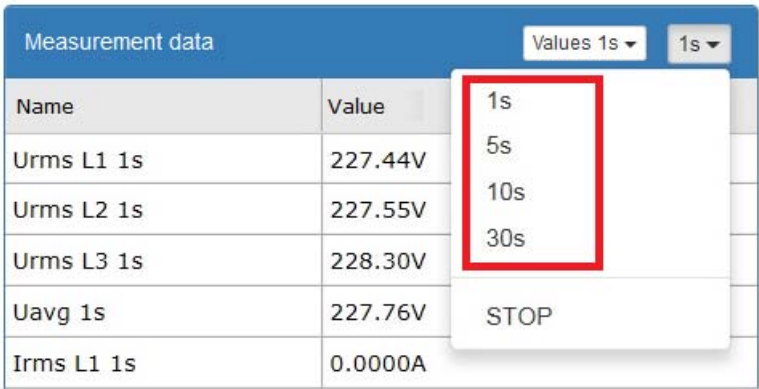


Fig. 84. Web server - change of refresh interval.

3.2.8 Disabling the measurement data refresh

Disabling refresh stops downloading of measurement data from the device and keeps the values displayed at the time of refresh stop.

Measurement data		Values 1s	1s
Name	Value	1s 5s 10s 30s STOP	
Urms L1 1s	227.44V		
Urms L2 1s	227.55V		
Urms L3 1s	228.30V		
Uavg 1s	227.76V		
Irms L1 1s	0.0000A		

Fig. 85. Web server - disabling refresh of the measured values.

3.2.9 Preview of alarms

View of a sample window with Alarms module is presented in section 3. *Web server management*, the module is described in section 3.1 *Navigation*.

3.2.10 Confirmation of alarms

Alarms Alarm 1 (Urms L1 200ms = 223.7V) (> 200)09:48:44 Alarm 2 (Urms L2 200ms = 223.73V) (> 210)09:48:45 Confirm Fig. 86. Web server - alarm 1.	The window of alarms module with information about alarms occurrence.
Alarms Alarm 1 (Urms L1 200ms = 223.7V) (> 200)09:48:44 Alarm 2 (Urms L2 200ms = 223.73V) (> 210)09:48:45 Confirm Fig. 87. Web server - alarm 2.	The User selects the alarm to be confirmed and confirms the selection pressing Confirm.
Alarms Alarm 1 (Urms L1 200ms = 223.7V) (> 200)09:48:44 Alarm 2 (Urms L2 200ms = 223.73V) (> 210)09:48:45 Confirm Fig. 88. Web server - alarm 3.	View of alarms module after alarm confirmation : Alarm 1 (Urms L1 200ms = 223.7V) (> 200) time 09:48:44

3.2.11 Preview of files

View of a sample window with Files module is presented in section 3. *Web server management*, the module is described in section 3.1 *Navigation*.

Sample files are stored on SD card.

Function	Sample file	Description
Archive	2016-01-19 08_16_46.ND40Arch	Archive file with the option of preview and export to csv. Format compatible with SQLite.
Configuration	Config_20160112_1727.ND40	The configuration file allows the User to set the configuration from the file on the device.
Alarm logs	alarm.log.csv	Information about alarms occurrence.
System logs	audit.log.csv	Information about system events.
Dips and swells	dipswell.log.csv	Information about the event occurrence.
Dips and swells measurements	dipswellsamples.log.csv	Information with additional measurements preceding and occurring immediately after the event.
Update	ND40_firmware_0.2.5.img	Update file

3.2.12 File list refresh

The element of the file management module with which the User can update the list of available files is selected below.

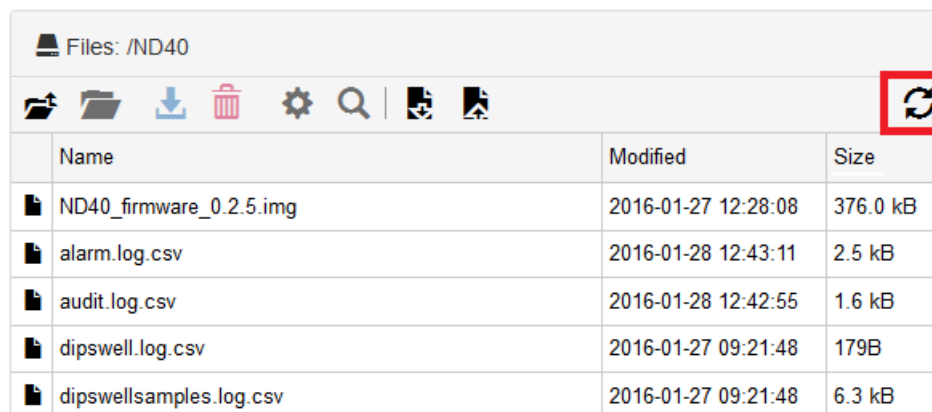


Fig. 89. Web server - files refresh

3.2.13 Opening and closing directories

The element of the file management module with which the User can open or close the available directories is selected below.

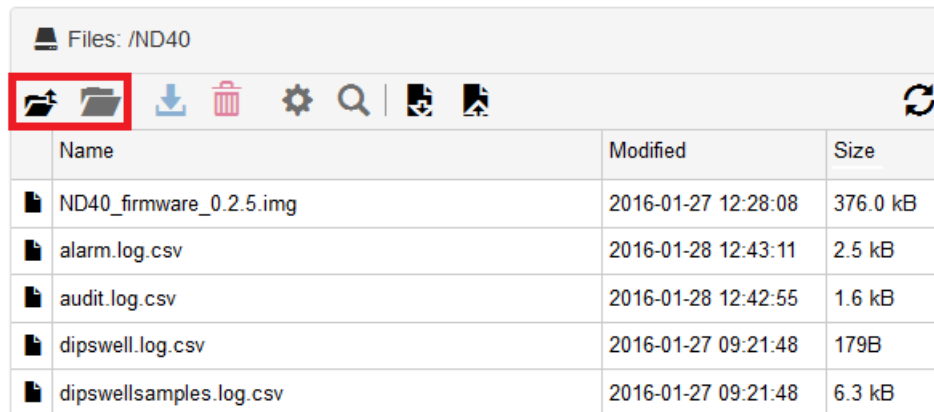


Fig. 90. Web server - opening and closing directories.

3.2.14 Downloading files

The element of the file management module with which the User can download the available files is selected below.

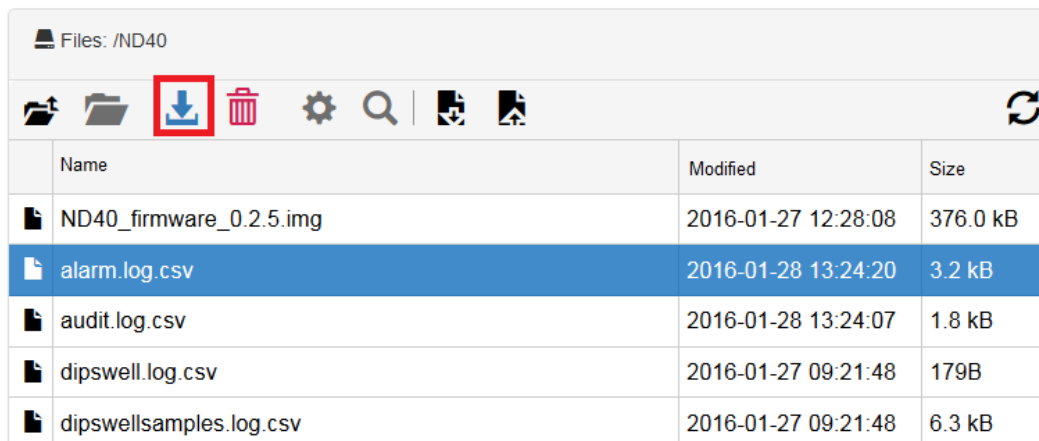


Fig. 91. Web server - downloading files.

3.2.15 Deleting files

The element of the file management module with which the User can delete the available files is selected below.

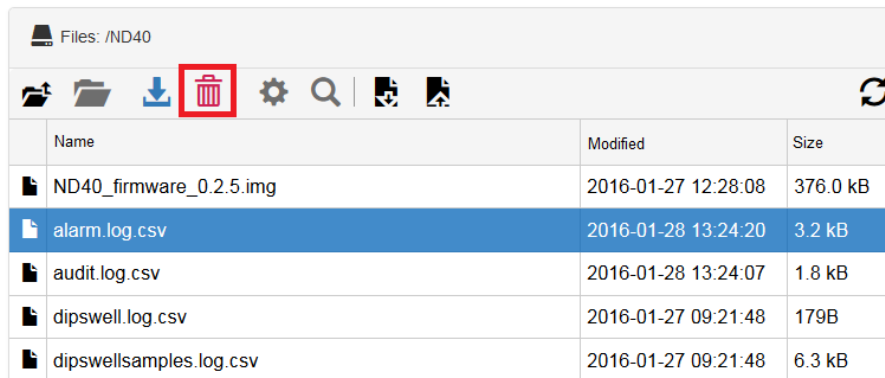


Fig. 92. Web server - deleting files.

3.2.16 Setting configuration from a file

The element of the file management module with which the User can set the ND40 configuration from a file is selected below.

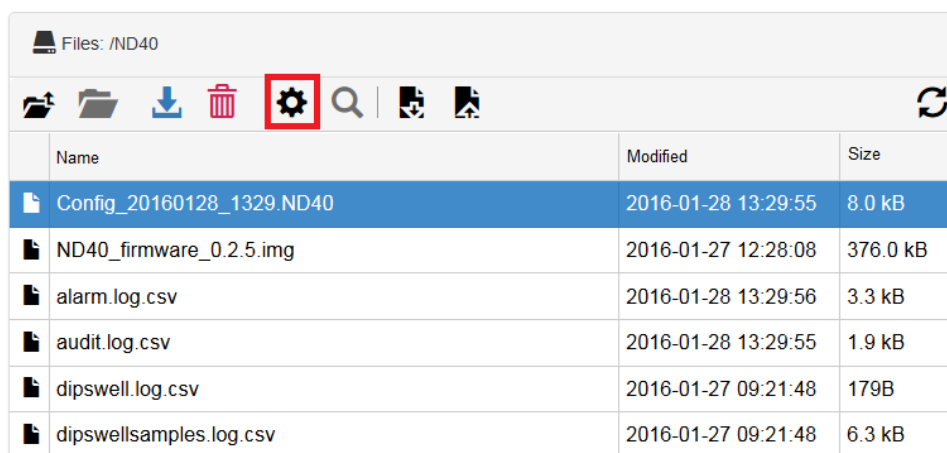
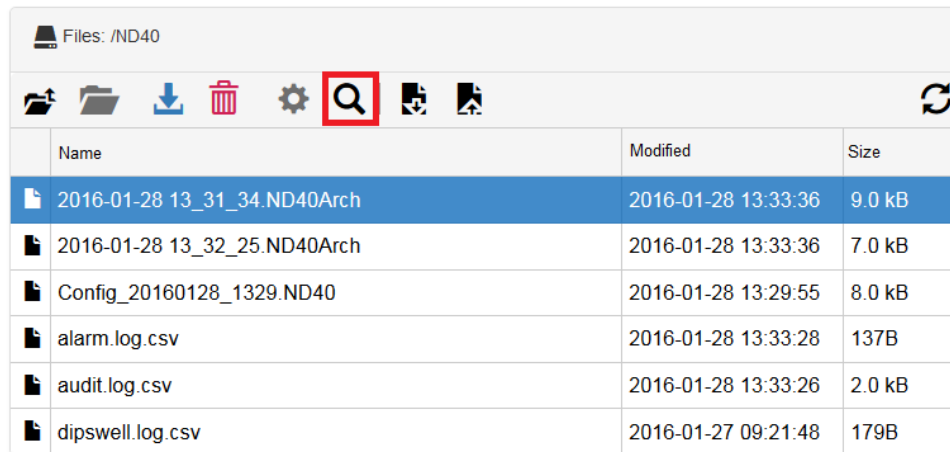


Fig. 93. Web server - loading configuration from a file.

3.2.17 Displaying the file contents

The element of the file management module with which the User can preview the available files is selected below.

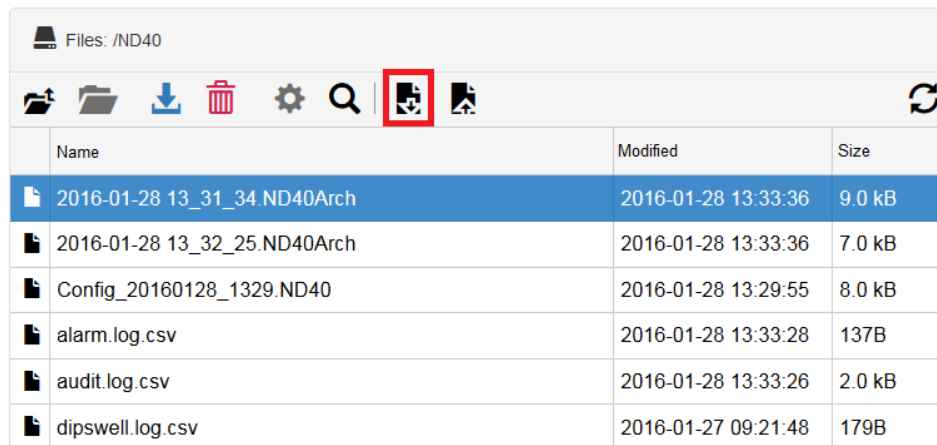


Name	Modified	Size
2016-01-28 13_31_34.ND40Arch	2016-01-28 13:33:36	9.0 kB
2016-01-28 13_32_25.ND40Arch	2016-01-28 13:33:36	7.0 kB
Config_20160128_1329.ND40	2016-01-28 13:29:55	8.0 kB
alarm.log.csv	2016-01-28 13:33:28	137B
audit.log.csv	2016-01-28 13:33:26	2.0 kB
dipswell.log.csv	2016-01-27 09:21:48	179B

Fig. 94. Web server - preview of file contents.

3.2.18 Downloading the current configuration

The element of the file management module with which the User can download the current configuration of the analyzer is selected below.



Name	Modified	Size
2016-01-28 13_31_34.ND40Arch	2016-01-28 13:33:36	9.0 kB
2016-01-28 13_32_25.ND40Arch	2016-01-28 13:33:36	7.0 kB
Config_20160128_1329.ND40	2016-01-28 13:29:55	8.0 kB
alarm.log.csv	2016-01-28 13:33:28	137B
audit.log.csv	2016-01-28 13:33:26	2.0 kB
dipswell.log.csv	2016-01-27 09:21:48	179B

Fig. 95. Web server - loading configuration from a file.

3.2.19 Sending a file

The element of the file management module with which the User can send files to the memory card is selected below.

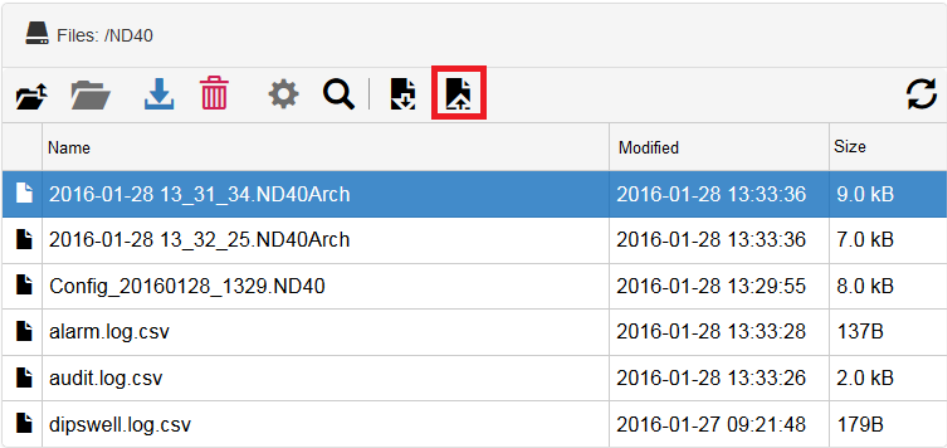


Fig. 96. Web server - sending a file.

3.2.20 Preview of archive files

Using the option described in section 3.2.17 (displaying the file contents) the User can preview the saved archive files.

Archive 2016-01-19 08_16_46.ND40Arch

Column separator: **tab** Decimal separator: **,**

#	Time	Name	Value	Unit
1	2016-01-19 08:16:58.000	Urms L1 200ms	224.524	V
2	2016-01-19 08:16:58.200	Urms L1 200ms	224.706	V
3	2016-01-19 08:16:58.400	Urms L1 200ms	224.76	V
4	2016-01-19 08:16:58.600	Urms L1 200ms	224.622	V
5	2016-01-19 08:16:58.800	Urms L1 200ms	224.708	V
6	2016-01-19 08:16:59.000	Urms L1 200ms	224.605	V
7	2016-01-19 08:16:59.200	Urms L1 200ms	224.353	V
8	2016-01-19 08:16:59.400	Urms L1 200ms	224.672	V
9	2016-01-19 08:16:59.600	Urms L1 200ms	224.622	V
10	2016-01-19 08:16:59.800	Urms L1 200ms	224.341	V
11	2016-01-19 08:17:00.000	Urms L1 200ms	224.677	V
12	2016-01-19 08:17:00.200	Urms L1 200ms	224.716	V
13	2016-01-19 08:17:00.400	Urms L1 200ms	224.564	V
14	2016-01-19 08:17:00.600	Urms L1 200ms	224.692	V
15	2016-01-19 08:17:00.800	Urms L1 200ms	224.662	V

Close

Files: /ND40

Search icon highlighted

Name	Modified	Size
2016-01-19 08_16_46.ND40Arch	2016-01-19 08:17:26	10.0 kB
2016-01-19 08_21_26.ND40Arch	2016-01-19 08:21:50	7.0 kB
Config_20160112_1727.ND40	2016-01-12 17:27:38	10.7 kB
Config_20160113_1101.ND40	2016-01-13 11:01:54	10.9 kB
alarm.log.csv	2016-01-19 10:00:32	1.5 kB
audit.log.csv	2016-01-19 09:48:30	639B

Fig. 97. Web server - preview of archive file.

A sample archive file with the description of tools for presenting and editing is shown below.

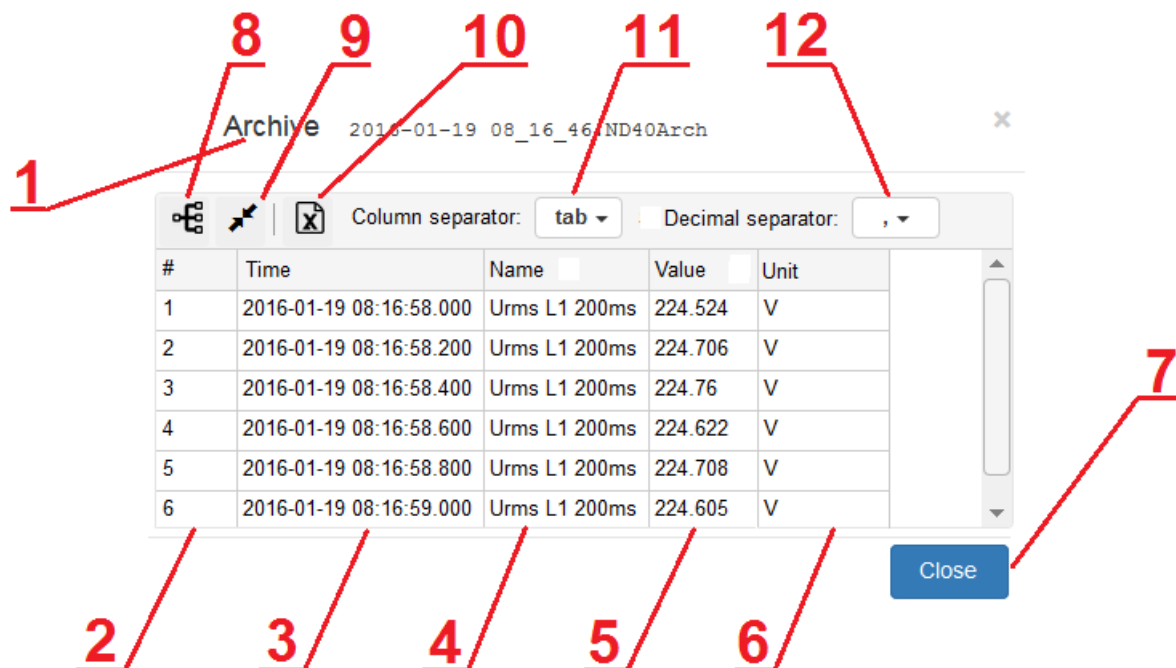


Fig. 98. Web server - properties of archive file.

Option	Description
1	The name of the previewed archive file.
2	The column with the consecutive numbering of the entries in the archive.
3	The column with archiving date and time.
4	The column with the description of the archived parameter.
5	The column with the archived value.
6	The column with the unit of the archived value.
7	The button to exit the archive file preview.
8	The option of grouping according to archiving time.
9	The option of automatic adjustment of the columns width.
10	The option to save the archive file in csv. format.
11	The option to select the columns separator.
12	The option to select the decimal separator.

3.2.21 Preview of system information

View of a sample window with System Information module is presented in section 3. *Web server management*, the module is described in section 3.1 *Navigation*.

4. FTP server management

4.1. Navigation

Switching to the FTP server is possible, for example, by means of the browser window. By using the IP address assigned to the analyzer and entering the FTP access settings into Ethernet tab.



Fig. 99. FTP server.

If the User uses the Users' access (recommended) he/she will be redirected to the login screen. After proper verification of the login and password, the User will be redirected to the stored files.

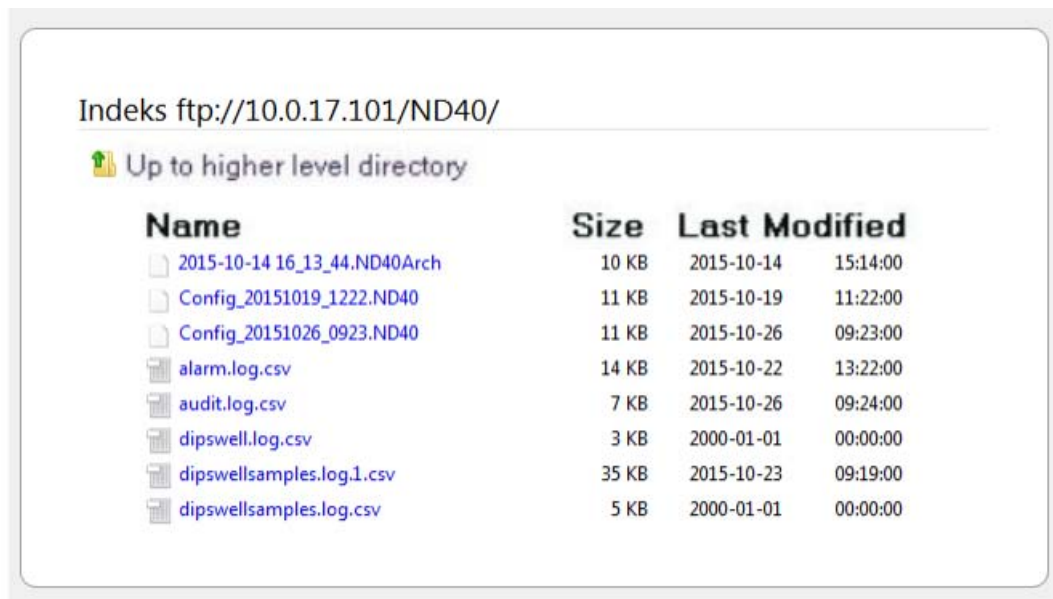


Fig. 100. FTP server - files.

5. Configuration of the device parameters

5.1. Configuration management

After login the User can choose one of the three options of configuration changes :

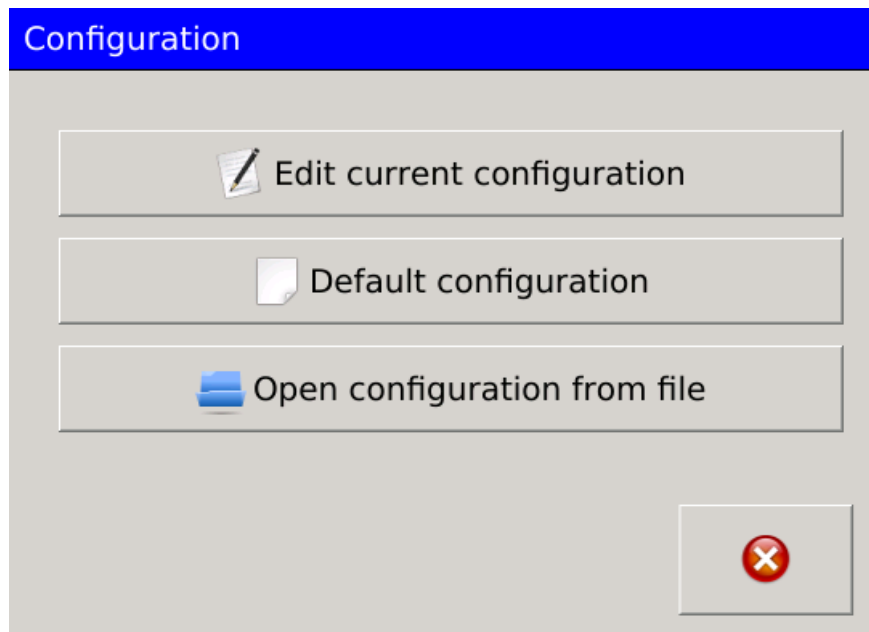


Fig. 101. Configuration.

Option	Description
Edit current configuration	Switching to the Control Panel.
Default configuration	Restores the default configuration for the device.
Open configuration from file	Launches the file browser with a choice of available configuration files.

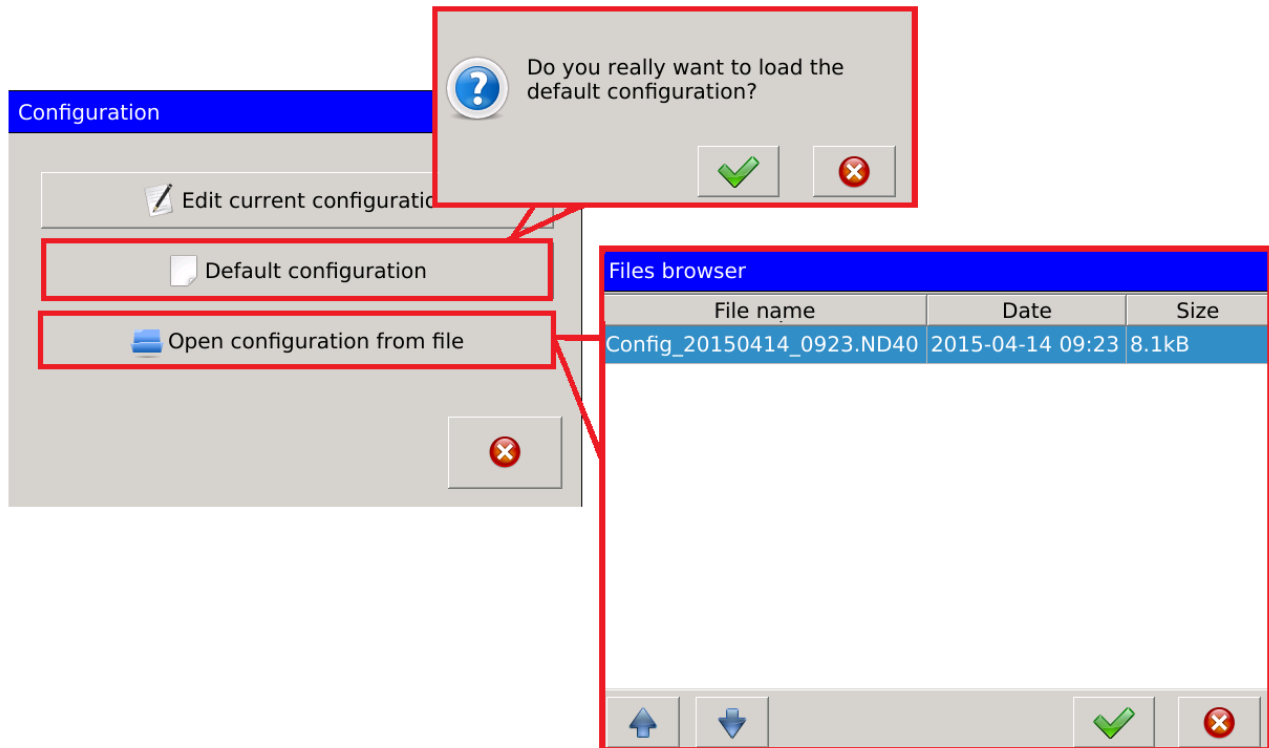


Fig. 102. Configuration - default configuration.

Default configuration settings are preceded by a dialog box requiring confirmation by the User.

File Browser shows the available configuration files possible to be opened and set in ND40. File Browser window contains:

Option	Description
File name	Individual name defined by the User when saving.
Date	Restores the default configuration for the device.
Size	The amount of memory used by the file.

Closing the Control Panel window is shown below. After one option is selected, a dialog box appears to confirm the completion of the configuration edition.

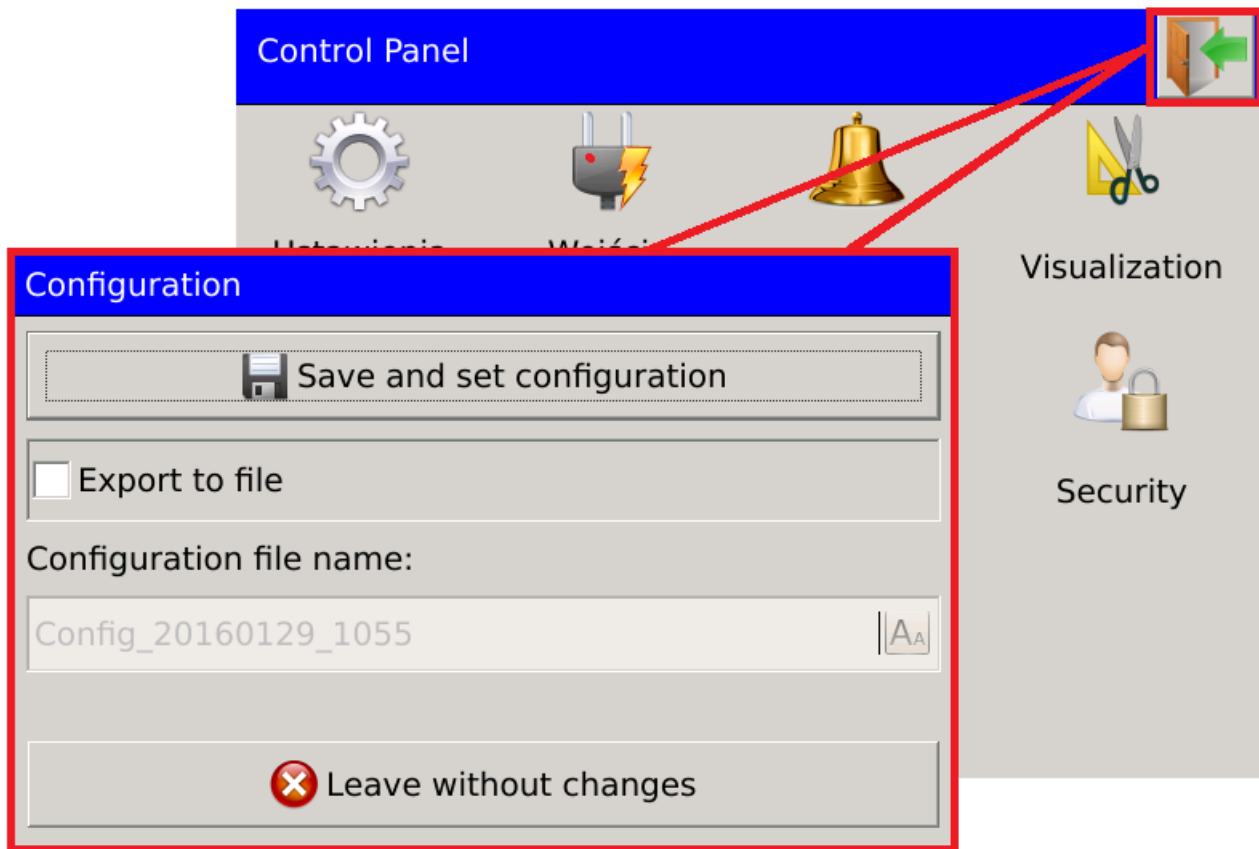


Fig. 103. Configuration - saving.

To save the configuration settings to a file, select the option as shown below. Selecting a field with the name of the file, the User can change the name of the file that normally contains the name describing the file to be saved and the date and time.



Fig. 104. Configuration - saving to file.

5.2. Configuration of general settings

5.2.1. Basic parameters

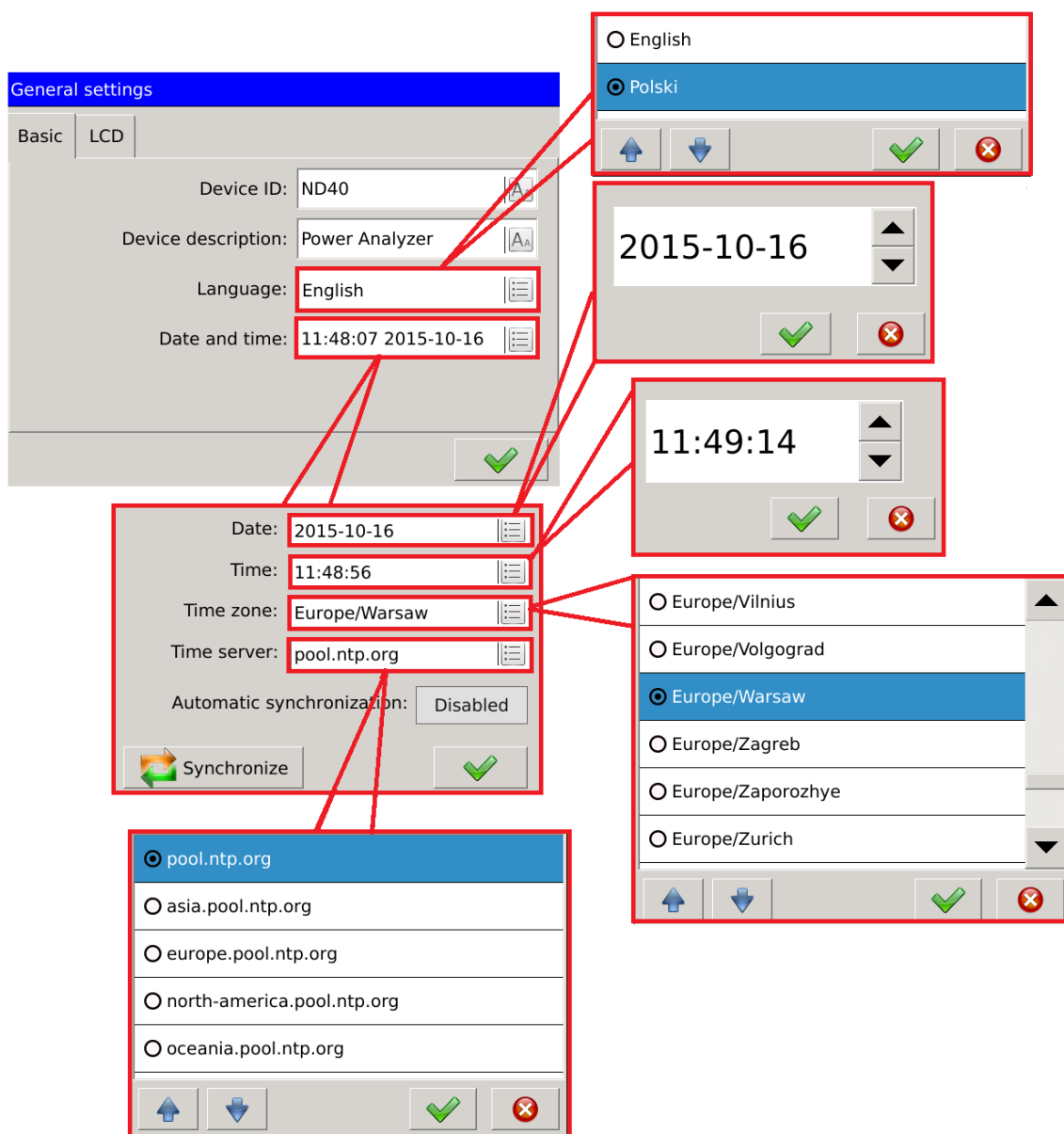


Fig. 105. General settings - basic.

Parameter		Description
Device ID		Assigned ID. The User can change the description.
Device description		Editable description of the device.
Language		This option allows the User to select the language of the device operation.
Date and time	Date	Edit box to change the date of the device. The user selects the element of the date on the screen (year - month - day) which is to be modified by means of buttons ▲ ▼.

Time	Editing time is carried out as described for the date. In this case the User edits the selected elements of time (hour - minute - second).
Time zone	The selection list allows the User to select any time zone.
Time server	Selection of time server providing the standard UTC time.
Automatic synchronization	Enabling automatic synchronization makes it impossible to manually set the date and time that will be retrieved from the selected time server for the selected time zone. Disabling synchronization allows the User to specify their own date and time settings.
Synchronize	Forcing the synchronization of the system time in the application

5.2.2. LCD settings

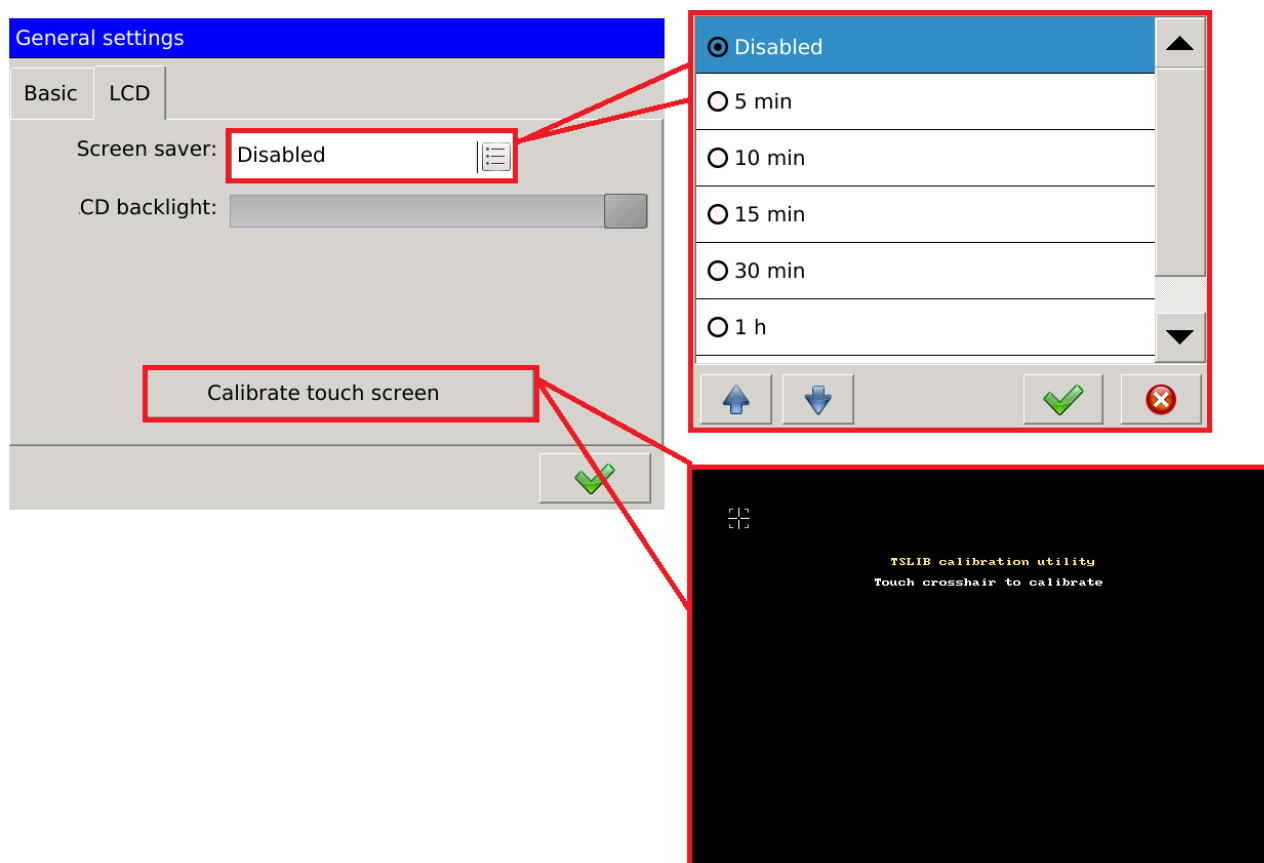


Fig. 106. General settings - LCD.

Parameter	Description
Screen saver	This option allows the User to enable or disable the screen saver. The User selects the time range from the list, after which the device's screen goes blank, or remains on.
LCD backlight	Adjusts the brightness of the device screen. Using the slider, the User changes the intensity of the backlight. The maximum value is set when the slider is moved to the right, moving to the left will reduce the brightness of the screen.
Calibrate touch screen	After selecting the calibration option the User will be redirected to the calibration window. In the next steps of the calibration the User must touch the points indicated on the screen. The screen is calibrated at five points, after calibration the device returns to the initial screen. Calibration of the screen cannot be stopped, when the screen is wrongly calibrated, the described process must be repeated.

5.3. Configuration of measurement input

5.3.1. General settings

The screenshot shows the 'Measurement input' configuration window with the 'General' tab selected. The parameters and their current values are:

- Nominal I/U: 5 A / 230 V
- Base frequency: 50Hz
- Connection type: 4-wire input (3 + ground)
- Phase for synchronization: U L1
- Demand averaging time: 15 min.

Five callout boxes show the selection pop-ups for these parameters:

- Nominal I/U:** Options are 5 A / 230 V (selected) and 1 A / 230 V.
- Base frequency:** Options are 50Hz (selected) and 60Hz.
- Connection type:** Options are 3-wire input and 4-wire input (3 + ground) (selected).
- Phase for synchronization:** Options are U L1 (selected), U L2, U L3, I L1, I L2, and I L3.
- Demand averaging time:** Options are 15 min. (selected), 30 min., and 60 min.

Fig. 107. Measurement inputs - general settings.

Parameter	Description
Nominal I/U	Selection of the nominal current and voltage for the device.
Base frequency	Selection of nominal frequency. For 50 Hz (measurement values from 150 periods), for 60 Hz (measurement values from 180 periods).
Connection type	Selecting the type of connection (3 or 4-wire).
Phase for synchronization	Parameter selection phase synchronization.
Demand averaging time	Setting the time range (defined in minutes) for the averaged parameters (Demand).

5.3.2. Voltage transformer ratio

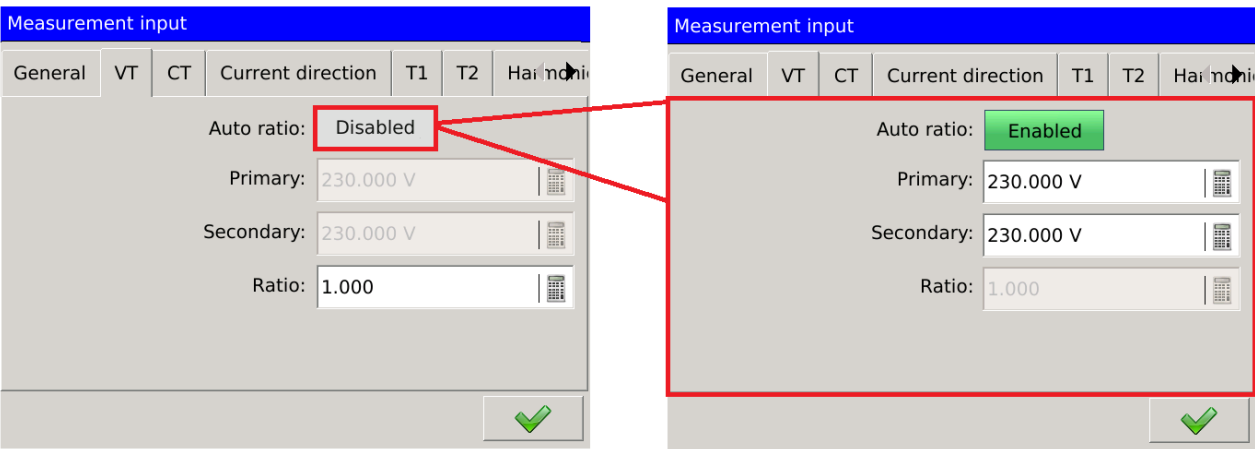


Fig. 108. Measurement input - voltage transformer ratio.

Parameter	Description	
Auto ratio	Enabling or disabling changes the method of voltage transformer ratio calculation.	
Primary	Primary voltage value.	The value of the voltage transformer ratio is calculated by dividing the primary value by secondary value.
Secondary	Secondary voltage value.	
Ratio	The value of voltage transformer ratio specified by the User.	

5.3.3. Current transformer ratio

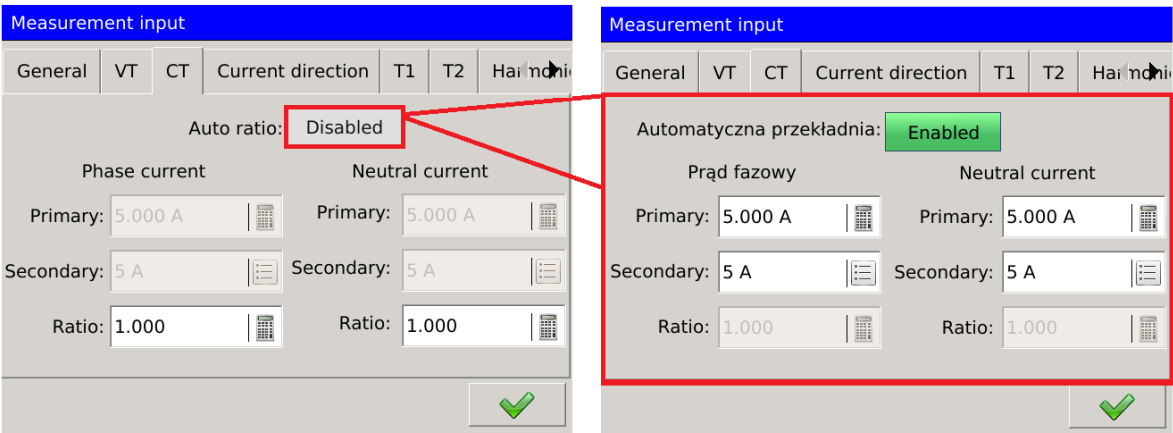


Fig. 109. Measurement input - current transformer ratio.

Parameter		Description	
Auto ratio		Enabling or disabling changes the method of current transformer ratio calculation.	
Phase current	Primary	Primary value of phase currents.	The value of the current transformer ratio is calculated by dividing the primary value by secondary value.
	Secondary	Secondary value of phase currents.	
Neutral current	Ratio	The value of current transformer ratio specified by the User.	
	Primary	Primary value of neutral currents.	The value of the neutral current transformer ratio is calculated by dividing the primary value by secondary value.
	Secondary	Secondary value of neutral currents.	
	Ratio	The value of neutral current transformer ratio specified by the User.	

5.3.4. Current direction

Measurement input

General

VT

CT

Current direction

T1

T2

Harmonics

Reverse current direction L1:

Enabled

Reverse current direction L2:

Disabled

Reverse current direction L3:

Disabled

Fig. 110. Measurement input - current direction.

Parameter	Description
Reverse current direction L1 - L3	Fields allowing for reversing current direction for the individual phases.

5.3.5. Temperature and resistance

The figure illustrates the configuration of the Measurement input dialog box for temperature and resistance measurement. It shows two states: 'Disabled' and 'Enabled'.

Disabled State (Top Window):

- Measurement input: Disabled
- Sensor type: PT100
- Temperature offset: 0°C
- Wires resistance: 0Ω
- Range: -200 .. 850

Enabled State (Bottom Window):

- Measurement input: Enabled
- Sensor type: PT100
- Temperature offset: 0°C
- Wires resistance: 0Ω
- Range: -200 .. 850

Select the option (Callout):

- Options: PT100, PT1000, Resistance (selected)

Editing range (Callout):

- Min: -200
- Max: 850

Fig. 111. Measurement input - temperature/resistance.

Parameter	Description
Enabled/Disabled	Enables or disables the function of temperature or resistance measurement.
Sensor type	Selection of the type of temperature (Pt100, Pt1000) or resistance sensor.
Temperature offset	Offset values for the measured temperature.
Wires resistance	Wires resistance values for the measured resistance value.
Range	Selection of the range for the selected sensor type. The User can change the standard minimum and maximum values assigned to the selected sensor.

Measurement input

VTCTCurrent directionT1T2Harmonics◀▶

PWHD factor

First harmonic number: 1

Last harmonic number: 51

✓

Fig. 112. Measurement input - temperature/resistance.

Parameter	Description
First harmonic number	Selection of the first harmonic for PWHD calculation.
Last harmonic number	Selection of the last harmonic for PWHD calculation.

5.4. Configuration of alarms

The window of alarms configuration allows the User to define up to twelve measurement outputs.

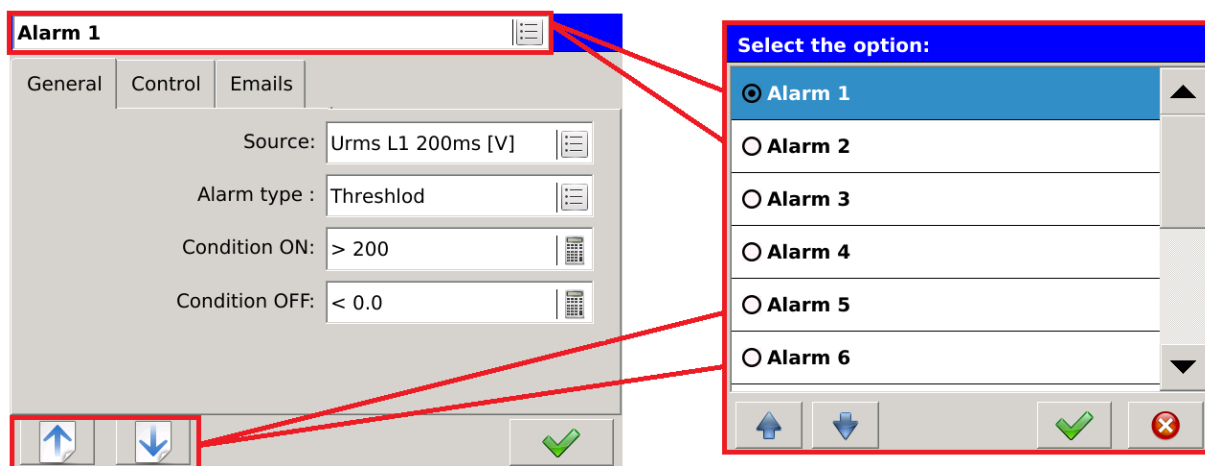


Fig. 113. Alarms - navigation.

Alarm configuration is assigned to a specific number. Navigating between successive alarms is done by means of buttons   or directly via the selection list at the top of the screen.

5.4.1. General settings

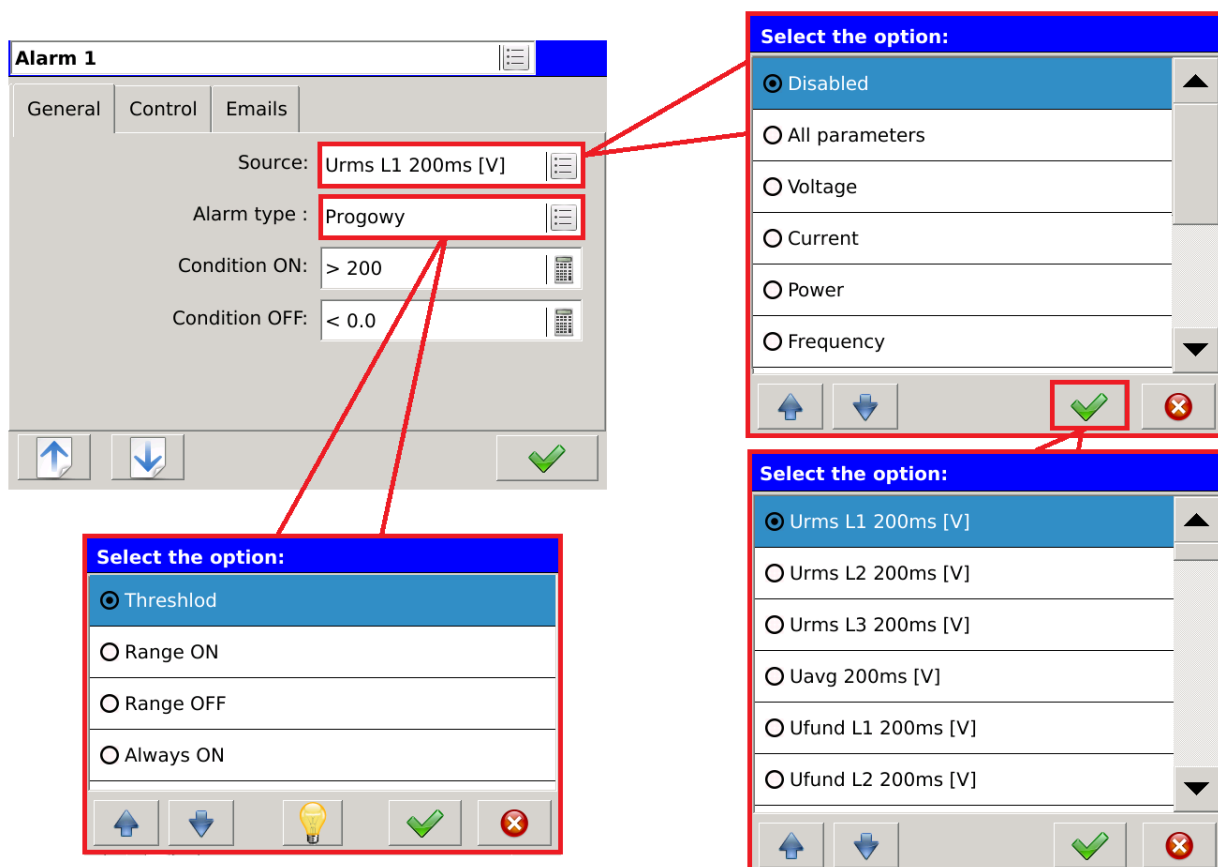


Fig. 114. Alarms - general settings.

Parameter		Description
Source		Selection of the alarm source. First, the User selects the parameter group and in the next step, the selected parameter.
Alarm type	Threshold	The alarm is activated if Condition ON is fulfilled, deactivated if Condition OFF is fulfilled.
	Activated within range	The alarm is activated if the measured value is within a specified range. Value out of the range causes the alarm activation.
	Deactivated within range	The alarm is deactivated if the measured value is within a specified range. Value out of the range causes the alarm activation.
	Always ON	The alarm is always turned on.
Condition ON		Value of alarm activation.
Condition OFF		Value of alarm deactivation.

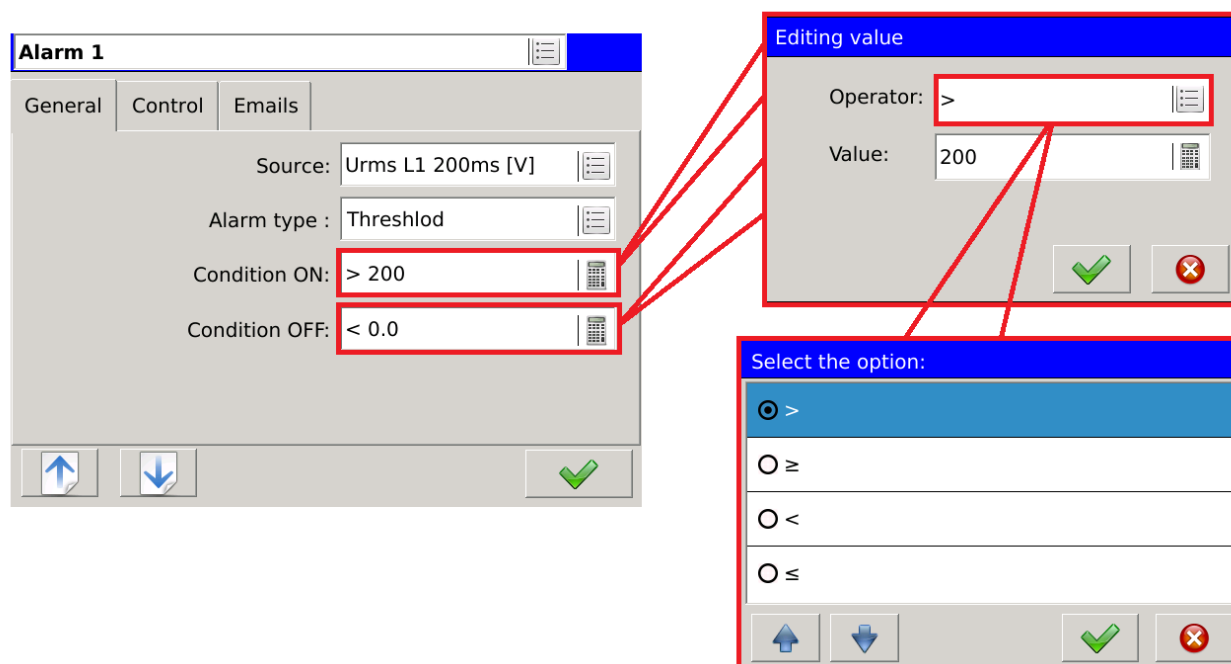


Fig. 115. Alarms - general settings, conditional.

Defining the condition of activation and deactivation the User defines the operator assigned to the condition and its associated value.

5.4.2. Control

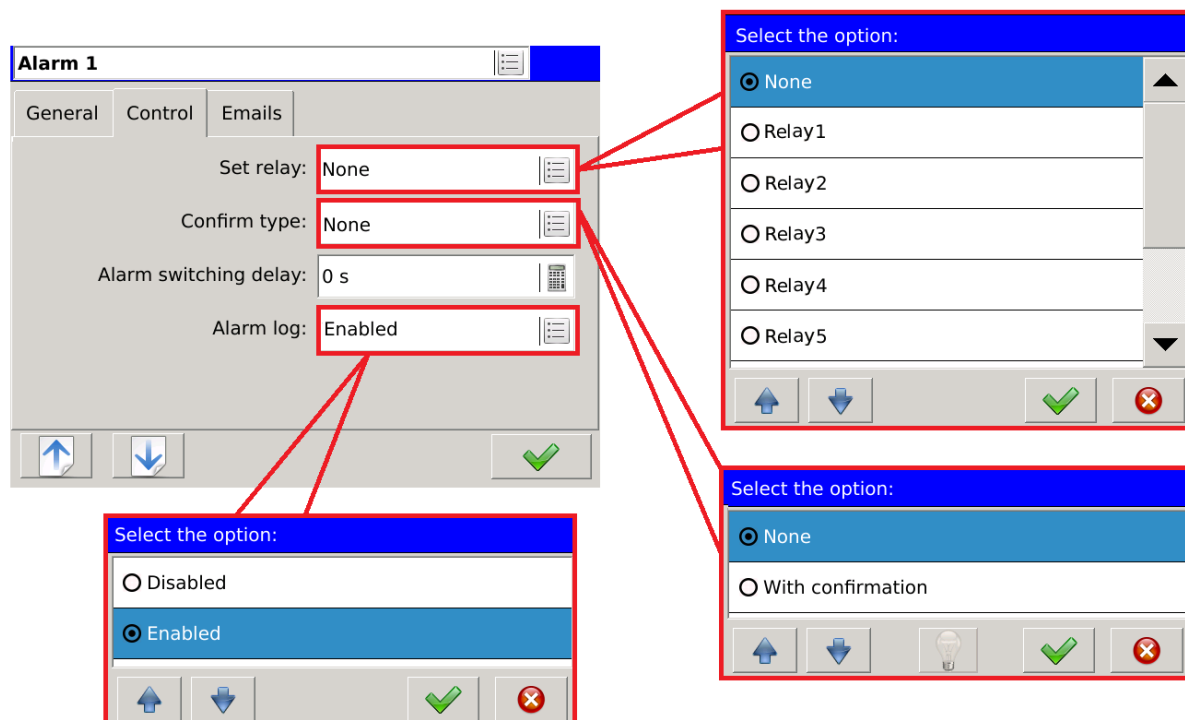


Fig. 116. Alarms - control.

Parameter		Description
Set relay		Assignment of relay to alarm output.
Confirm type	None	Turning off the alarm automatically deletes the information about the occurrence.
	With confirmation	After turning off the alarm, the information about the occurrence remains to be confirmed.
Alarm switching delay		Delay time of switching alarm states. After the event occurrence the alarm is activated or deactivated with the set delay time taken into account.
Alarm log		Sets the option which forces saving the events relating to the alarm to the alarm log (Alarms logs).

5.4.3. E-mail

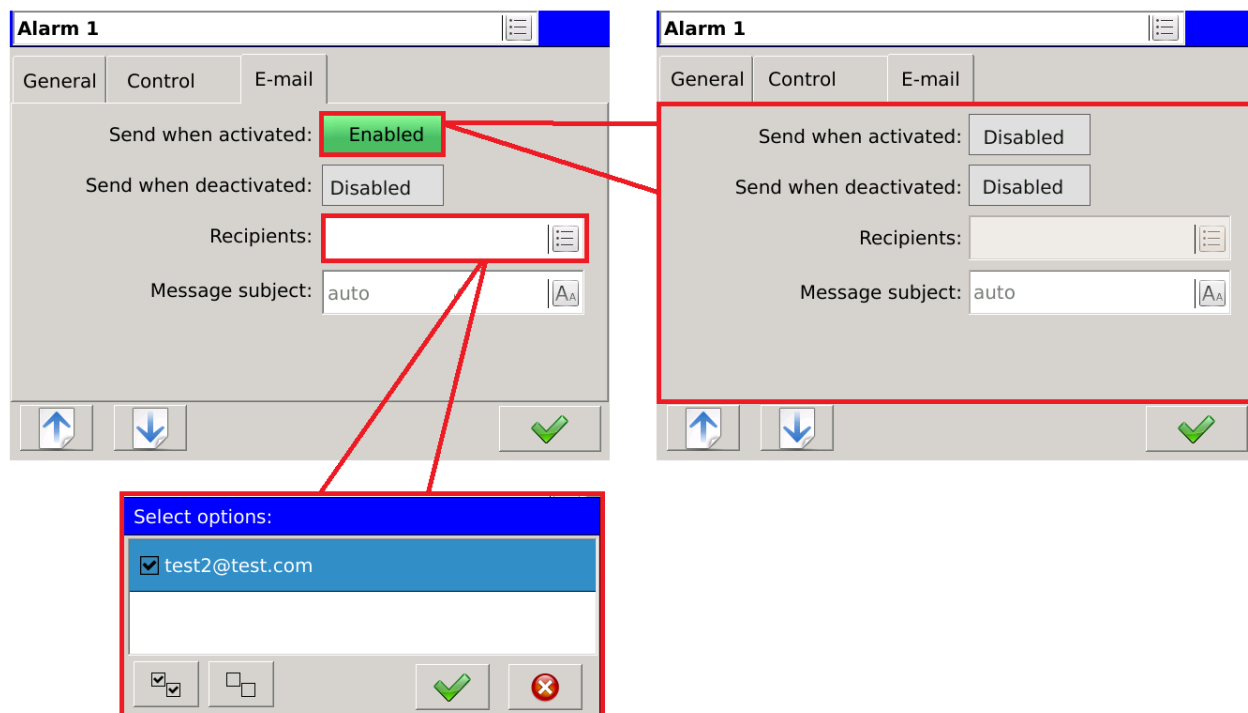


Fig. 117. Alarms – email.

Parameter	Description
Send when activated	Sending an e-mail with the information when the alarm is activated.
Send when deactivated	Sending an e-mail with the information when the alarm is deactivated.
Recipients	The selection list of the recipients to whom the message is sent. Recipients are defined under the Ethernet tab in the Control Panel .
Message subject	Edit box to define the subject of the e-mail. The default Auto option sends the message with the information about the alarm occurrence together with the ID and a description of the analyzer defined in the General Settings tab.

5.5. Configuration of visualization screens

5.5.1. Screens

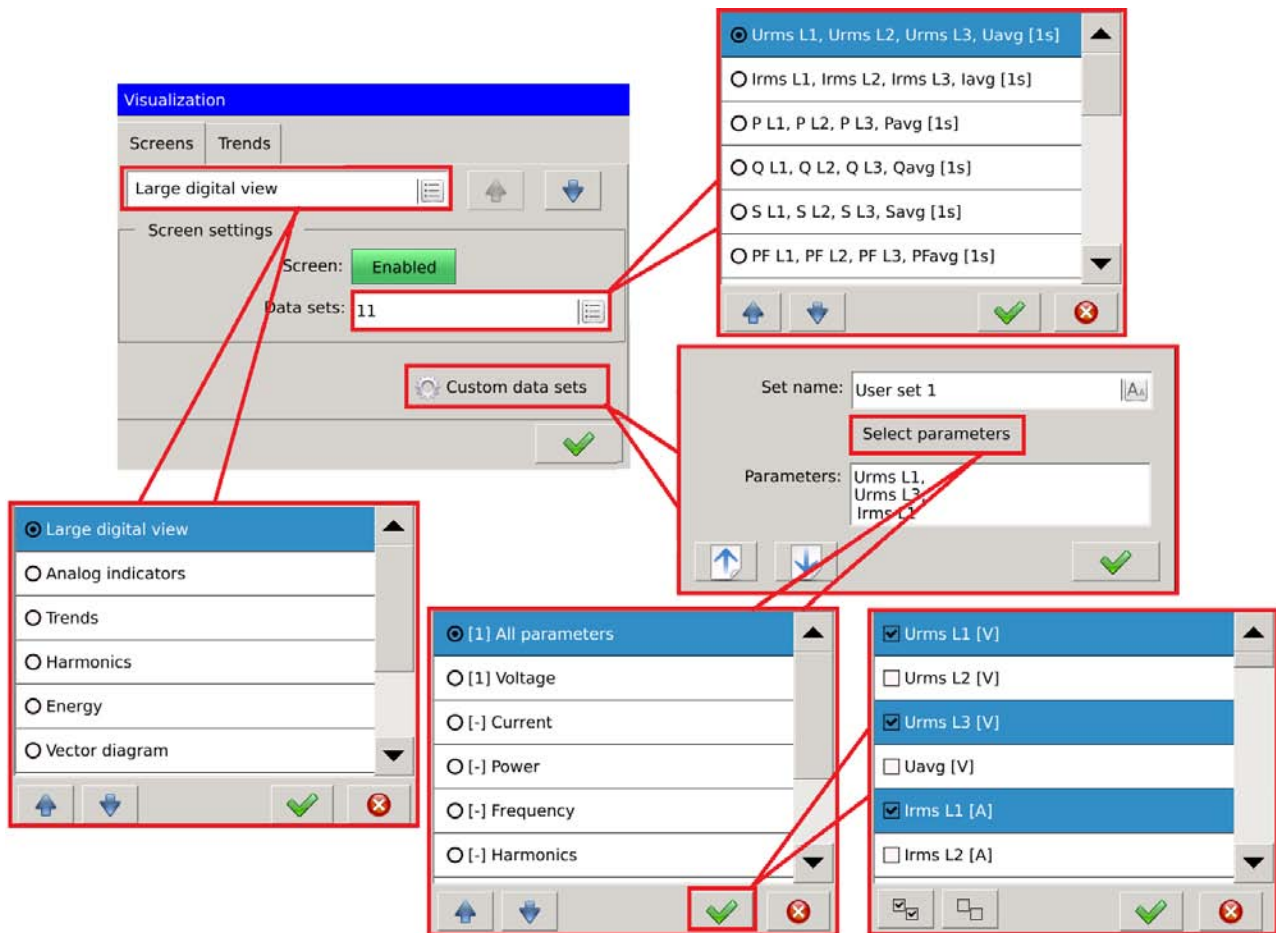


Fig. 118. Visualization - screens.

Parameter		Description
Large digital view		The User selects the type of the screen using the selection list (as shown in the example, or using the buttons   located on the right side of the selection list.
Screen settings	Screen	Disabling this option removes the view from the list of views displaying the measurement values of the screen.
	Data sets	The user can choose sets of views available to the currently selected screen type (in the example - Large digital view). The User can choose from default data sets and data sets defined individually (custom data sets).
Custom data sets	Set name	The user can define their own set name or keep the default name. By means of buttons   the User can navigate between the custom data sets.
	Parameters	This function enables the User to select parameters for the custom data set. The group to which the parameter is assigned is selected first. The user is

provided with the information about the parameters selected in the group. For example, designation [2] Voltage indicates that two parameters from the "Voltage" group were selected. Designation [-] indicates the lack of selected options in the group.

Additional options   allow for quick selection or removal of all elements of the list.

5.5.2. Trends

Screens of Trends view possible to be edited depend on the settings made in the tab **Visualization** → **Screens** → **Trends**.

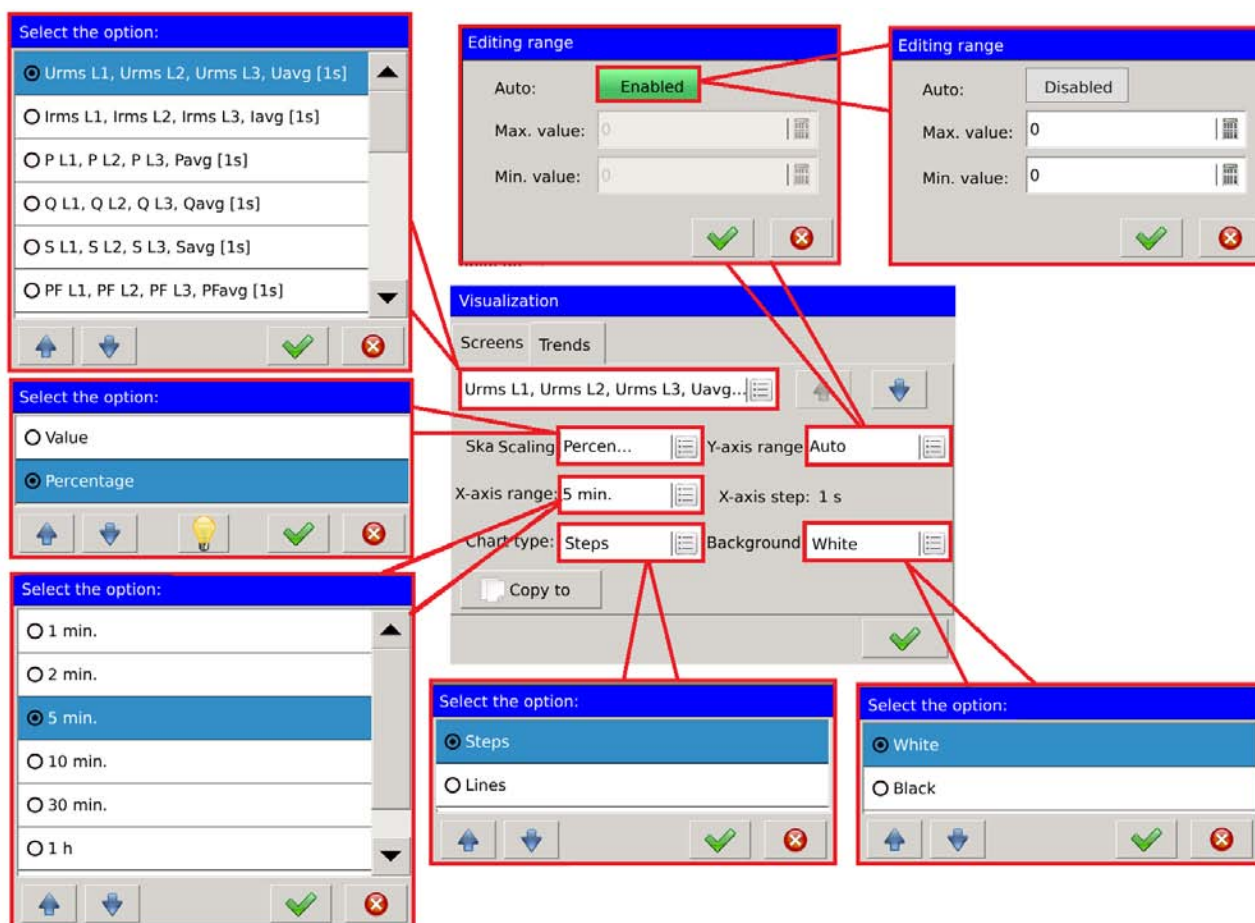


Fig. 119. Visualization - trends

Parameter		Description
Scaling	Value	Scaling to the parameter value.
	Percentage	Percentage scaling to the nominal value of the parameter range.
X-axis range		Time range of data presentation on the trends screen.
Chart type		The method of measured values presentation. Depending on the

Background		option selected the data is presented in a steps or lines.
Background		Selection of background color for the trends screen.
Y-axis range	Auto	Scaling option enabling or disabling affects the ability to edit the maximum and minimum values displayed on the Y-axis of the trends screen.
	Max. value	Maximum value of the Y-axis for the parameter presented on the trends screen
	Min. value	Minimum value of the Y-axis for the parameter presented on the trends screen

5.6. Configuration of Ethernet

5.6.1. General settings

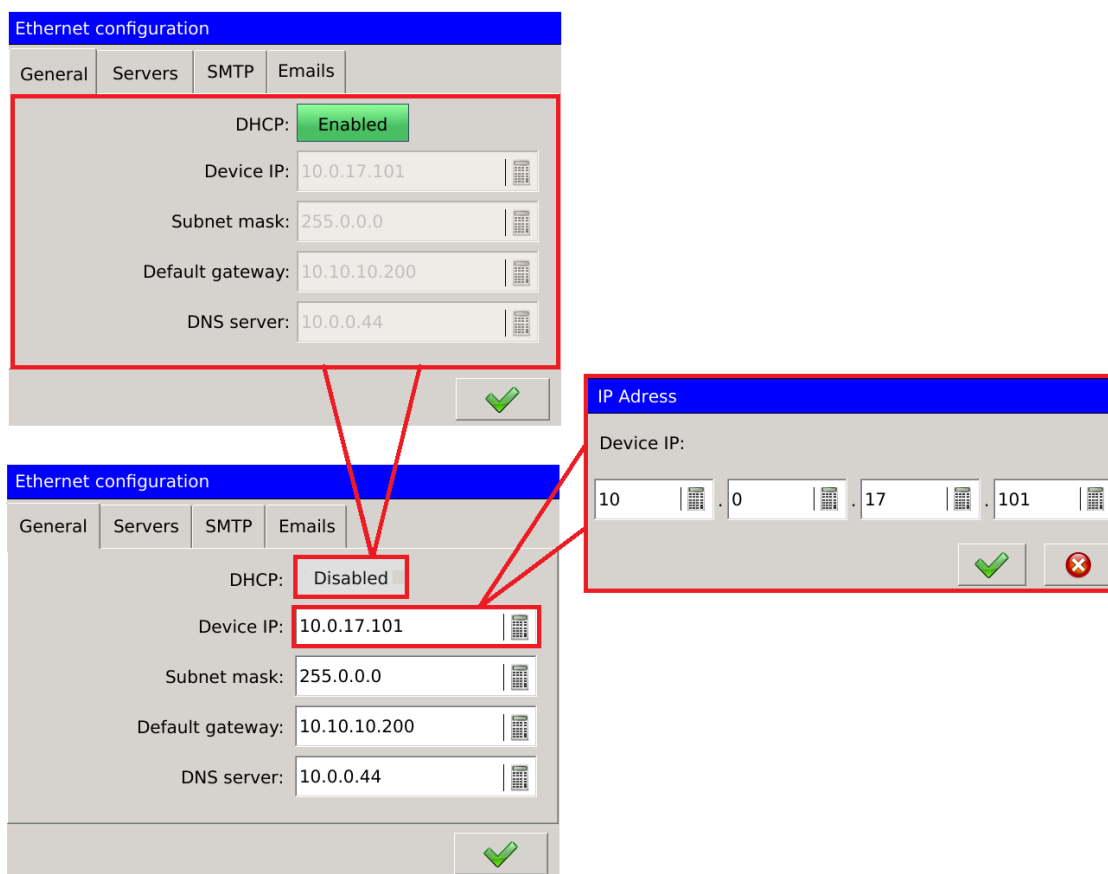


Fig. 120. Ethernet - general settings.

Parameter	Description
DHCP	Enables or disables DHCP. When enabled the service of automatic acquiring parameters of Ethernet interface IP protocol from external DHCP servers present within the same LAN is activated.
Device IP	Edit box for changing the IP address.

Subnet mask	Edit box for changing the subnet mask.
Default gateway	Edit box for changing the default gateway.

5.6.2. Servers

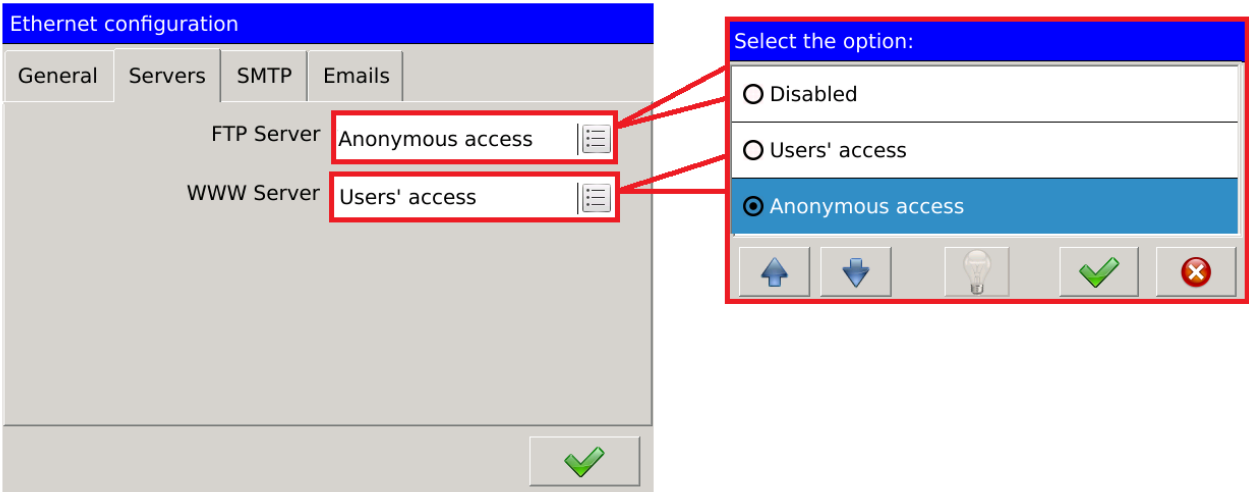


Fig. 121. Ethernet – servers.

Parameter		Description
FTP server WWW server	Disabled	Lack of access to Web or FTP server.
	Users' access	Access requires authorization (login required)
	Anonymous access	Access does not require authorization (no login required)

5.6.3. SMTP

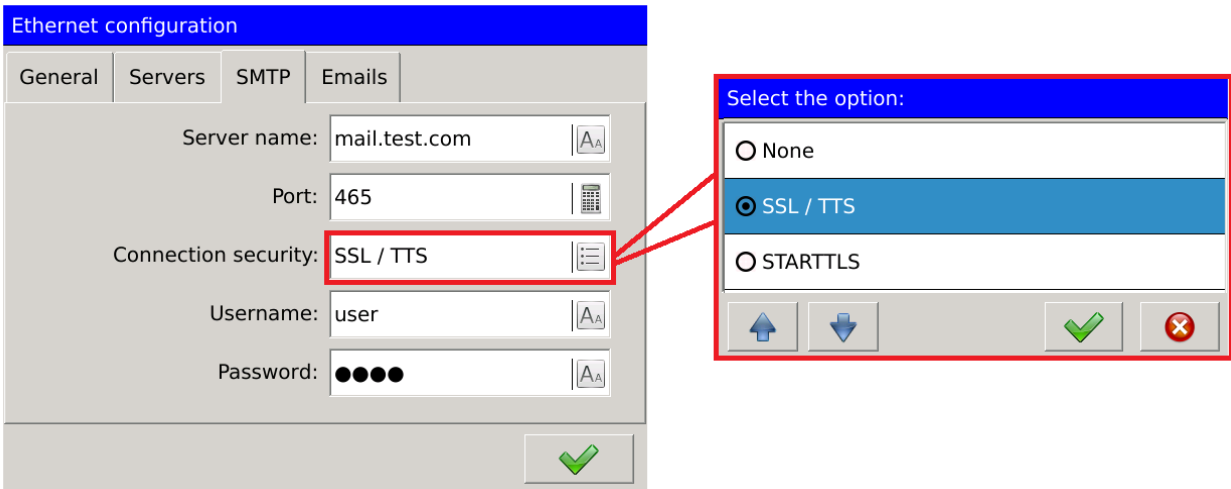


Fig. 122. Ethernet – smtp.

Parameter	Description
Server name	Outgoing mail server
Port	Outgoing mail server port
Connection security	Option to secure the outgoing mail
Username	Identifies the message sender
Password	Password to access the system

5.6.4. E-mail

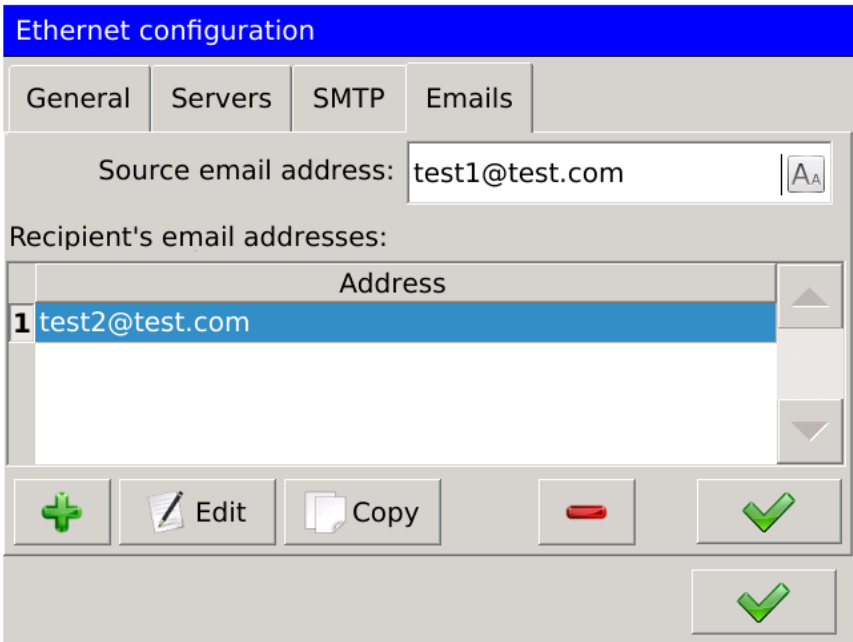


Fig. 123. Ethernet – email.

Parameter	Description
Source e-mail address	Outgoing mail server
Recipient's e-mail addresses	Lists of recipients' e-mail addresses with edit option. Maximum 10 addresses in the list.
	Adding a new recipient address to the address list or remove the existing address from the list.
Edit	Changing the existing address in the list of recipients.
Send a test message	Sending a test message to the address in the list of recipients.

5.7. Configuration of Modbus

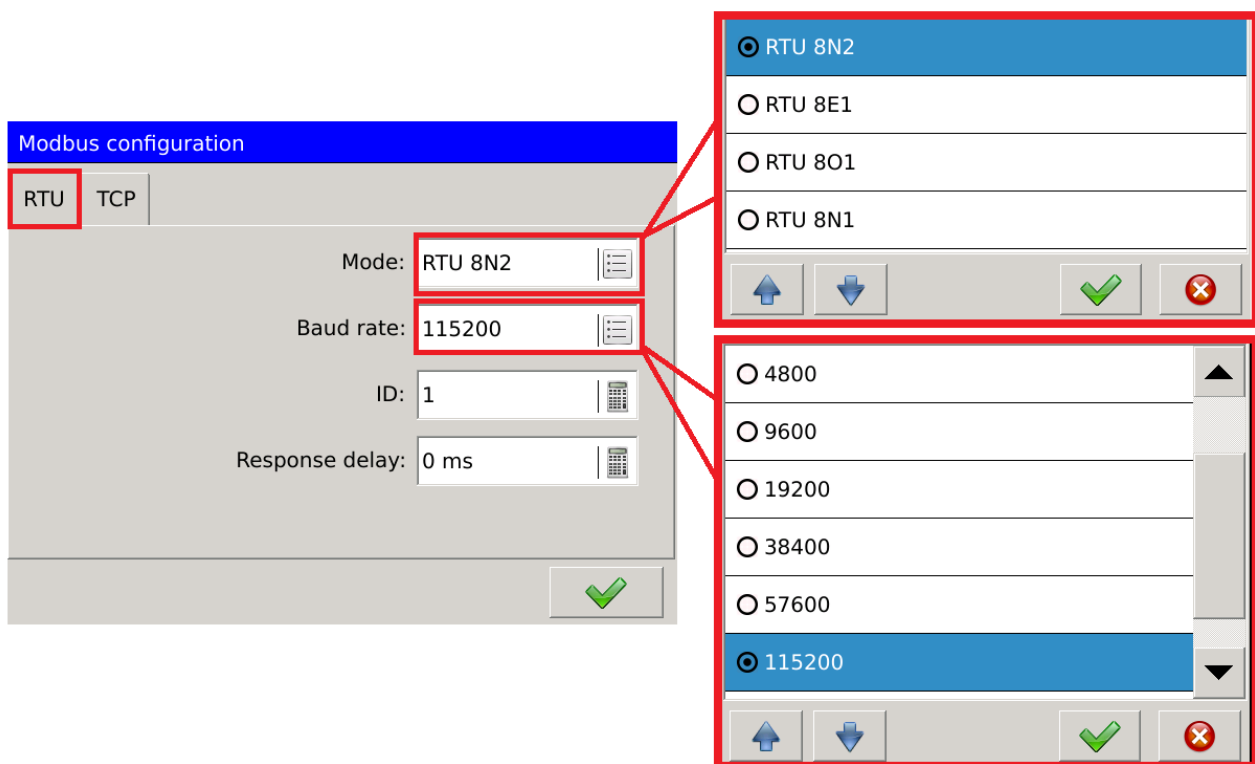


Fig. 124. Modbus slave.

Parameter	Description
Mode	Specifies the type of transmission frame of RS-485 interface.
Baud rate	RS-485 interface transmission speed.
ID	The device ID on the Modbus network.
TCP/IP	Enabling or disabling the Modbus TCP/IP mode.
TCP/IP port	Port number of Modbus TCP/IP protocol.
Response delay	Forced delay of response time.

5.8. Configuration of archiving

5.8.1. General settings.

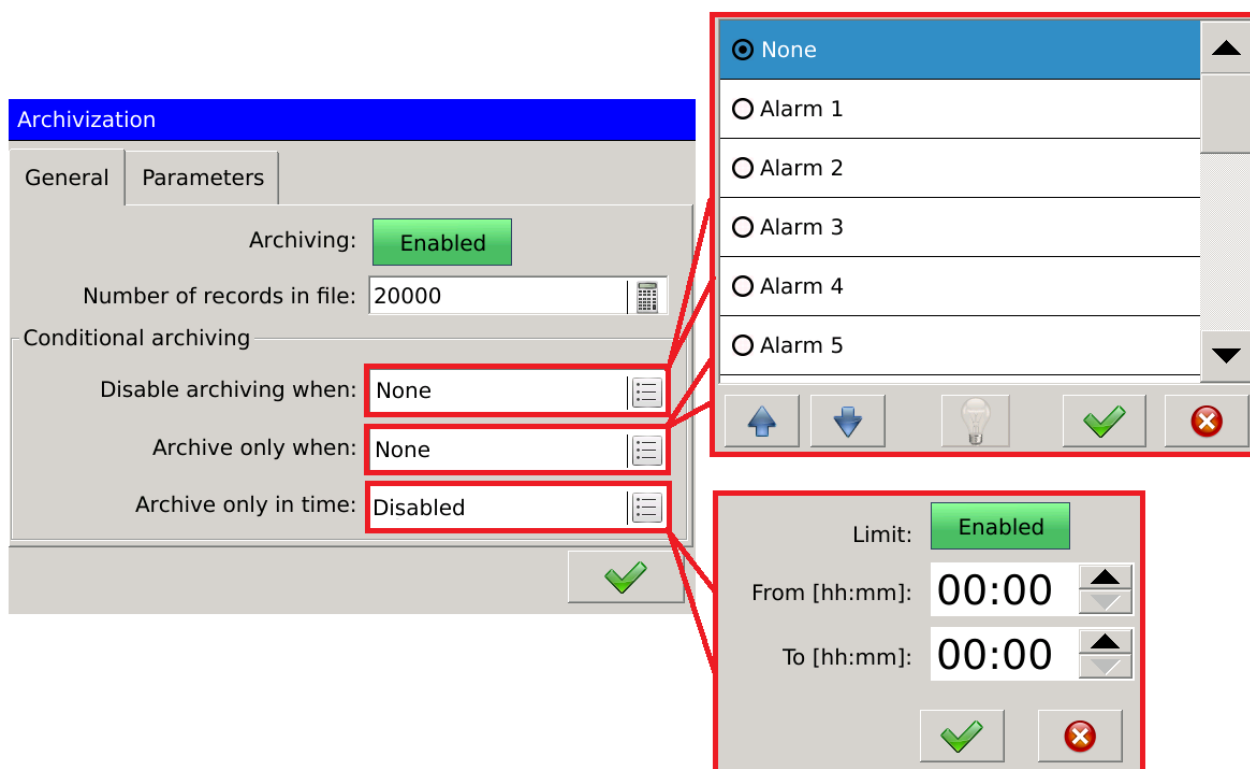


Fig. 125. Archiving - general settings.

Option		Description
Number of records in file		Specifies the maximum number of records possible to be saved to the file of archived values.
Enable archiving when		Assigning an alarm enabling archiving (when the alarm is active).
Disable archiving when		Assigning an alarm disabling archiving (when the alarm is active).
Archive only in time	Limit	Enabling this function activates archiving in the assigned time frame.
	From [hh:mm]	The beginning of the specified time frame of archiving.
	To [hh:mm]	The end of the specified time frame of archiving.

5.8.2. Parameters.

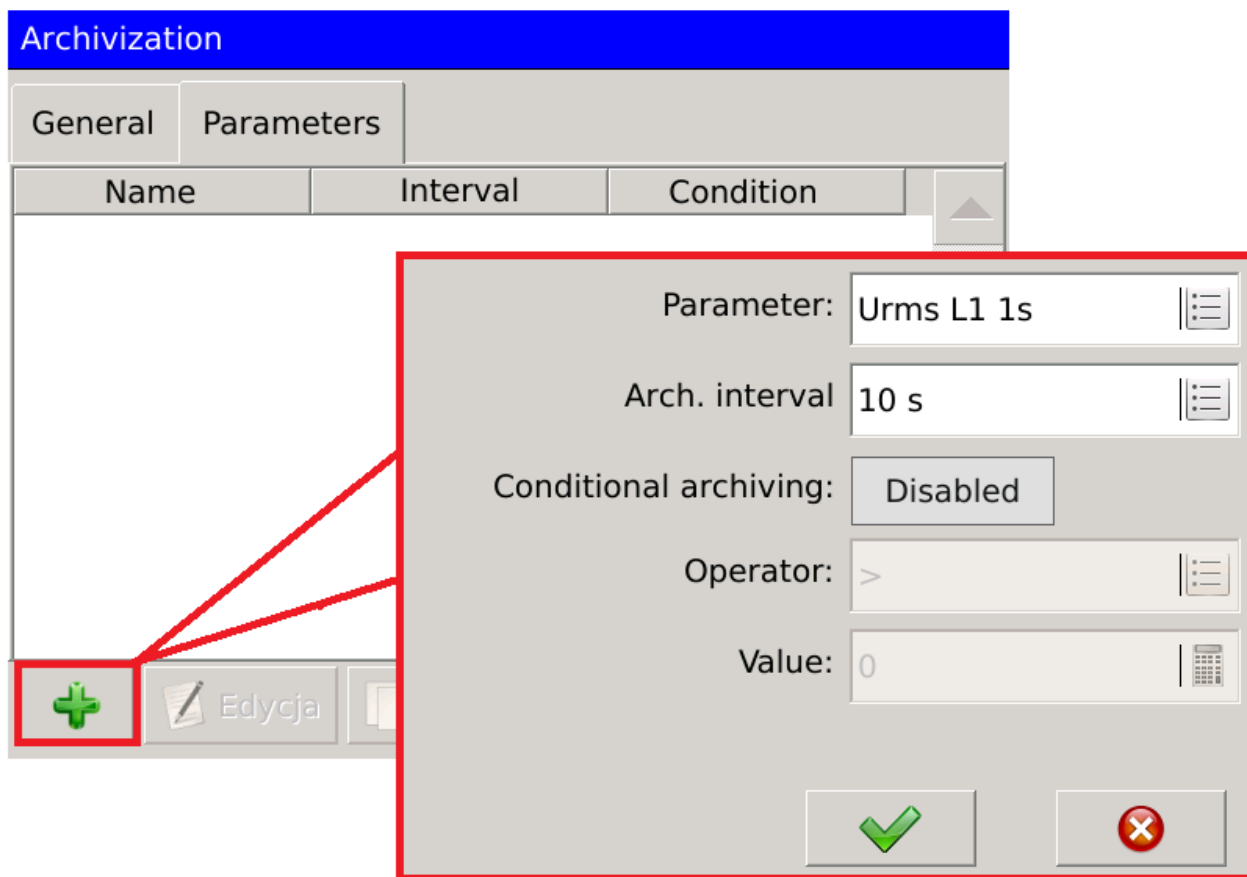


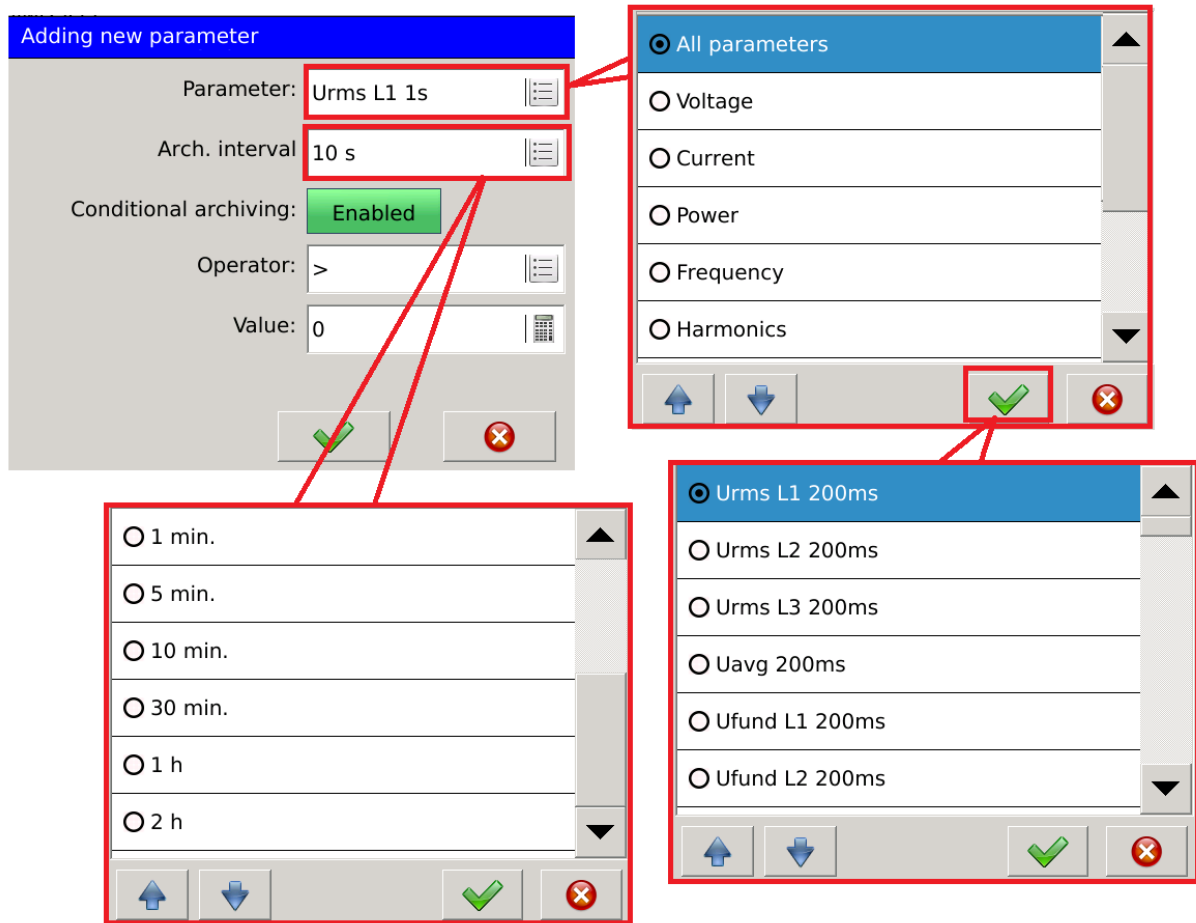
Fig.126. Archiving - parameters.

The table lists description of each option to add a new archived parameter.

Option	Description
Parameter	Selection of archived parameter.
Arch. interval	Selecting the archiving interval of the selected parameter.
Conditional archiving	Enabling or disabling conditional archiving.
Condition	Condition of conditional archiving
Value	Value assigned to the condition of conditional archiving.

Caution! The parameter Value should always be given in standard units (Urms : V, Irms : A itd.).

Sample configuration of archiving of Urms L1 voltage, aggregated every second. The parameter is archived every 10 seconds, conditional archiving is enabled.



First, the User selects the archived parameter and archiving interval.

Fig. 127. Archiving – new parameter.

To set conditional archiving it is necessary to enable it and specify the condition which triggers archiving.

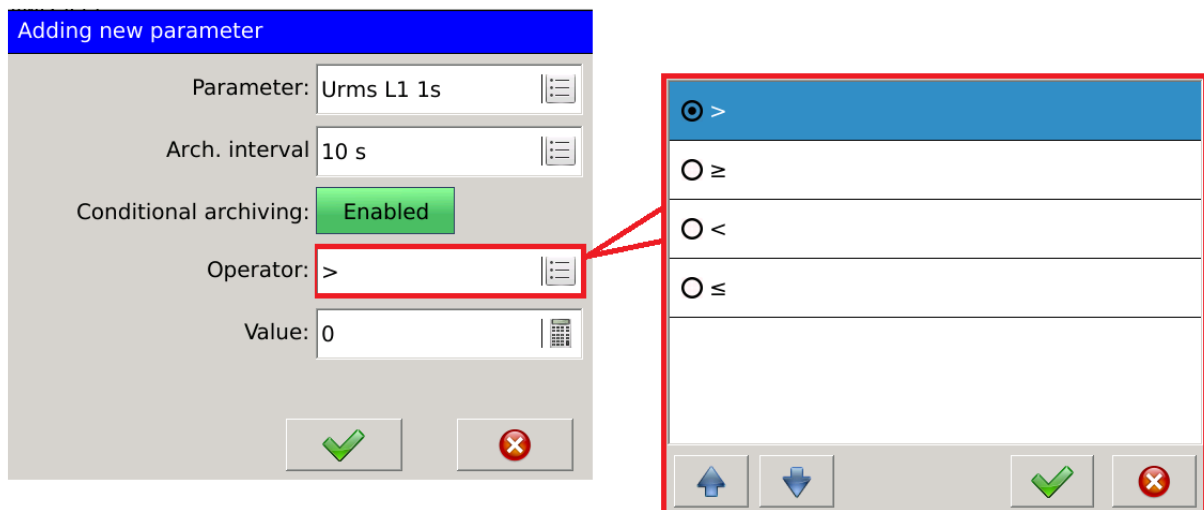


Fig. 128. Archiving – conditional.

The user can edit the configured parameter or create a new one on the basis of the existing one (using the copy option).

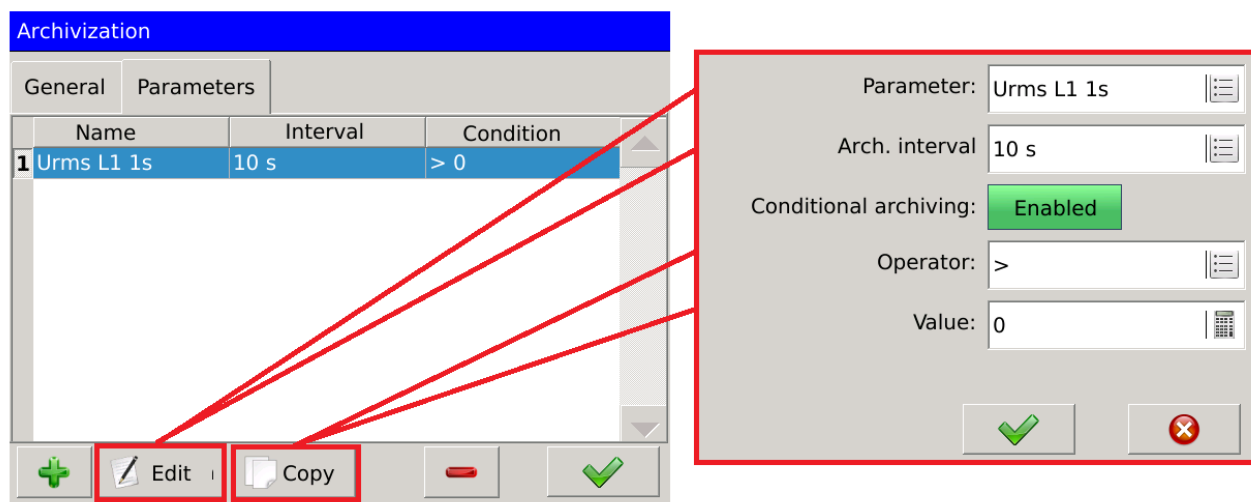


Fig. 129. Archiving – options.

5.9. Configuration of safety rules

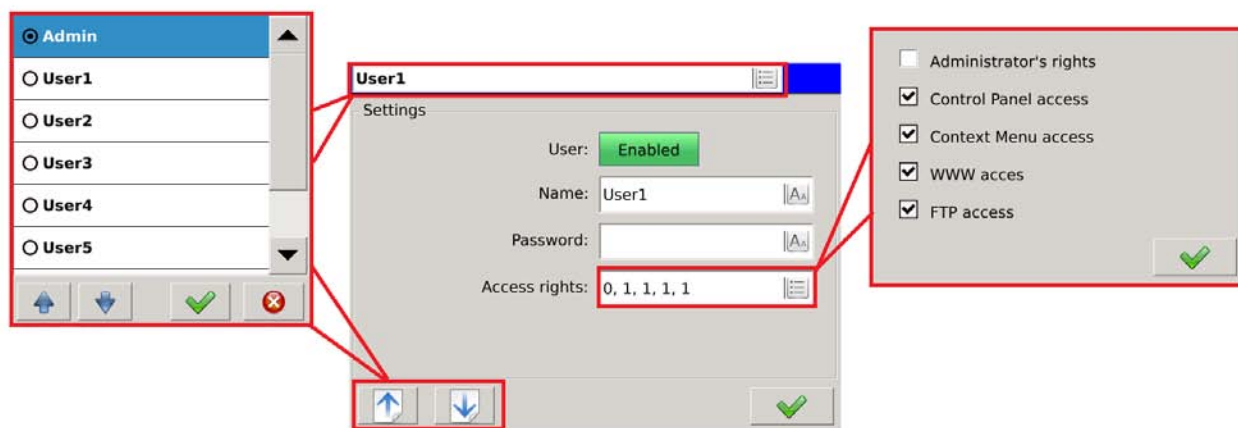


Fig. 130. Safety - navigation.

Navigating between the Users can be implemented by means of the selection list (turned on by touching the field at the top of the main screen (in the presented example with the currently selected - Admin), or by means of buttons. .

Parameter	Description
User	Enabling or disabling the currently edited user.
Name	Editable user ID. It contains eight defined users. Default names: Admin, User 1, User 2 ... User 7.
Password	Password can be assigned for each user. Password is required to log

Access rights	Administrator's rights	in to the configuration settings.
		The authority to change the rights of users.
	Control Panel. access	It is possible to view and edit the parameters of the control panel.
	Context Menu access	It allows the User to confirm alarms in the context menu and additionally gives access to file management and alarms confirmation on the website.
	WWW access	Users' access to the website.
	FTP access	Users' access to FTP server.

5.10. Configuration of power quality

The main settings window is titled "Power quality". It contains the following fields:

- Dips: 90.0%, 2.0%
- Swells: 110.0%, 2.0%
- Interruptions: 1.0%, 2.0%
- Log additional data: ☒ Enabled

Three callout boxes, each titled "Editing value", show the configuration for the selected parameter:

- Dips:** Threshold value: 90%, Hysteresis: 2%. Values in percentage of the nominal voltage - Urms.
- Swells:** Threshold value: 110%, Hysteresis: 2%. Values in percentage of the nominal voltage - Urms.
- Interruptions:** Threshold value: 1%, Hysteresis: 2%. Values in percentage of the nominal voltage - Urms.

Each callout box includes a green checkmark button and a red X button.

Fig. 131. Power quality - settings.

Option	Description
Dips	Possibility to assign threshold values for the selected parameter and value of hysteresis. The values are calculated in relation to nominal voltage and expressed as a percentage.
Swells	
Interruptions	

Voltage dip - decrease in voltage to the value specified in the configuration (normally in the range from 90% to 1%) of the declared voltage, after which the voltage increases to the previous value. Usually dip duration ranges from 10ms to 1 minute.

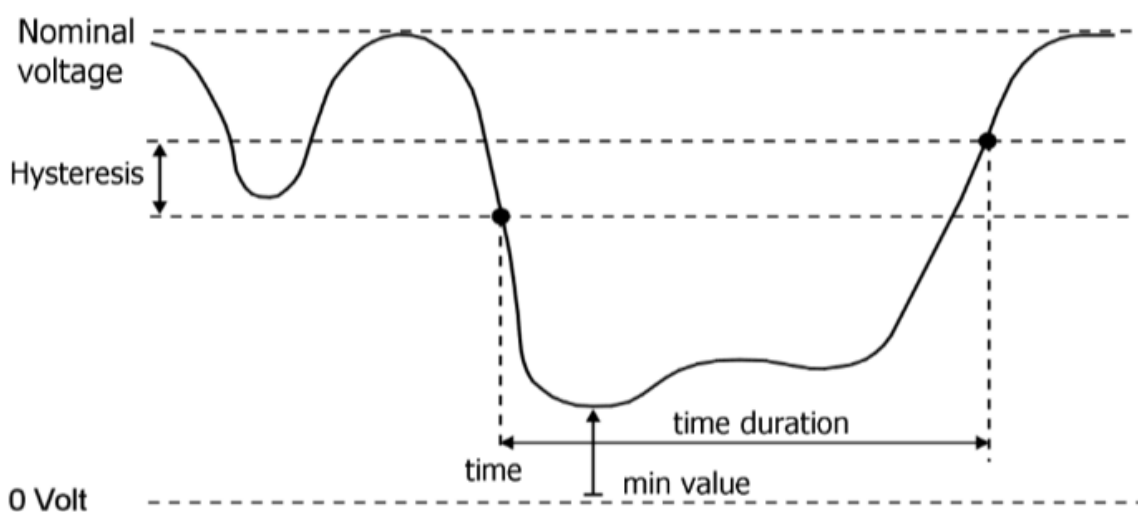


Fig. 132. Voltage dip.

Voltage swell - a temporary increase in the effective value of the voltage level exceeding a defined tolerance range specified in the configuration (normally 110%).

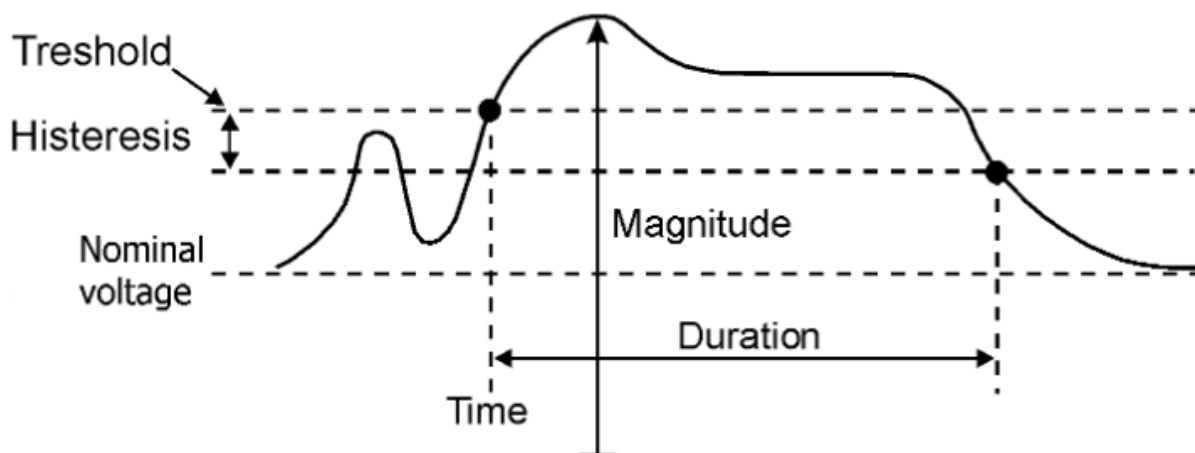


Fig. 133. Voltage swell.

Voltage interruption - the state in which the voltage is lower than the voltage defined in

Option	Description
1	The number identifying the sequence of events related to dips.
2	The date of the event occurrence.
3	The time of the event occurrence.
4	The entry containing information about the event. The description includes the type of event, the value of half wave voltage of each phase and duration.
5	Examples of events related to voltage dips, swells and interruptions.

Logs related to dips, swells and interruptions are stored on the SD card. The file containing the current logs is saved as **dipswell.log.csv**.

Preview a file stored on the SD card is shown below.

```

1 2015-10-22 14:30:10.303 Dip (Urms L2) : L1= 216.376V L2= 202.172V L3= 227.747V czas: 00:00:03.378
2 2015-10-22 14:30:19.631 Swell (Urms L1) : L1= 254.71V L2= 292.273V L3= 251.197V czas: 00:00:04.406
3 2015-10-22 14:30:27.892 Interrupt (Urms L1) : L1=0V L2=0V L3= 0V czas: 00:00:02.029

```

Fig. 136. Power quality - logs.

Each file containing the events logs has a limited maximum size. After it is full another file **dipswell.log.csv** is created and the previously saved file is changed to **dipswell.log.1.csv** and when the entries in subsequent events logs are full **dipswell.log.2.csv**, **dipswell.log.3.csv** etc.

Additionally, the values preceding the event and the values occurring after the event are stored on the SD card. They are stored in the file **dipswellsamples.log.csv**.

5.11. Configuration of outputs

Depending on the version of the analyzer the following options may be available in a limited form. In versions without additional inputs/outputs, none of the options will be available. Version with analog outputs will provide only the first option ((Analog outputs). The second option (Relays) is available for versions with relays (with 8 or 4 relay outputs).

5.11.1. Analog outputs.

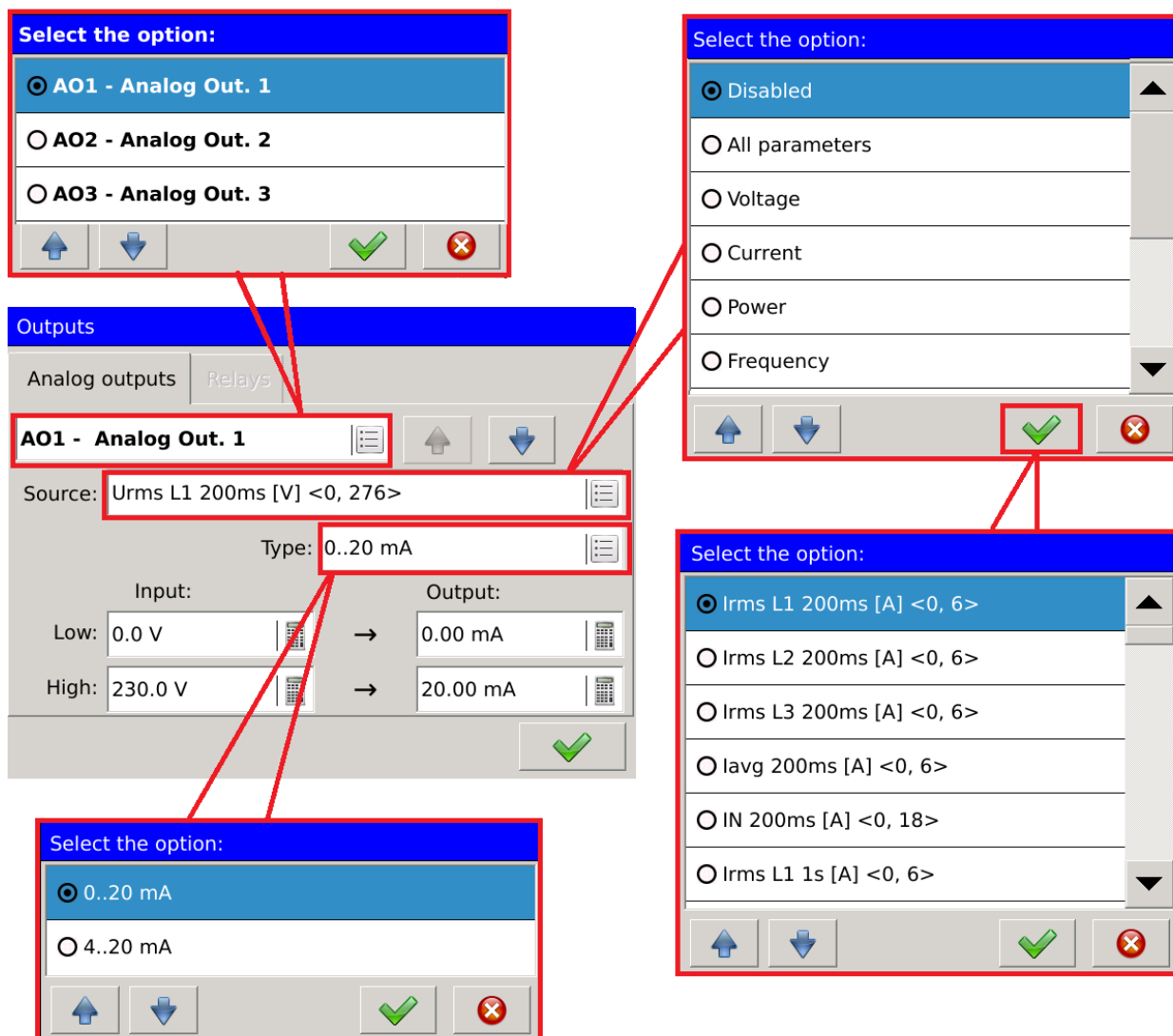


Fig. 137. Outputs - analog outputs.

Option		Description
The number of the analog output		Selection of currently configured analog output.
Source		Selection of output source assigned to the analog output.
Type		Selection of range on the analog output.
Input	Low	Lower value (of the input source).
	High	Upper value (of the input source).
Output	Low	Lower value (on the analog output).
	High	Upper value (on the analog output).

5.11.2. Relays.

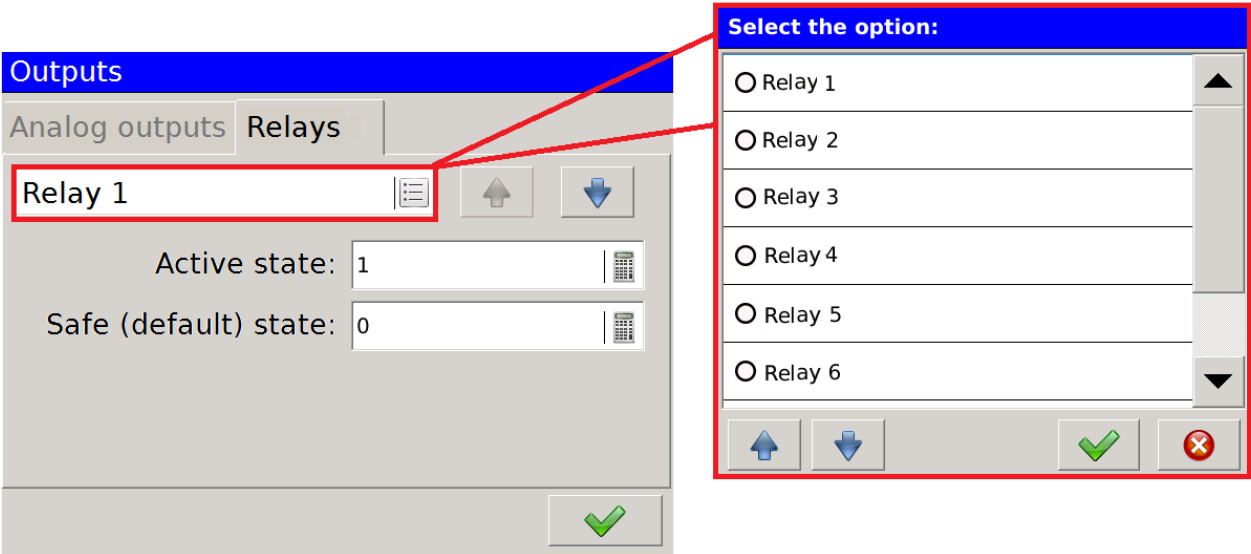


Fig. 138. Outputs - relays.

Option	Description
The number of the relay	Selection of the relay to be configured.
Active state	This value is set when the condition of alarm occurrence assigned to the given relay is fulfilled.
Safe (default) state	This value is set when the hard linked value is not ready.

6. File manager

The User can edit the files stored on the SD card or USB host on the analyzer by means of the file manager.

Switching to the file management is shown below.

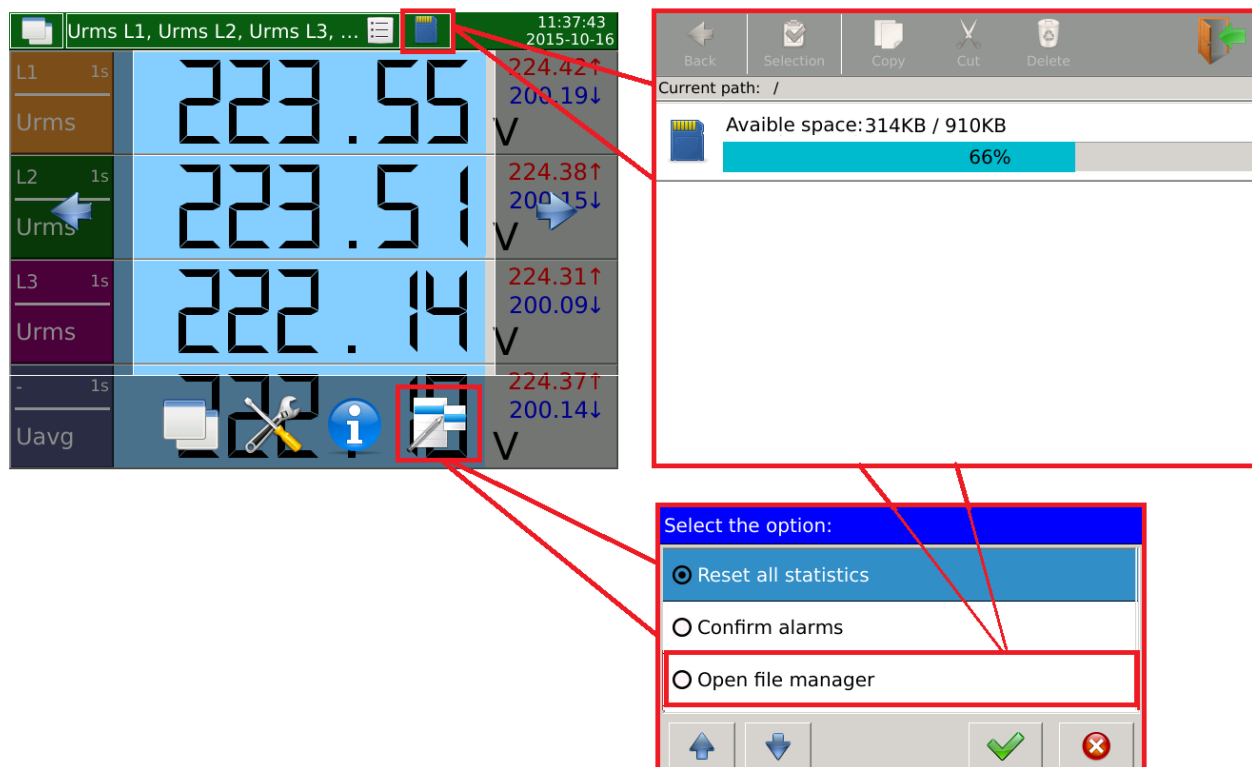


Fig. 139. File manager - navigation.

After selecting the edited resource in the form of an SD card or USB host the User can edit the stored files. The example of selecting a file from the SD card together with the assigned editing options is shown below.

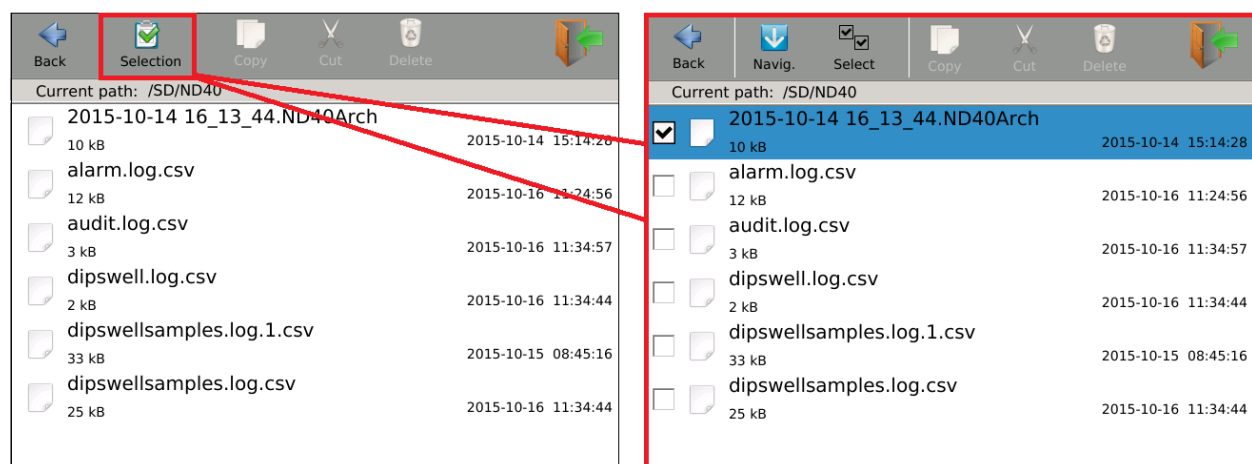


Fig. 140. File manager - selection of files.

Option	Description
 Fig. 141. Copy.	Copies the selected item to any desired location on the memory card.
 Fig. 142. Cut.	Moves the selected item to any desired location on the memory card.
 Fig. 143. Delete.	Deletes the selected item from the memory card.
 Fig. 144. Exit.	Exits the file manager.

7. Configuration of WWW

To start the server, the User must configure the Ethernet. The access type must be assigned to the Web server option. Setting this option to Off prevents the connection with the server.

Caution! Detailed information in section 5.6. *Configuration of Ethernet.*

Setting Users' access (Web server fully functional) is possible after setting access rights for individual users.

Caution! Detailed information in section 5.9. *Configuration of safety rules.*

8. Configuration of FTP

To start the server, the User must configure the Ethernet. The access type must be assigned to the FTP server option. Setting this option to Off prevents the connection with the server.

Caution! Detailed information in section 5.6. *Configuration of Ethernet.*

Setting Users' access (FTP server fully functional) is possible after setting access rights for individual users. In addition, in the authorized mode a password must be assigned to the User.

Caution! Detailed information in section 5.9. *Configuration of safety rules.*

9. Data archiving

Configuration of archiving parameters is shown in section 5.8. *Configuration of archiving.*

Screenshot of the analyzer showing the management window with currently set parameters for archiving.

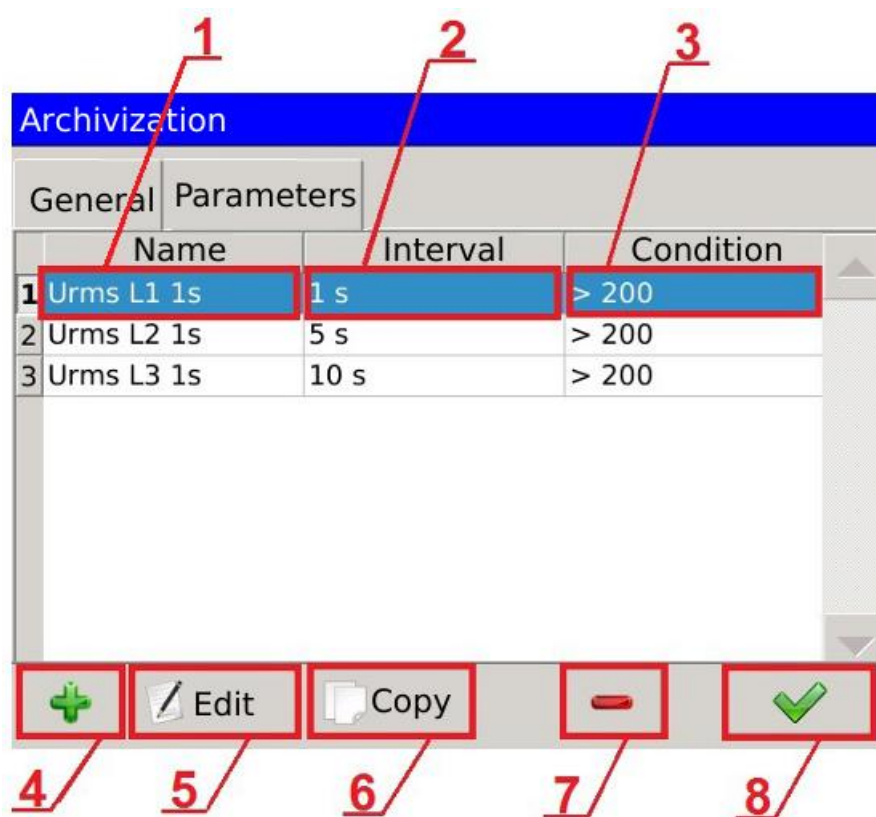


Fig. 145. Archiving - parameters.

Item	Description
1	Archived parameter.
2	Archiving interval.
3	Conditional archiving - the condition of archiving.
4	Adds a new parameter for archiving.

5	Edits the selected archiving parameter.
6	Copies the configuration of the selected parameter and saves it as a new parameter for archiving.
7	Deletes the selected archived parameter.
8	Confirms the changes.

Downloading archiving files is possible via the Web server (3. *Web server management*).

Sample file with archived data. 11/12/2015 13_24_21.ND40Arch

The name of the file includes the date and time the file was created. The example describes the last archived file (all records set during the configuration of archiving were full).

After making changes in the configuration of archiving, e.g. by adding new parameters or changing the conditions of archiving, a new file with the time and date of its creation is created.

Archiving files are saved in a format compatible with SQLite.

Each file contains basic information about the archived parameters:

- id - automatically assigned records ID,
- idParameters - parameter identifier that is compatible with the number of parameter defined in the archiving tab→parameters,
- dateTime - date and time of the archived parameter,
- value - archived value of the parameter.
- flag - the state of the archived values:

0 – correct measurement

1 – no measurement value

128 - the process of the averaging of values for a given time window is not finished.

The archive files can be read out using a dedicated application PowerArchive (provided by LUMEL), by means of the Web Server (3.2.20 *Preview of archive files*), or any application that supports the database format compatible with SQLite.

10. Alarms

In the standard version the analyzer of network parameters ND40 is equipped with four relay alarm outputs.

The rules for alarms configuration are described in 5.4 *Configuration of alarms*.

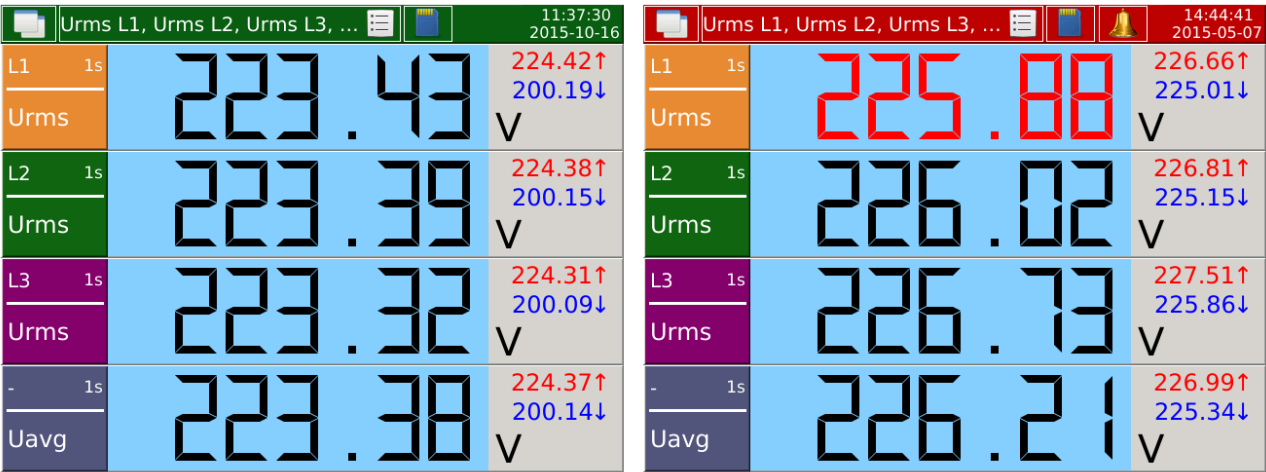


Fig. 146. Alarms - visualization.

The view on the left shows the operating mode in which no alarm activation event has occurred, the view on the right the operating mode with activated alarm.

Alarm activation changes the color of the information bar at the top of the screen from green to red. Moreover, an additional element is generated .

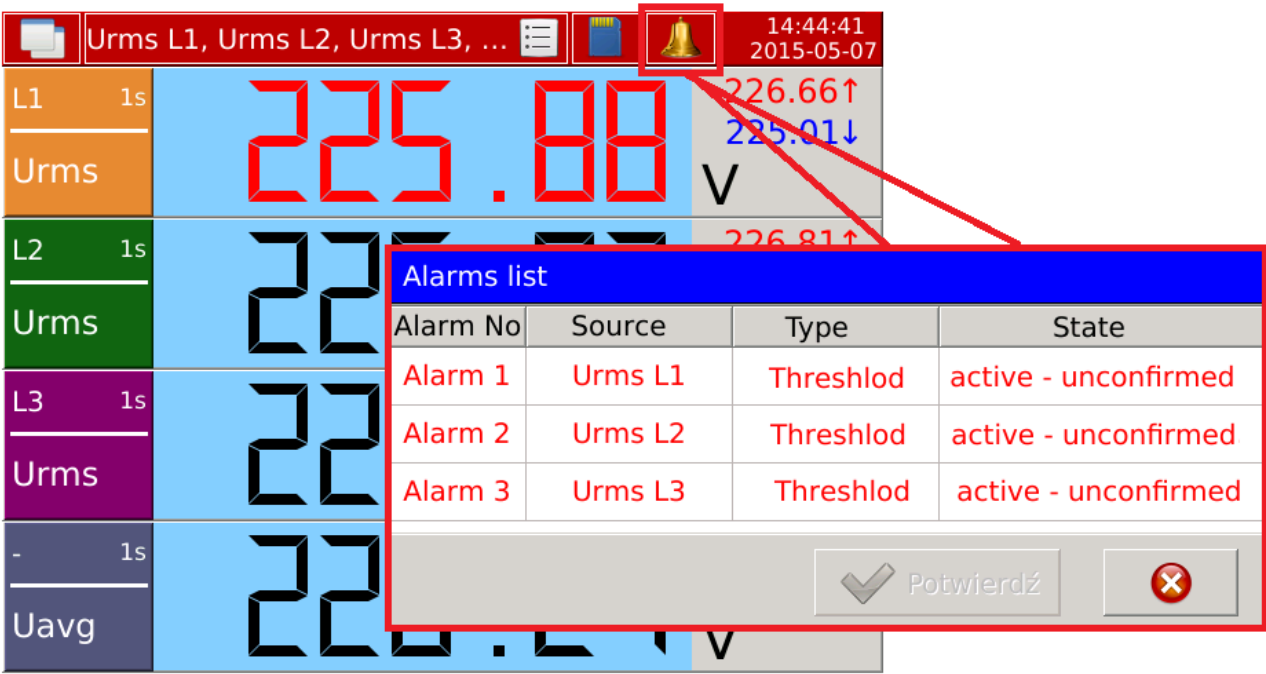


Fig. 147. Alarms - list.

After selecting the element generated at the time of the alarm activation, the list with currently activated alarms will be displayed.

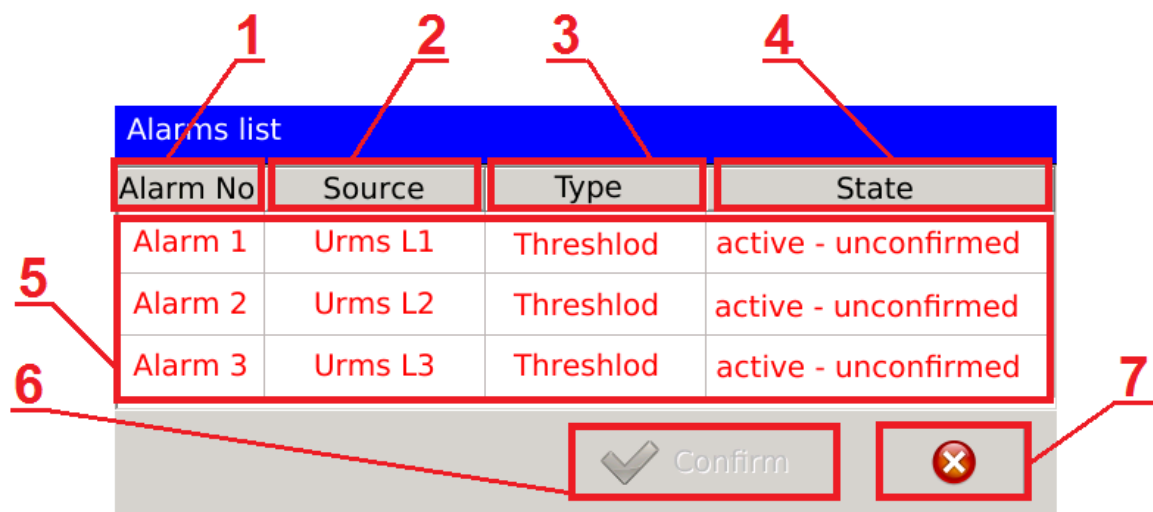


Fig. 148. Alarms - list of alarms, description.

Option	Description
1	Number of the alarm, set by the User.
2	Value assigned to the alarm. The value of the parameter activates or deactivates the alarm.
3	Type of alarm assigned to the displayed event.
4	Current state of the alarm.
5	Main window with information about alarms occurrence.
6	Function allowing for alarms confirmation.
7	Exit the dialog box.

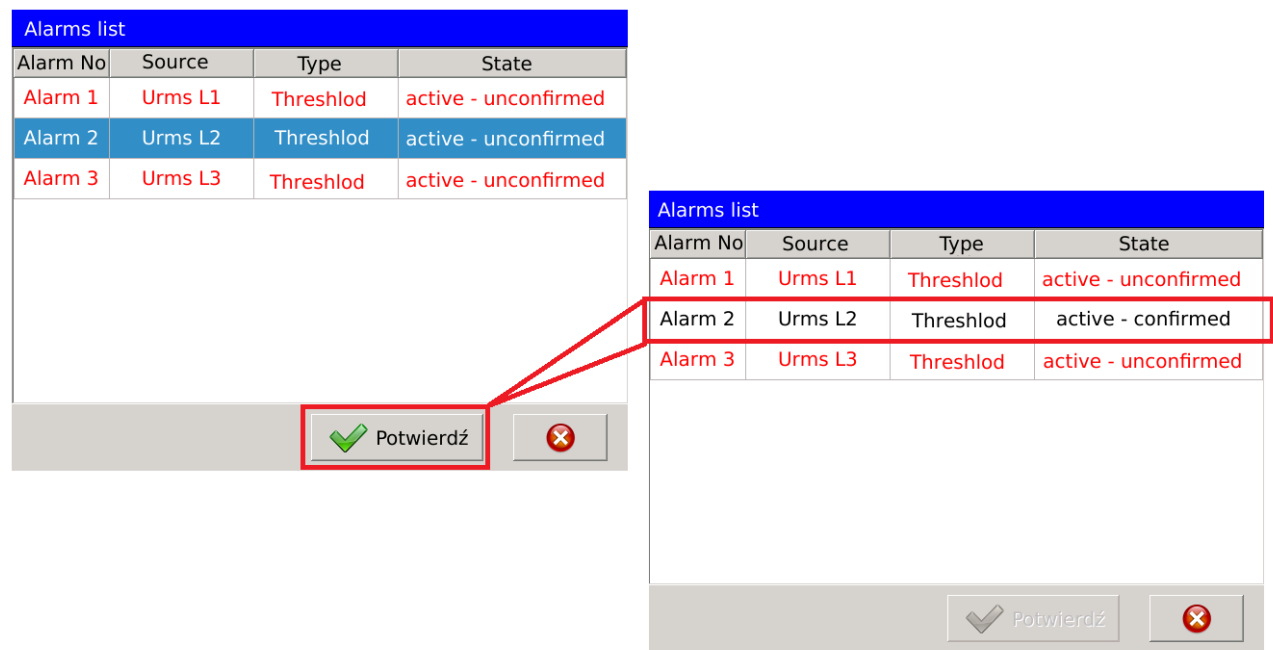


Fig. 149. Alarms - confirmation.

Confirmation of the selected alarm changes the way the alarm is displayed in the alarm list. The font color and the description of the state of the alarm are changed.

In the event the option to report the state of the alarm in alarms logs was selected in the alarm configuration, the events related to the activation or deactivation of the alarm will be saved.

Alarm log			
No.	Date	Time	Entry
4	2015-05-06	11:55:52	Alarm 3 - Off (Urms L3 = 0V)
3	2015-05-06	11:55:44	Alarm 3 - On (Urms L3 = 222.18...
2	2015-05-06	11:55:39	Alarm 3 - Off (Urms L3 = 0V)
1	2015-05-06	11:55:34	Alarm 3 - On (Urms L3 = 224.11...

Fig. 150. Alarms - logs.

Option	Description
1	The number identifying the sequence of events related to alarms.
2	The date of the event occurrence.
3	The time of the event occurrence.
4	The entry containing information about the event. The description contains the identifier of the alarm, the event and the value causing the event.
5	Examples of events related to the alarms.

Alarm logs management is performed as shown in the example below. Option *Clear the logs*, clears the saved entries from the log window. Option *Confirm alarms*, redirects to the previously described dialog box where selected alarms can be confirmed. Options to clear and confirm require User's rights confirmation. When this option is selected, a dialog box is displayed in which the User enters the user name and password assigned to the name.

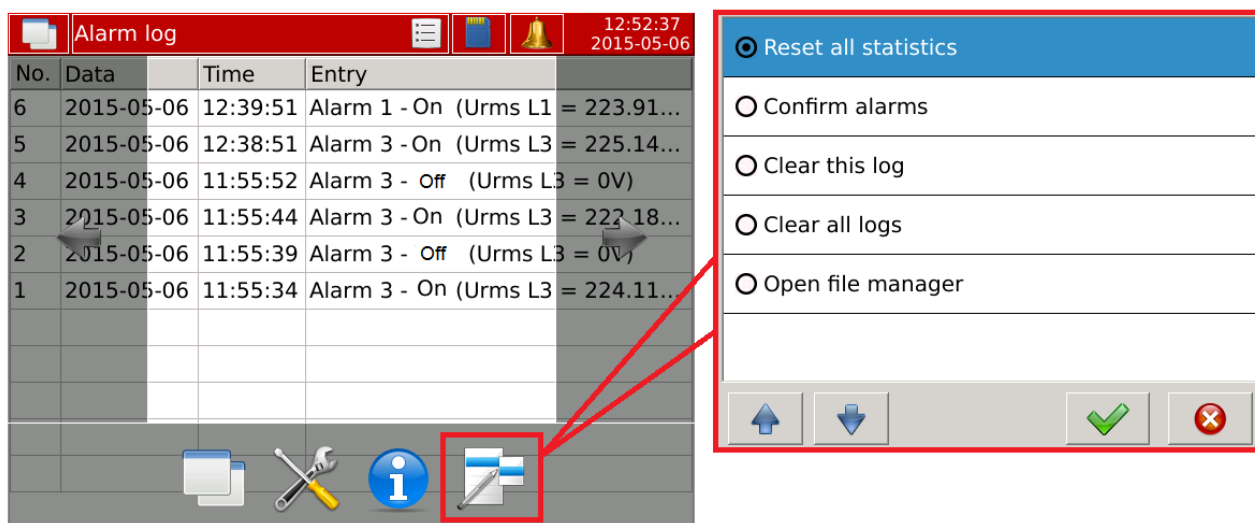


Fig. 151. Alarms - logs management.

Alarms logs are stored on the SD card. The file containing the current logs is saved as **alarm.log.csv**.

Preview a file stored on the SD card is shown below.

1	2016-01-28	13:33:28	Alarm 1 - On (Urms L1 1s = 227.121V) (> 200)
2	2016-01-28	13:33:28	Alarm 2 - On (Urms L2 200ms = 227.117V) (> 210)
3			

Fig. 152. Alarms - entries in log file.

Each file containing the alarms logs has a limited maximum size. After it is full another file **alarm.log.csv** is created and the previously saved file is changed to **alarm.log.1.csv** and when the entries in subsequent alarms logs are full **alarm.log.2.csv**, **alarm.log.3.csv** etc.

11. Construction

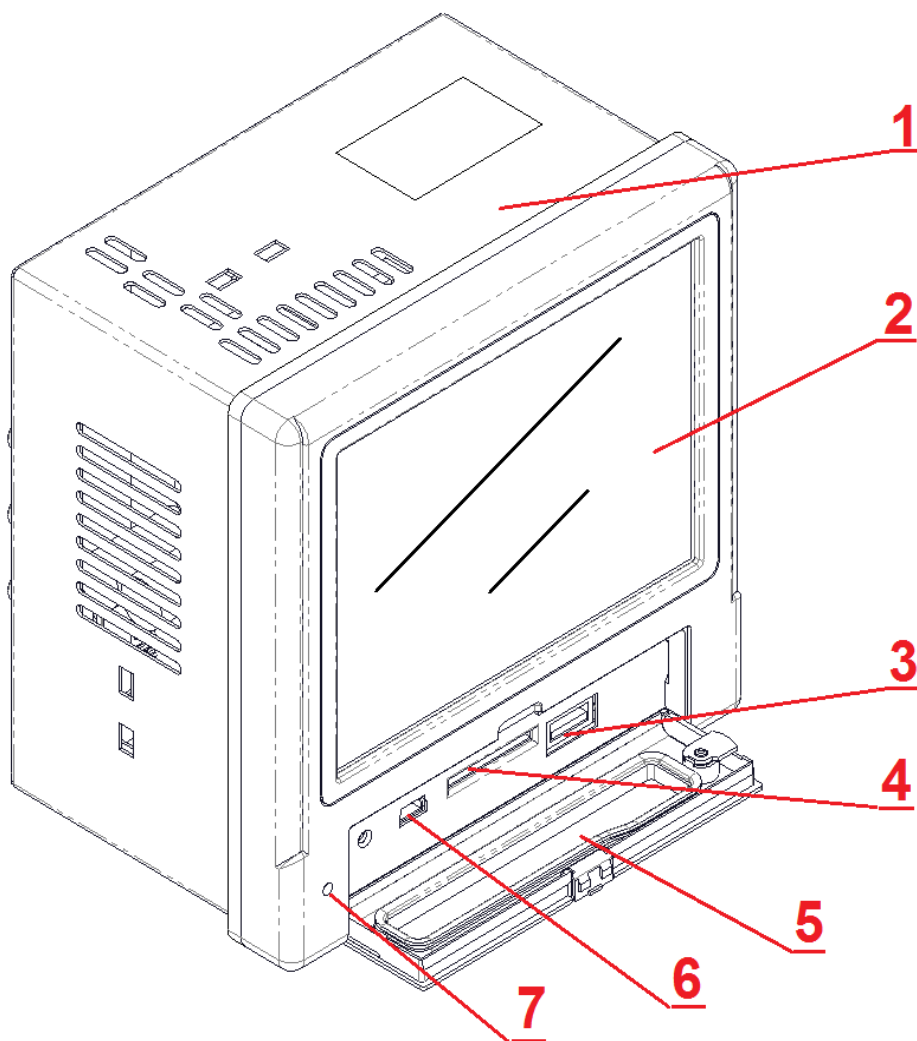


Fig. 153. Construction of ND40.

Item	Description
1	Casing of the analyzer.
2	LCD touch screen.
3	USB Host.
4	SD card socket.
5	Door with a lock.
6	USB Device.
7	LED diode.

11.1. Screen

Color LCD TFT screen 5,6-inch, resolution 640x480 pixels, with touch panel.

11.2. RS485 Interface

ND40 analyzer has RS-485 serial interface for communication in computer systems and with other Master devices. Asynchronous char communication protocol MODBUS has been implemented at the serial interface. The data transmission protocol describes methods of information exchange between the devices through the serial interface. The implemented protocol is in accordance with the standard PI-MBUS-300 Rev G of Modicon Company. In section 5.7. *Configuration of Modbus* we show the configuration of serial port settings.

Parameter	Description
Identifier	0xD8
The address of the meter	The values in the range from 1 to 247
Transmission speed	1200 bit/s, 2400 bit/s, 4800 bit/s, 9600 bit/s, 19200 bit/s, 38400 bit/s, 57600 bit/s, 115200 bit/s, 230400 bit/s.
Operating mode	Modbus RTU
Information unit	8N2, 8E1, 8O1, 8N1.
Maximum response time	600 ms
The maximum number of read registers	122 registers – 2-byte
Implemented functions	03, 04 - registers reading (common address space)
	17 – identification of the device

Description of each function with examples is shown below.

Function 04 – readout of n-registers :

Readout of 4 registers 16-bytes of integer type, starting with the register addressed 00 01 of float type (2 x16 bits).

Request:

Address of the device	Function	Address of the register	Number of registers	Checksum CRC
01	04	00 01	00 04	20 0B

Response

Address of the device	Function	Number of bytes	Values of registers				Checksum CRC
			01	02	03	04	
01	04	08	00 0A	00 0B	00 63	00 64	DA 39

Function 03 – readout of n-registers :

Readout of 4 registers 16-bytes, starting with the register addressed 00 01.

Request:

Address of the device	Function	Address of the register	Number of registers	Checksum CRC
01	03	00 01	00 04	15 C9

Response :

Address of the device	Function	Number of bytes	Value from the register				Checksum CRC
			01	02	03	04	
01	04	08	70 A4	41 CD	00 00	41 A2	55 CB

Function 17 – identification of the device :

Request:

Address of the device	Function	Address of the register
01	11	C0 2C

Response :

Address of the device	Function	Number of bytes	Device ID	State of the device	Checksum CRC
01	11	02	D8	FF	A7 7C

11.3. Ethernet Interface

The analyzer of network parameters ND40 is equipped with the Ethernet interface for connecting the meter to a local or global network via the RJ45 socket. The implemented network services supported by the Ethernet interface: Web server, FTP server, Modbus Slave TCP/IP.

Caution! Detailed information on the configuration of the interface on the device is presented in section 5.6. *Configuration of Ethernet.*

In order to gain access to Ethernet services, the ND40 analyzer must be connected to the network via the RJ45 socket, located in the back of the casing, operating in accordance with TCP/IP protocol.

Description of RJ45 socket diodes function:

- Yellow LED - illuminates when ND40 is properly connected to the Ethernet network
100 Base-T, does not light up when ND40 is not connected to the network or is connected to 10-Base-T network.
- green LED - Tx/Rx illuminates when the meter sends and receives data, flickers irregularly, when no data is transmitted the diode lights up permanently

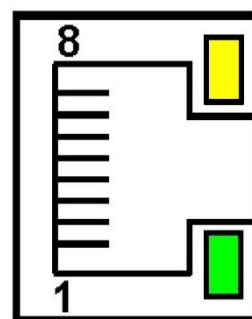


Fig. 154. Ethernet.

In order to connect ND40 to the network the User should use twisted pair cable.

- U/FTP – twisted pair cable with each pair foiled,
- F/FTP – twisted pair cable with each pair foiled, additionally cable with foil shield,
- S/FTP (formerly SFTP) – twisted pair cable with each pair foiled, additionally cable with wire mesh shield,
- SF/FTP (formerly S-STP) – twisted pair cable with each pair foiled, additionally with foil and wire mesh shield,

Conduct or no.	Signal	Conductor color acc. to standard	
		EIA/TIA 568A	EIA/TIA 568B
1	TX+	white-green	white-orange
2	TX-	green	orange
3	RX+	white-orange	white-green
4	EPWR+	blue	blue
5	EPWR+	white-blue	white-blue
6	RX-	orange	green
7	EPWR-	white-brown	white-brown
8	EPWR-	brown	brown

Categories of twisted pair cable according to the European standard EN 50171 minimum: Class D (category 5) - for high-speed local area networks, includes applications using the frequency band up

to 100 MHz. For Ethernet interface the User should use twisted pair cable of STP type (shielded) category 5 with RJ-45 connector with conductors colors (in accordance with the colors described in the table) acc. to the following standard:

- EIA/TIA 568A for both connectors at the so-called simple connection of ND40 to the network hub or switch,
- EIA/TIA 568A the first connector and EIA/TIA 568B for the second connector at the so-called patch cord connection (crossover) used, among others, when connecting ND40 to the computer.

11.4. USB Interface

The analyzer has two USB interfaces. USB Host and USB Device.

Using the USB Host interface the User can copy files between the SD card and the device connected to the USB Host. USB Device acts as a dummy connector.

11.5. SD memory card

Standard data carrier in ND40 analyzer is SD card up to 32 GB.

The SD card is used for storage of archive data (depending on configuration), alarm logs, audit logs and logs of events related to dips, swells and interruptions.

All data files of archive data and logs first are first stored in the analyzer's internal memory (up to 20 MB). After saving the file in internal memory, it is transferred to the SD card.

If ND40 is operated without an SD card installed, all files (currently saved and those that have already been completed) are stored in the internal memory. After installing the card, all completed files will be transferred from the internal memory.

Caution! In case of power failure, up to 1 MB of data stored in the internal memory will be preserved.

Access to the SD card from ND40 is possible using the Web server (Chapter 3), FTP server (Chapter 4) or the incorporated file manager (Chapter 6).

11.6. Tables of registers

In ND40 analyzer data is placed in 16 and 32-bit registers. Bits in 16-bit registers are numbered from the youngest to the oldest (b0 ... b15). 32-bit registers (4 bytes, 2 x 16 bits) contain float registers with bytes placed as follows: B4 B3 B2 B1.

Caution! All given addresses are physical addresses. In some computer programs, logical addressing is applied, then addresses must be increased by 1.

The map pf ND40 registers is presented below.

Address range	Register type	Description
0000 - 0011	Integer (16 bits)	Information and status registers
0050 - 0168	Float (2 x 16 bits)	Parameters measured with aggregation of 200 ms.
0200 - 0318		Parameters measured with aggregation of 1 s.
0350 - 0468		Parameters measured with aggregation of 3 s.
0500 - 0618		Parameters measured with aggregation of 10 min.
0650 - 0768		Parameters measured with aggregation of 2 h.
0800 - 0808		Parameters averaged in time (Demand).
0818 - 0824		Frequency, temperature/resistance.
0830 - 0842		Statuses of binary inputs.
0850 - 0926		Energy meters.
0950 - 1012		Factors THD, THDG, THDS, PWHD.
1150 - 1760		Harmonics.
1800 - 1942		Half wave voltages.

12. Technical data

12.1. Measurements

Basic error with respect to the nominal value.

Measured value			Measurement range	Basic error		Remarks	
Symbol	Agreg.	Class A/S		Class S	Class A/S	Class S	
Voltage							
RMS	Urms L1, Urms L2, Urms L3, Uavg L123.	200 ms	Un = 230 V : 23.0...345.0 V (Ku = 1) ...1.38 MV (Ku ≠ 1)	±0.2%		Class B	
		1 s		±0.2%		Class B	
		3 s		±0.1%	±0.2%	Class A	Class S
		10 min		±0,1%	±0,2%	Class A ¹⁾	Class S
		2 hours		±0,1%	±0,2%	Class A ¹⁾	Class S
Basic RMS	Ufund L1, Ufund L2, Ufund L3, Ufavg L123.	200 ms	Un = 230 V : 23,0...345,0 V (Ku = 1) ...1,38 MV (Ku ≠ 1)	±0,2%			
		1 s					
		3 s					
		10 min					

Phase-to-phase	Umf L1-2, Umf L2-3, Umf L3-1, Umf avg L123.	2 hours					
		200 ms	Un = 400 V : 40,0...600,0 V (Ku = 1) ...2,4 MV (Ku ≠ 1)	±0,5%			
		1 s					
		3 s					
		10 min					
		2 hours					
Asymmetry	Vunb.	200 ms	0.00...100.00%	±0.3%			
		1 s					
		3 s					
		10 min					
		2 hours					
Half wave	Uhalf1 L1 ... Uhalf24 L1, Uhalf1 L2 ... Uhalf24 L2, Uhalf1 L3 ... Uhalf24 L3.	200 ms	Un = 230 V : 23.0...345.0 V (Ku = 1) ...1.38 MV (Ku ≠ 1)	±0.2%	±1%	Class A	Class S
Harmonics	Har1 UL1 ... Har51 UL1, Har1 UL2 ... Har51 UL2, Har1 UL3 ... Har51 UL3.	1 s	0.00...100.00%	U _m ≥ 1% U _{nom} ±5% U _m U _m < 1% U _{nom} ±0.05% U _{nom}		Class I	
Distortion factor	THD U L1, THD U L2, THD U L3, THD Uavg L123.	1 s	0.00...200.00%	±5%			
Harmonics groups distortion factor	THDS U L1, THDS U L2, THDS U L3, THDS Uavg L123.	1 s	0.00...200.00%	±5%			
Harmonics sub-groups distortion factor	THDG U L1, THDG U L2, THDG U L3, THDG Uavg L123.	1 s	0.00...200.00%	±5%			
Partially weighted distortion factor	PWHD U L1, PWHD U L2, PWHD U L3, PWHD Uavg L123.	1 s	0.00...200.00%	±5%			
Demand	U Demand	15 min	Un = 230 V : 23.0...345.0 V (Ku = 1) ...1.38 MV (Ku ≠ 1)	±0,1%			
		30 min					
		1 hour					

Current							
RMS	Irms L1, Irms L2, Irms L3, Iavg L123.	200 ms	In = 5 A :	±0.2%		Class B	
		1 s	0.050...7.5 A (Ki = 1) ...150.0 kA (Ki ≠ 1)	±0.2%		Class B	
		3 s	In = 1 A :	±0.1%	±0.2%	Class A	Class S
		10 min	0.010...1.5 A (Ki = 1) ...30.0 kA (Ki ≠ 1)	±0.1%	±0.2%	Class A ¹⁾	Class S
		2 hours		±0.1%	±0.2%	Class A ¹⁾	Class S
Neutral	IN	200 ms	In = 5 A :	±0.5%		Class S	
		1 s	0.050...7.5 A (Ki = 1) ...150.0 kA (Ki ≠ 1)	±0.5%			
		3 s	In = 1 A :	±0.5%			
		10 min	0.010...1.5 A (Ki = 1) ...90.0 kA (Ki ≠ 1)	±0.5%			
		2 hours		±0.5%			
Neutral countable	INC	200 ms	In = 5 A :	±0.2%			
		1 s	0.150...22.5 A (Ki = 1) ...450.0 kA (Ki ≠ 1)				
		3 s	In = 1 A :				
		10 min	0.030...4.5 A (Ki = 1) ...450.0 kA (Ki ≠ 1)				
		2 hours					
Harmonics	Har1 IL1 ... Har51 IL1, Har1 IL2 ... Har51 IL2, Har1 IL3 ... Har51 IL3.	1 s	0.00...100.00%	$I_m \geq 3\% I_{nom}$ ±5% I_m $I_m < 3\% I_{nom}$ ±0.15% I_{nom}		Class I	
Distortion factor	THD I L1, THD I L2, THD I L3, THD Iavg L123.	1 s	0.00...200.00%	±5%			
Harmonics groups distortion factor	THDS I L1, THDS I L2, THDS I L3, THDS Iavg L123.	1 s	0.00...200.00%	±5%			
Harmonics sub-groups distortion factor	THDG I L1, THDG I L2, THDG I L3, THDG Iavg L123.	1 s	0.00...200.00%	±5%			
Partially weighted distortion factor	PWHD I L1, PWHD I L2, PWHD I L3, PWHD Iavg L123.	1 s	0.00...200.00%	±5%			
Demand	I Demand	15 min	In = 5 A :				
		30 min	0.050...7.5 A (Ki = 1)				

		1 hour	...150.0 kA ($K_i \neq 1$) $I_n = 1 \text{ A}$: 0.010...1.5 A ($K_i = 1$) ...150.0 kA ($K_i \neq 1$)	$\pm 0.2\%$	
Power					
Active imported power	EnP + L1, EnP + L2, EnP + L3, $\sum \text{EnP} + \text{L123}$.	-	L1, L2, L3 : 0...3e+3 Gwh L123: 0...9e+3 Gwh	$\pm 0.5\%$	
Active exported power	EnP - L1, EnP - L2, EnP - L3, $\sum \text{EnP} - \text{L123}$.	-	L1, L2, L3 : 0...3e+3 Gwh L123: 0...9e+3 Gwh	$\pm 0.5\%$	
Reactive imported energy	EnQ + L1, EnQ + L2, EnQ + L3, $\sum \text{EnQ} + \text{L123}$.	-	L1, L2, L3 : 0...3e+3 GVarh L123: 0...9e+3 GVarh	$\pm 0.5\%$	
Reactive exported energy	EnQ - L1, EnQ - L2, EnQ - L3, $\sum \text{EnQ} - \text{L123}$.	-	L1, L2, L3 : 0...3e+3 GVarh L123: 0...9e+3 GVarh	$\pm 0.5\%$	
Apparent energy	EnS L1, EnS L2, EnS L3, $\sum \text{EnS L123}$.	-	L1, L2, L3 : 0...3e+3 GVarh L123: 0...9e+3 GVarh	$\pm 0.5\%$	
Active power	P L1, P L2, P L3, Pavg L123, $\sum \text{P L123}$.	200 ms	$I_n = 5 \text{ A}$: -2587.5...2587.5W ($K_i=1, K_u=1$) $I_n = 1 \text{ A}$: -517.3...517.3W ($K_i=1, K_u=1$)	$\pm 0.5\%$	
		1 s			
		3 s			
		10 min			
		2 hour			
Reactive power	Q L1, Q L2, Q L3, Qavg L123, $\sum \text{Q L123}$.	200 ms	$I_n = 5 \text{ A}$: -2587.5...2587.5W ($K_i=1, K_u=1$) $I_n = 1 \text{ A}$: -517.3...517.3W ($K_i=1, K_u=1$)	$\pm 0.5\%$	
		1 s			
		3 s			
		10 min			
		2 hour			
Apparent power	S L1, S L2, S L3, Savg L123, $\sum \text{S L123}$.	200 ms	$I_n = 5 \text{ A}$: 1.5...2587.5VA ($K_i=1, K_u=1$) $I_n = 1 \text{ A}$: 0.23...517.5VA ($K_i=1, K_u=1$)	$\pm 0.5\%$	
		1 s			
		3 s			
		10 min			
		2 hour			
Demand	P Demand, Q Demand, S Demand.	15 min	$I_n = 5 \text{ A}$: -2587.5...2587.5W ($K_i=1, K_u=1$) $I_n = 1 \text{ A}$: -517.3...517.3W ($K_i=1, K_u=1$)		

		30 min	In = 5A: -2587.5...2587.5W (Ki=1,Ku=1) In = 1A: -517.3...517.3W (Ki=1,Ku=1)	±0.5%	
		1 hour	In = 5A: 1.5...2587.5VA (Ki=1,Ku=1) In = 1A: 0.23...517.5VA (Ki=1,Ku=1)		
Other					
Frequency	f	1 s	For 50Hz	±0.05Hz	Class S
		10 s	42.5 ... 57.5Hz For 60Hz 51 ... 69Hz	±0.05Hz	Class S
Power distortion factor	dPF L1, dPF L2, dPF L3, dPFavg L123.	200 ms	0...1	±0.5%	
		1 s			
		3 s			
		10 min			
		2 hour			
Active power factor	PF L1, PF L2, PF L3, PFavg L123.	200 ms	-1...1	±0.5%	
		1 s			
		3 s			
		10 min			
		2 hour			
tgφ factor	tgφ L1, tgφ L2, tgφ L3, tgφavg L123.	200 ms	-10...10	±1%	
		1 s			
		3 s			
		10 min			
		2 hour			
Angle between the voltage and current	φ L1, φ L2, φ L3, φavg L123.	200 ms	-180°...180°	±0.5%	
		1 s			
		3 s			
		10 min			
		2 hour			
Voltage phase-to-phase angle	↯ U L1-2, ↯ U L2-3, ↯ U L3-1.	200 ms	Un = 230 V : 40.0...600.0 V (Ku = 1) ...2.39 MV (Ku ≠ 1)	±0.5%	
		1 s			
		3 s			
		10 min			
		2 hour			
Temperature / Resistance	T1, T2	1s	Pt100: -200...850°	±0.2%	

Dip Decay Interrupt			Pt1000: -200...850° Resistance: 0...5000Ω				
	Swell	f=50Hz	Un = 230 V : 23,0...345,0 V (Ku = 1) ...1,38 MV (Ku ≠ 1)	±0.2%	±1%	Class A	Class S
	Dip	10ms ²⁾					
	Interrupt	f=60Hz 8.3ms ²⁾					

1) – aggregation method conforms to Class A

2) – depends on frequency

Ku = 1...4000.0

Ki = 1...20000.0

I_m, U_m – measured values of currents and voltages

I_{nom}, U_{nom} – nominal values of currents and voltages

12.2. Expansion cards

Availability of inputs/outputs depends on the ordered version of the analyzer.

12.2.1 Analog outputs

Type:	3 galvanically isolated current outputs
Output signal:	0/4...20 mA
Output basic error:	0.5 %
Load resistance:	≤ 500 Ω
Isolation:	500 V dc
Response time:	200 ms

12.2.2 Binary inputs

Type:	2 groups of 3 digital inputs with common ground
Control signal:	0/5...24 V dc
Switching frequency:	Up to 4Hz
Isolation:	500 V dc

12.2.3. Alarm outputs

Type:	8 or 4 programmable electromagnetic relays, normally open (NO)
Voltage of contacts / current of load:	$\leq 250 \text{ V ac} / 1.5 \text{ A}$
	$\leq 30 \text{ V dc} / 1 \text{ A}$
Output basic error:	200 ms + hysteresis time

12.3. Reference conditions and rated operating conditions

Storage conditions (temperature and humidity)	Temperature : $-20 \dots 50^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($-4 \dots 122^{\circ}\text{F}$) Humidity : below 75% RH (without condensation)
Operating conditions (temperature and humidity)	Temperature : $0 \dots 50^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($32 \dots 122^{\circ}\text{F}$) Humidity : 75% RH (without condensation)
Power supply	85...240 V ac, 40...400Hz 90...320 V dc
Maximum power consumption in the circuit	supply $\leq 20\text{VA}$ voltage $\leq 0.2 \text{ VA}$ current $\leq 0.2 \text{ VA}$
Acceptable crest factor	Current measurement: 2 Voltage measurement: 2
Resistance to dust and water	IP65 – from the front side IP20 – from the terminal side

12.4. Operating safety according to EN 61010-1, basic insulation

Installation category	III
Degree of pollution	2
insulation voltage relative to earth	RS485: 500V ac/dc Ethernet : 250V ac / 500V dc Temperature measurement input: 500V ac/dc Voltage input: 2140 V ac/dc Power and relay outputs circuits: 2140 V ac/dc Analog outputs: 500V ac/dc Binary inputs: 1200V ac/dc
Maximum operating voltage relative to earth	For power and relay outputs circuits: 300 V For measurement input: 500 V For RS485 circuits, Ethernet, relay outputs, analog outputs and binary

Height above the sea level	inputs: 50 V
	< 2000 m

12.5. Electromagnetic compatibility

Electromagnetic emissions	conforms EN 61000-6-4
Interference immunity	conforms EN 61000-6-2

12.6. Assembly

Dimensions	144 Width × 144 Height × 90 Depth mm (5.669" Width × 5.669" Height × 3.897" Depth)
Dimensions of mounting hole	138 ^{-0,5} Width x 138 ^{-0,5} Height mm (5.433 ^{-0,02} " Width × 5.433 ^{-0,02} " Height)
Weight	1.6 kg (5.44 oz.)

12.7. Conformity with standards

EN 61010	Operational safety
EN 61000-6-4	Electromagnetic compatibility
EN 61000-6-2	
EN 50160	Measurements and parameters recounting
EN 61000-4-30	
EN 61000-4-7	
EN 61557	

12.8.1.1. Information and status registers

Register	Parameter	3Ph / 4W	3Ph / 3W
0000	Device ID	✓	✓
0001	Version of the main program	✓	✓
0002	Version of the measurement card program	✓	✓
0003	Status 1	✓	✓
0004	Status 2	✓	✓
0005	Status 3	✓	✓
0006	Time: seconds	✓	✓
0007	Time: hours and minutes (hour * 100 + minutes)	✓	✓
0008	Date: month and day (month * 100 + day)	✓	✓
0009	Date: year	✓	✓
0010	Serial number	✓	✓
0011	Serial number	✓	✓

12.9.1.2. Status registers

Status 1

Bit no.	Description
0	No synchronization
1	Phase connection sequence error
2	Filled queue of measurement card
3	Calibration parameters error

Status 2

Bit no.	Description
0	Lower overrun UL1
1	Upper overrun UL1
2	Lower overrun UL2
3	Upper overrun UL2
4	Lower overrun UL3
5	Upper overrun UL3

Status 3

Bit no.	Description
0	Lower overrun IL1
1	Upper overrun IL1
2	Lower overrun IL2
3	Upper overrun IL2
4	Lower overrun IL3
5	Upper overrun IL3

12.10.1.3. Parameters measured with aggregation of 200 ms

Register	Parameter		Symbol		Unit	3Ph/ 4W	3Ph/ 3W
0050	Voltage RMS	L1	Urms	L1	V	✓	
0052	Current RMS		Irms		A	✓	✓
0054	Primary voltage		Ufund		V	✓	
0056	Active power		P		W	✓	
0058	Reactive power		Q		var	✓	
0060	Apparent power		S		VA	✓	
0062	Power distortion factor		dPF		-	✓	
0064	Active power factor		PF		-	✓	
0066	tgφ factor		tgφ		-	✓	
0068	Reserved						
0070	Angle between the voltage and current	L1	φ	L1	rad	✓	
0072	Angle between the voltage and current		φ			✓	
0074	Voltage RMS	L2	Urms	L2	V	✓	
0076	Current RMS		Irms		A	✓	✓
0078	Primary voltage		Ufund		V	✓	
0080	Active power		P		W	✓	
0082	Reactive power		Q		var	✓	
0084	Apparent power		S		VA	✓	
0086	Power distortion factor		dPF		-	✓	
0088	Active power factor		PF		-	✓	
0090	tgφ factor		tgφ		-	✓	

0092	Reserved						
0094	Angle between the voltage and current	L2	φ	L2	rad	✓	
0096			φ			✓	
0098	Voltage RMS	L3	Urms	L3	V	✓	
0100	Current RMS		Irms		A	✓	✓
0102	Primary voltage		Ufund		V	✓	
0104	Active power		P		W	✓	
0106	Reactive power		Q		var	✓	
0108	Apparent power		S		VA	✓	
0110	Power distortion factor		dPF		-	✓	
0112	Active power factor		PF		-	✓	
0114	tgφ factor		tgφ		-	✓	
0116	Reserved						
0118	Angle between the voltage and current	L3	φ	L3	rad	✓	
0120			φ			✓	
0122	Average voltage	L123	Uavg	L123	V	✓	
0124	Average current		I avg		A	✓	
0126	Average primary voltage		Ufavg		V	✓	
0128	Active power sum		ΣP		W	✓	✓
0130	Sum of reactive power		ΣQ		var	✓	✓
0132	Sum of apparent power		ΣS		VA	✓	✓
0134	Average value of power distortion factor		dPFavg		-	✓	
0136	Average value of active power factor		PFavg		-	✓	✓
0138	Average value of tgφ factor		tgφavg		-	✓	
0140	Phase-to-phase voltage L1-2		Umf L1-2		V	✓	✓
0142	Phase-to-phase voltage L2-3		Umf L2-3		V	✓	✓
0144	Phase-to-phase voltage L3-1		Umf L3-1		V	✓	✓
0146	Average phase-to-phase voltage L1-2	L123	Umf avg	L123	V	✓	✓
0148	Average active power		Pavg		W	✓	
0150	Average reactive power		Qavg		var	✓	
0152	Average apparent power		Savg		VA	✓	
0154	Current in neutral wire		IN		A	✓	
0156	Recalculated current in neutral wire		INC		A	✓	
0158	Average value of angle between voltage and current	L123	φ avg	L123	rad	✓	
0160			φ avg			✓	
0162	Voltage phase-to-phase angle L1-2		∠ U L1-2			✓	✓

0164	Voltage phase-to-phase angle L2-3	$\angle$ U L2-3		✓	✓
0166	Voltage phase-to-phase angle L3-1	$\angle$ U L3-1		✓	✓
0168	Average value of phase-to-phase angle L123	$\angle$ U avg L123		✓	✓
0170	Voltage asymmetry	Vunb	%	✓	✓

12.11.1.4. Parameters measured with aggregation of 1 s

Register	Parameter		Symbol		Unit	3Ph/ 4W	3Ph/ 3W
0200	Voltage RMS	L1	Urms	L1	V	✓	
0202	Current RMS		Irms		A	✓	✓
0204	Primary voltage		Ufund		V	✓	
0206	Active power		P		W	✓	
0208	Reactive power		Q		var	✓	
0210	Apparent power		S		VA	✓	
0212	Power distortion factor		dPF		-	✓	
0214	Active power factor		PF		-	✓	
0216	tgφ factor		tgφ		-	✓	
0218	Reserved						
0220	Angle between the voltage and current	L1	φ	L1	rad	✓	
0222			φ			✓	
0224	Voltage RMS	L2	Urms	L2	V	✓	
0226	Current RMS		Irms		A	✓	✓
0228	Primary voltage		Ufund		V	✓	
0230	Active power		P		W	✓	
0232	Reactive power		Q		var	✓	
0234	Apparent power		S		VA	✓	
0236	Power distortion factor		dPF		-	✓	
0238	Active power factor		PF		-	✓	
0240	tgφ factor		tgφ		-	✓	
0242	Reserved						
0244	Angle between the voltage and current	L2	φ	L2	rad	✓	
0246			φ			✓	
0248	Voltage RMS		Urms		V	✓	
0250	Current RMS		Irms		A	✓	✓
0252	Primary voltage		Ufund		V	✓	
0254	Active power		P		W	✓	

0256	Reactive power	L3	Q	L3	var	✓	
0258	Apparent power		S		VA	✓	
0260	Power distortion factor		dPF		-	✓	
0262	Active power factor		PF		-	✓	
0264	tgφ factor		tgφ		-	✓	
0266	Reserved						
0268	Angle between the voltage and current	L3	φ	L3	rad	✓	
0270			φ			✓	
0272	Average voltage	L123	Uavg	L123	V	✓	
0274	Average current		I avg		A	✓	✓
0276	Average primary voltage		Ufavg		V	✓	
0278	Sum of active power		ΣP		W	✓	
0280	Sum of reactive power		ΣQ		var	✓	
0282	Sum of apparent power		ΣS		VA	✓	
0284	Average value of power distortion factor		dPFavg		-	✓	
0286	Average value of active power factor		PFavg		-	✓	
0288	Average value of tgφ factor		tgφavg		-	✓	
0290	Phase-to-phase voltage L1-2		Umf L1-2		V	✓	✓
0292	Phase-to-phase voltage L2-3		Umf L2-3		V	✓	✓
0294	Phase-to-phase voltage L3-1		Umf L3-1		V	✓	✓
0296	Average phase-to-phase voltage L1-2	L123	Umf avg	L123	V	✓	✓
0298	Average active power		Pavg		W	✓	
0300	Average reactive power		Qavg		var	✓	
0302	Average apparent power		Savg		VA	✓	
0304	Current in neutral wire		IN		A	✓	
0306	Recalculated current in neutral wire		INC		A	✓	
0308	Average value of angle between voltage and current	L123	φ avg	L123	rad	✓	
0310			φ avg			✓	
0312	Voltage phase-to-phase angle L1-2		∠ U L1-2			✓	✓
0314	Voltage phase-to-phase angle L2-3		∠ U L2-3			✓	✓
0316	Voltage phase-to-phase angle L3-1		∠ U L3-1			✓	✓
0318	Average value of phase-to-phase angle L123		∠ U avg L123			✓	✓
0320	Voltage asymmetry		Vunb		%	✓	✓

12.12.1.5. Parameters measured with aggregation of 3 s

0418	Angle between the voltage and current	L3	φ	L3	rad	✓	
0420			φ			✓	
0422	Average voltage	L123	Uavg	L123	V	✓	
0424	Average current		I avg		A	✓	✓
0426	Average primary voltage		Ufavg		V	✓	
0428	Sum of active power		ΣP		W	✓	
0430	Sum of reactive power		ΣQ		var	✓	
0432	Sum of apparent power		ΣS		VA	✓	
0434	Average value of power distortion factor		dPFavg		-	✓	
0436	Average value of active power factor		PFavg		-	✓	
0438	Average value of $\text{tg}\varphi$ factor		$\text{tg}\varphi$ avg		-	✓	
0440	Phase-to-phase voltage L1-2	Umf L1-2			V	✓	✓
0442	Phase-to-phase voltage L2-3	Umf L2-3			V	✓	✓
0444	Phase-to-phase voltage L3-1	Umf L3-1			V	✓	✓
0446	Average phase-to-phase voltage L1-2	L123	Umf avg	L123	V	✓	✓
0448	Average active power		Pavg		W	✓	
0450	Average reactive power		Qavg		var	✓	
0452	Average apparent power		Savg		VA	✓	
0454	Current in neutral wire	IN			A	✓	
0456	Recalculated current in neutral wire	INC			A	✓	
0458	Average value of angle between voltage and current	L123	φ avg	L123	rad	✓	
0460			φ avg			✓	
0462	Voltage phase-to-phase angle L1-2	$\angle U$ L1-2				✓	✓
0464	Voltage phase-to-phase angle L2-3	$\angle U$ L2-3				✓	✓
0466	Voltage phase-to-phase angle L3-1	$\angle U$ L3-1				✓	✓
0468	Average value of phase-to-phase angle L123	$\angle U$ avg L123				✓	✓
0470	Voltage asymmetry	Vunb			%	✓	✓

12.13.1.6. Parameters measured with aggregation of 10 min.

Register	Parameter	Symbol	Unit	3Ph/ 4W	3Ph/ 3W
0500	Voltage RMS	Urms	V	✓	
0502	Current RMS	Irms	A	✓	✓
0504	Primary voltage	Ufund	V	✓	
0506	Active power	P	W	✓	

0508	Reactive power	L1	Q	L1	var	✓	
0510	Apparent power		S		VA	✓	
0512	Power distortion factor		dPF		-	✓	
0514	Active power factor		PF		-	✓	
0516	tgφ factor		tgφ		-	✓	
0518	Reserved						
0520	Angle between the voltage and current		φ		rad	✓	
0522			φ			✓	
0524	Voltage RMS	L2	Urms	L2	V	✓	
0526	Current RMS		Irms		A	✓	✓
0528	Primary voltage		Ufund		V	✓	
0530	Active power		P		W	✓	
0532	Reactive power		Q		var	✓	
0534	Apparent power		S		VA	✓	
0536	Power distortion factor		dPF		-	✓	
0538	Active power factor		PF		-	✓	
0540	tgφ factor		tgφ		-	✓	
0542	Reserved						
0544	Angle between the voltage and current	L2	φ	L2	rad	✓	
0546			φ			✓	
0548	Voltage RMS	L3	Urms	L3	V	✓	
0550	Current RMS		Irms		A	✓	✓
0552	Primary voltage		Ufund		V	✓	
0554	Active power		P		W	✓	
0556	Reactive power		Q		var	✓	
0558	Apparent power		S		VA	✓	
0560	Power distortion factor		dPF		-	✓	
0562	Active power factor		PF		-	✓	
0564	tgφ factor		tgφ		-	✓	
0566	Reserved						
0568	Angle between the voltage and current	L3	φ	L3	rad	✓	
0570			φ			✓	
0572	Average voltage		Uavg		V	✓	
0574	Average current		I avg		A	✓	✓
0576	Average primary voltage		Ufavg		V	✓	
0578	Sum of active power	L123	ΣP	L123	W	✓	

0580	Sum of reactive power		ΣQ		var	✓	
0582	Sum of apparent power		ΣS		VA	✓	
0584	Average value of power distortion factor		dPFavg		-	✓	
0586	Average value of active power factor		PFavg		-	✓	
0588	Average value of tgφ factor		tgφavg		-	✓	
0590	Phase-to-phase voltage L1-2		Umf L1-2		V	✓	✓
0592	Phase-to-phase voltage L2-3		Umf L2-3		V	✓	✓
0594	Phase-to-phase voltage L3-1		Umf L3-1		V	✓	✓
0596	Average phase-to-phase voltage L1-2	L123	Umf avg	L123	V	✓	✓
0598	Average active power		Pavg		W	✓	
0600	Average reactive power		Qavg		var	✓	
0602	Average apparent power		Savg		VA	✓	
0604	Current in neutral wire		IN		A	✓	
0606	Recalculated current in neutral wire		INC		A	✓	
0608	Average value of angle between voltage and current	L123	φ avg	L123	rad	✓	
0610			φ avg			✓	
0612	Voltage phase-to-phase angle L1-2		∠ U L1-2			✓	✓
0614	Voltage phase-to-phase angle L2-3		∠ U L2-3			✓	✓
0616	Voltage phase-to-phase angle L3-1		∠ U L3-1			✓	✓
0618	Average value of phase-to-phase angle L123		∠ U avg L123			✓	✓
0620	Voltage asymmetry		Vunb		%	✓	✓

12.14.1.7. Parameters measured with aggregation of 2 h

Register	Parameter		Symbol		Unit	3Ph/ 4W	3Ph/ 3W
0650	Voltage RMS	L1	Urms	L1	V	✓	
0652	Current RMS		Irms		A	✓	✓
0654	Primary voltage		Ufund		V	✓	
0656	Active power		P		W	✓	
0658	Reactive power		Q		var	✓	
0660	Apparent power		S		VA	✓	
0662	Power distortion factor		dPF		-	✓	
0664	Active power factor		PF		-	✓	
0666	tgφ factor		tgφ		-	✓	
0668	Reserved						
0670	Angle between the voltage and current	L1	φ	L1	rad	✓	

0672			φ			✓	
0674	Voltage RMS	L2	Urms	L2	V	✓	
0676	Current RMS		Irms		A	✓	✓
0678	Primary voltage		Ufund		V	✓	
0680	Active power		P		W	✓	
0682	Reactive power		Q		var	✓	
0684	Apparent power		S		VA	✓	
0686	Power distortion factor		dPF		-	✓	
0688	Active power factor		PF		-	✓	
0690	tgφ factor		tgφ		-	✓	
0692	Reserved						
0694	Angle between the voltage and current	L2	φ	L2	rad	✓	
0696			φ			✓	
0698	Voltage RMS	L3	Urms	L3	V	✓	
0700	Current RMS		Irms		A	✓	
0702	Primary voltage		Ufund		V	✓	
0704	Active power		P		W	✓	
0706	Reactive power		Q		var	✓	
0708	Apparent power		S		VA	✓	
0710	Power distortion factor		dPF		-	✓	
0712	Active power factor		PF		-	✓	
0714	tgφ factor		tgφ		-	✓	
0716	Reserved						
0718	Angle between the voltage and current	L3	φ	L3	rad	✓	
0720			φ			✓	
0722	Average voltage	L123	Uavg	L123	V	✓	
0724	Average current		I avg		A	✓	✓
0726	Average primary voltage		Ufavg		V	✓	
0728	Sum of active power		ΣP		W	✓	
0730	Sum of reactive power		ΣQ		var	✓	
0732	Sum of apparent power		ΣS		VA	✓	
0734	Average value of power distortion factor		dPF		-	✓	
0736	Average value of active power factor		PFavg		-	✓	
0738	Average value of tgφ factor		tgφavg		-	✓	
0740	Phase-to-phase voltage L1-2	Umf L1-2			V	✓	✓
0742	Phase-to-phase voltage L2-3	Umf L2-3			V	✓	✓

0744	Phase-to-phase voltage L3-1		Umf L3-1		V	✓	✓
0746	Average phase-to-phase voltage L1-2	L123	Umf avg	L123	V	✓	✓
0748	Average active power		Pavg		W	✓	
0750	Average reactive power		Qavg		var	✓	
0752	Average apparent power		Savg		VA	✓	
0754	Current in neutral wire		IN		A	✓	
0756	Recalculated current in neutral wire		INC		A	✓	
0758	Average value of angle between voltage and current	L123	φ avg	L123	rad	✓	
0760			φ avg			✓	
0762	Voltage phase-to-phase angle L1-2		$\angle$ U L1-2			✓	✓
0764	Voltage phase-to-phase angle L2-3		$\angle$ U L2-3			✓	✓
0766	Voltage phase-to-phase angle L3-1		$\angle$ U L3-1			✓	✓
0768	Average value of phase-to-phase angle L123		$\angle$ U avg L123			✓	✓
0770	Voltage asymmetry		Vunb		%	✓	✓

12.15.1.8. Parameters averaged in time (Demand)

Register	Parameter	Symbol	Unit	3Ph/ 4W	3Ph/ 3W
0800	Averaged active power (Demand)	P Demand	W	✓	✓
0802	Averaged reactive power (Demand)	Q Demand	var	✓	✓
0804	Averaged apparent power (Demand)	S Demand	VA	✓	✓
0806	Averaged voltage (Demand)	U Demand	V	✓	✓
0808	Averaged current (Demand)	I Demand	A	✓	✓

12.16.1.9. Frequency, temperature/resistance

Register	Parameter	Symbol	Unit	3Ph/ 4W	3Ph/ 3W
0818	Frequency for aggregation of 1 s	f 1s	Hz	✓	✓
0820	Frequency for aggregation of 10 s	f 10s	Hz	✓	✓
0822	Temperature/resistance in first channel	T1	C / Ω	✓	✓
0824	Temperature/resistance in second channel	T2	C / Ω	✓	✓

12.17.1.10. Statuses of binary inputs

Register	Parameter	Symbol	Unit	3Ph/ 4W	3Ph/ 3W
0830	Binary input no. 1	BI 1	-	✓	✓
0832	Binary input no. 2	BI 2	-	✓	✓
0836	Binary input no. 3	BI 3	-	✓	✓
0838	Binary input no. 4	BI 4	-	✓	✓
0840	Binary input no. 5	BI 5	-	✓	✓
0842	Binary input no. 6	BI 6	-	✓	✓

12.18.1.11. Energy meters

Register	Parameter		Symbol	Unit	3Ph/ 4W	3Ph/ 3W
0850	Active imported energy	L1	EnP+	MWh	✓	✓
0852	Active imported energy		EnP+	kWh	✓	✓
0854	Active imported energy	L2	EnP+	MWh	✓	✓
0856	Active imported energy		EnP+	kWh	✓	✓
0858	Active imported energy	L3	EnP+	MWh	✓	✓
0860	Active imported energy		EnP+	kWh	✓	✓
0862	Sum of active imported energy	L123	ΣEnP+	MWh	✓	✓
0864	Sum of active imported energy		ΣEnP+	kWh	✓	✓
0866	Active exported energy	L1	EnP-	MWh	✓	✓
0868	Active exported energy		EnP-	kWh	✓	✓
0870	Active exported energy	L2	EnP-	MWh	✓	✓
0872	Active exported energy		EnP-	kWh	✓	✓
0874	Active exported energy	L3	EnP-	MWh	✓	✓
0876	Active exported energy		EnP-	kWh	✓	✓
0878	Sum of active exported energy	L123	ΣEnP-	MWh	✓	✓
0880	Sum of active exported energy		ΣEnP-	kWh	✓	✓
0882	Reactive inductive energy	L1	EnQ ⚡	Mvarh	✓	✓
0884	Reactive inductive energy		EnQ ⚡	kvarh	✓	✓
0886	Reactive inductive energy	L2	EnQ ⚡	Mvarh	✓	✓
0888	Reactive inductive energy		EnQ ⚡	kvarh	✓	✓

0890	Reactive inductive energy	L3	EnQ Σ	Mvarh	✓	✓
0892	Reactive inductive energy		EnQ Σ	kvarh	✓	✓
0894	Sum of reactive inductive energy	L123	Σ EnQ Σ	Mvarh	✓	✓
0896	Sum of reactive inductive energy		Σ EnQ Σ	kvarh	✓	✓
0898	Reactive capacity energy	L1	EnQ $\rightarrow$	Mkvarh	✓	✓
0900	Reactive capacity energy		EnQ $\rightarrow$	kvarh	✓	✓
0902	Reactive capacity energy	L2	EnQ $\rightarrow$	Mvarh	✓	✓
0904	Reactive capacity energy		EnQ $\rightarrow$	kvarh	✓	✓
0906	Reactive capacity energy	L3	EnQ $\rightarrow$	Mvarh	✓	✓
0908	Reactive capacity energy		EnQ $\rightarrow$	kvarh	✓	✓
0910	Sum of reactive capacity energy	L123	Σ EnQ $\rightarrow$	Mvarh	✓	✓
0912	Sum of reactive capacity energy		Σ EnQ $\rightarrow$	kvarh	✓	✓
0914	Apparent energy	L1	EnS	MVAh	✓	✓
0916	Apparent energy		EnS	kVAh	✓	✓
0918	Apparent energy	L2	EnS	MVAh	✓	✓
0920	Apparent energy		EnS	kVAh	✓	✓
0922	Apparent energy	L3	EnS	MVAh	✓	✓
0922	Apparent energy		EnS	kVAh	✓	✓
0926	Sum of apparent energy	L123	Σ EnS	MVAh	✓	✓
0928	Sum of apparent energy		Σ EnS	kVAh	✓	✓

Recalculation of energy meters available in the registers, for example EnP + L1:

EnP + L1 = ((Register value 0850 x 1000) + register value 0852) [kWh]

other energy values are similarly recalculated.

12.19.1.12. THD, THDS, THDG and PWHG registers

Register	Parameter	Symbol	Unit	3Ph/4W	3Ph/3W
0950	THD factor of L1 voltage	THD U L1	%	✓	
0952	THD factor of L2 voltage	THD U L2	%	✓	
0954	THD factor of L3 voltage	THD U L3	%	✓	
0956	Average THD value of L123 voltage	THD U _{avg} L123	%	✓	
0958	THD factor of L1 current	THD I L1	%	✓	✓
0960	THD factor of L2 current	THD I L2	%	✓	✓
0962	THD factor of L3 current	THD I L3	%	✓	✓
0964	Average THD value of L123 current	THD I _{avg} L123	%	✓	✓

0966	THDS factor of L1 voltage	THDS U L1	%	✓	
0968	THDS factor of L2 voltage	THDS U L2	%	✓	
0970	THDS factor of L3 voltage	THDS U L3	%	✓	
0972	Average THDS value of L123 voltage	THDS Uavg L123	%	✓	
0974	THDS factor of L1 current	THDS I L1	%	✓	✓
0976	THDS factor of L2 current	THDS I L2	%	✓	✓
0978	THDS factor of L3 current	THDS I L3	%	✓	✓
0980	Average THDS value of L123 current	THDS Iavg L123	%	✓	✓
0982	THDG factor of L1 voltage	THDG U L1	%	✓	
0984	THDG factor of L2 voltage	THDG U L2	%	✓	
0986	THDG factor of L3 voltage	THDG U L3	%	✓	
0988	Average THDG value of L123 voltage	THDG Uavg L123	%	✓	
0990	THDG factor of L1 current	THDG I L1	%	✓	✓
0992	THDG factor of L2 current	THDG I L2	%	✓	✓
0994	THDG factor of L3 current	THDG I L3	%	✓	✓
0996	Average THDG value of L123 current	THDG Iavg L123	%	✓	✓
0998	PWHD factor of L1 voltage	PWHD U L1	%	✓	
1000	PWHD factor of L2 voltage	PWHD U L2	%	✓	
1002	PWHD factor of L3 voltage	PWHD U L3	%	✓	
1004	Average PWHD value of L123 voltage	PWHD Uavg L123	%	✓	
1006	PWHD factor of L1 current	PWHD I L1	%	✓	✓
1008	PWHD factor of L2 current	PWHD I L2	%	✓	✓
1010	PWHD factor of L3 current	PWHD I L3	%	✓	✓
1012	Average PWHD value of L123 current	PWHD Iavg L123	%	✓	✓

12.20.1.13. Harmonics registers

Register	Parameter		Symbol		Unit	3Ph/ 4W	3Ph/ 3W
1150	Harmonic no. 1	U L1	Har1	U L1	%	✓	
1152	Harmonic no. 2		Har2		%	✓	
1154	Harmonic no. 3		Har3		%	✓	
...	...						
1246	Harmonic no. 49	U L1	Har49	U L1	%	✓	
1248	Harmonic no. 50		Har50		%	✓	

1250	Harmonic no. 51		Har51		%	✓	
1252	Harmonic no. 1	U L2	Hr1	U L2	%	✓	
1254	Harmonic no. 2		Hr2		%	✓	
1256	Harmonic no. 3		Hr3		%	✓	
..	...						
1348	Harmonic no. 49	U L2	Hr49	U L2	%	✓	
1350	Harmonic no. 50		Hr50		%	✓	
1352	Harmonic no. 51		Hr51		%	✓	
1354	Harmonic no. 1	U L3	Hr1	U L3	%	✓	
1356	Harmonic no. 2		Hr2		%	✓	
1358	Harmonic no. 3		Hr3		%	✓	
..	...						
1450	Harmonic no. 49	U L3	Hr49	U L3	%	✓	
1452	Harmonic no. 50		Hr50		%	✓	
1454	Harmonic no. 51		Hr51		%	✓	
1456	Harmonic no. 1	I L1	Har1	I L1	%	✓	
1458	Harmonic no. 2		Har2		%	✓	
1460	Harmonic no. 3		Har3		%	✓	
..	...						
1552	Harmonic no. 49	I L1	Har49	I L1	%	✓	
1554	Harmonic no. 50		Har50		%	✓	
1556	Harmonic no. 51		Har51		%	✓	
1558	Harmonic no. 1	I L2	Har1	I L2	%	✓	
1560	Harmonic no. 2		Har2		%	✓	
1562	Harmonic no. 3		Har3		%	✓	
..	...						
1654	Harmonic no. 49	I L2	Har49	I L2	%	✓	
1656	Harmonic no. 50		Har50		%	✓	
1658	Harmonic no. 51		Har51		%	✓	
1660	Harmonic no. 1	I L3	Har1	I L3	%	✓	
1662	Harmonic no. 2		Har2		%	✓	
1664	Harmonic no. 3		Har3		%	✓	
..	...						
1756	Harmonic no. 49	I L3	Har49	I L3	%	✓	
1758	Harmonic no. 50		Har50		%	✓	

1760	Harmonic no. 51		Har51		%	✓	
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12.21.1.14. Voltage half-waves registers

Register	Parameter		50 Hz	60 Hz	Symbol		Unit	3Ph/4W	3Ph/3W
1800	Half-wave value no. 1	U L1	✓	✓	Uhalf1	U L1	V	✓	
1802	Half-wave value no. 2		✓	✓	Uhalf2		V	✓	
1454	Half-wave value no. 3		✓	✓	Uhalf3		V	✓	
...	...								
1840	Half-wave value no. 21	U L1	✗	✓	Uhalf21	U L1	V	✓	
1842	Half-wave value no. 22		✗	✓	Uhalf22		V	✓	
1844	Half-wave value no. 23		✗	✓	Uhalf23		V	✓	
1846	Half-wave value no. 24		✗	✓	Uhalf24		V	✓	
1848	Half-wave value no. 1	U L2	✓	✓	Uhalf1	U L2	V	✓	
1850	Half-wave value no. 2		✓	✓	Uhalf2		V	✓	
1852	Half-wave value no. 3		✓	✓	Uhalf3		V	✓	
..	...								
1888	Half-wave value no. 21	U L2	✗	✓	Uhalf21	U L2	V	✓	
1890	Half-wave value no. 22		✗	✓	Uhalf22		V	✓	
1892	Half-wave value no. 23		✗	✓	Uhalf23		V	✓	
1894	Half-wave value no. 24		✗	✓	Uhalf24		V	✓	
1896	Half-wave value no. 1	U L3	✓	✓	Uhalf1	U L3	V	✓	
1898	Half-wave value no. 2		✓	✓	Uhalf2		V	✓	
1900	Half-wave value no. 3		✓	✓	Uhalf3		V	✓	
..	...								
1936	Half-wave value no. 21	U L3	✗	✓	Uhalf21	U L3	V	✓	
1938	Half-wave value no. 22		✗	✓	Uhalf22		V	✓	
1940	Half-wave value no. 23		✗	✓	Uhalf23		V	✓	
1942	Half-wave value no. 24		✗	✓	Uhalf24		V	✓	

13. Ordering codes

Analyzer/Recorder of Network Parameters ND40)	X	X	XX	X	X
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Measurement class				
Class S	0			
Class A/S	1			
Additional inputs/outputs				
none	0			
8 relay outputs	1			
6 binary inputs, 4 relay outputs	2			
6 binary inputs, 3 analog outputs	3			
Versions:				
standard		00		
special*		XX		
Language				
English			U	
German			D	
Russian			R	
Other			X	
Acceptance tests:				
without extra requirements				0
with quality inspection certificate				1
acc. to customer's requirements*				X

*after agreement with the manufacturer

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